

Date: August 30, 2024

To, BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400 001

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Submission of Annual Report 2022-23 and Notice convening the 38th Annual General Meeting

This is to inform you that the 38th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of the Company will be held on Saturday, September 21, 2024 at 12.30 p.m. thorugh physical at "FUSION RESTRO" C-28, Pankaj Singhvi Marg, Main Vidhan Sabha Road, Lalkothi, Jaipur-302005 in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per the applicable regulation the Securities and Exchange Board of India Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), to transact the businesses as listed in the Notice of the AGM.

Pursuant to Regulations 34 of the Listing Regulations, we are submitting herewith the Annual Report of the Company and the Notice of the AGM for the financial year 2023-24 which is being sent only through electronic mode to all those Members of the Company whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent/Depository Participants.

The 38th Annual Report for the financial year 2022-23 is also available on the Company's website at www.mayurgroups.com.

We hope you will find the above in order.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, For Mayur Leather Products Limited

AMITA PODDAR DIRECTOR DIN: 00143486







ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23 MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS SAFETY A PROPERTY.

ISO 9001: 2015 Certified



38TH ANNUAL REPORT 2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MR. RAJENDRA KUMAR PODDAR

DIN: 00143571

Chief Executive Officer & Director

MRS. AMITA PODDAR

DIN: 00143486

Chairperson & Non-Executive Director

MR. SHARAD VYAS

DIN: 09088517

Additional Director (Non-Executive, Independent)(Appointed w.e.f 20.07.2024)

MS. JYOTI SONI

DIN: 10710046

Additional Director (Non-Executive,

Independent)(Appointed w.e.f 01.08.2024)

MR. MADHUSUDAN PRASAD KEJRIWAL

DIN: 06547411

Non-Executive & Independent Director

(Resigned w.e.f 16.08.2024)

BOARD COMMITTEES

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. Jyoti Soni- Chairman Mr. Sharad Vyas- Member Mr. Amita Poddar- Member

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Jyoti Soni- Chairman Mr. Sharad Vyas- Member Mrs. Amita Poddar - Member

STAKEHOLDER'S RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Ms. Jyoti Soni- Chairman Mr. Sharad Vyas- Member Mrs. Amita Poddar - Member

PRINCIPAL BANKERS





CORPORATE ADVISOR

M/s Deepak Arora & Associates,

Company Secretaries, Jaipur

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Akhilesh Poddar

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Madhukar Garg & Co.,

Chartered Accountants, Jaipur

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms..Vaishali Goyal (w.e.f 20.07.2024) ISO 9001: 2015 Certified Star Export House

INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/s Varma Prashant & Associates

Chartered Accountants, C-225, Gyan Marg, Tilak Nagar, Jaipur-302004

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

ATCS & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries, 23 KA 4, Jyoti Nagar, Near Vidhan Sabha, Jaipur-302005

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT

M/S LINK INTIME INDIA PVT. LTD.

Noble Heights, 1st Floor, NH-2 C-1 Block LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New

Delhi - 110058

Ph: 91-11-4141 0592/93/94 Fax: 91-11- 4141 0591

E-mail: delhi@linkintime.co.in

REGISTERED OFFICE ADDRESS

50 Ka 1Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, Jaipur, Jaipur, Rajasthan, India, 302005 E-Mail:daamayurleather@gmail.com

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Thirty Eighth (38th) Annual Report** on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements (Standalone & Consolidated) of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Company's financial performance for the year ended March 31, 2023 is summarized below:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars		Standalone (F.Y)		Consolidated (F.Y)	
		Current year	Previous Year	Current year	Previous Year
Total Income		674.52	969.47	684.38	973.94
Total	Expense	912.25	1,066.04	919.69	981.51
Profit/los	Profit/loss before Tax		-67.30	-349.32	37.35
Less: Tax Expense	Current tax	-	-	-	1.26
	Deferred tax	-	-	-0.07	-0.14
	Short/(excess) provision reversal	-	-	-0.39	-0.44
	Earlier Year Tax	-	-	-	-
	MAT Credit	-	-	-	1.73
Profit/loss for the year		-298.22	-67.30	-348.86	34.94

OPERATIONS AND STATE OF AFFAIRS

Standalone

At Standalone level, the total income decreased to INR 674.52 Lakh as against INR 969.47 Lakh in the previous year. The Net Loss before Tax amounted to INR 298.22 Lakh as against INR 67.30 Lakh in the previous year. The Net Loss after tax amounted to INR 298.22 Lakh against INR 67.30 Lakh reported in the previous year.

Consolidated

At Standalone level, the total income decreased to INR 684.38 Lakh as against INR 973.94 Lakh in the previous year. The Net Loss before Tax amounted to INR 349.32 Lakh as against profit of INR 37.35 Lakh in the previous year. The Net Loss after tax amounted to INR 348.86 Lakh against profit of INR 34.94 Lakh reported in the previous year.

MATERIAL CHANGES & COMMITMENTS

The financial position of the company deteriorated significantly following the COVID-19 pandemic. Despite ongoing efforts to stabilize operations, the company was unable to achieve profitability. To sustain its business activities, the company secured various credit facilities from financial institutions, including long-term and short-term working capital loans, business loans, and car loans. Unfortunately, the pandemic's adverse impact compromised the company's financial discipline, leading to defaults on debt repayments. Additionally, the company failed to meet its secretarial and BSE compliance obligations, further exacerbating its financial difficulties. As a result of these compounded challenges, the company ceased operations in February 2023.

Considering the position of the company, The Board of directors of the company in their board meeting has decided to initiate the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process. Further, The Board of Directors sought and received shareholders' approval to initiate the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) under Section 10 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), 2016 at the 37th Annual General Meeting held on February 22, 2023.

Subsequently, Canara Bank declared the company's account as a Non-Performing Asset (NPA) on February 28, 2023, and issued a notice under Section 13(2) of the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (SARFAESI) Act, 2002, on March 1, 2023. This was followed by a possession notice under Section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act on October 30, 2023, January 12, 2024 and May 24, 2024. Following the possession notice all the three properties of the company were auctioned November 22, 2023, February 22, 2024 and June 28, 2024 respectively.

Further, on June 12, 2023 The Bombay Stock Exchange had also suspended the trading of securities of the company due to non- Compliance with the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) 2018. Further, on March 18, 2024, the Company has also received a show-cause notice from Bombay Stock Exchange in the matter of compulsory delisting of the Securities of the Company since the trading was suspended for more than 6 months.

In terms of Regulation 22(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (hereinafter referred to as "Delisting Regulations"), the Exchange further issued a Public Notice in financial express, Business Standard and Navshakti dated May 04, 2024, intimating the proposed delisting of the equity shares of the Company on the Exchange.

The Exchange then provide the Company an opportunity of personal hearing before the delisting committee of the exchange in its meeting held on June 24, 2024.

The Company respectfully requests the Delisting Committee to consider revoking the suspension of trading of its securities on the BSE after completing the revocation process and to refrain from delisting the company based solely on past non-compliances. The Company is prepared to rectify all non-compliance issues and complete pending compliances. The Company remains steadfast in its commitment to overcoming past challenges, revitalizing operations, and ensuring strict adherence to all regulatory frameworks.

Recognizing the need for a structured approach to recovery, the Board engaged with various strategic planners to formulate a comprehensive revival strategy. This plan aims to withdraw the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) application and focus on reviving the company. The strategy includes measures to repay all outstanding debts to creditors.

Additionally, the company intends to bring its operations and financial reporting into full compliance with the requirements of the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and the Companies Act. The proposed actions are designed to be implemented retrospectively, ensuring that all past discrepancies are resolved and the company can resume its business activities with a stable financial foundation.

NATURE OF BUSINESS

As required to be reported pursuant to Section 134(3) (q) of the Act read with Rule 8(5)(ii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, there is no change in the nature of business carried on by the Company during the financial year 2022-23 and the Company continues to carry on its existing business.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Consolidated Financial Statements form part of this Annual Report. The Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

In accordance with Section 136 of the Act, the audited financial statements, including the CFS and related information of the Company and the financial statements of the subsidiary Company is available on our website i.e. www.mayurgroup.com. Any Member desirous of making inspection or obtaining copies of the said financial statements may write to the Company Secretary at daamayurleather@gmail.com.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserve for the year ended March 31, 2023.

DIVIDEND

The purpose of the Dividend Distribution Policy is to ensure the right balance between the quantum of Dividend paid and amount of profits retained in the business for various purposes. Your Company has a Dividend Distribution Policy that balances the dual objectives of rewarding shareholders through dividends, while also ensuring availability of sufficient funds for growth of the Company.

Due to the financial losses sustained by the Company during the financial year ending March 31, 2023, the Board of Directors has decided not to declare any dividends for this period.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Current Capital Structure of the Company is given below:

Authorized Capital:

There was no change in the Authorized Capital of the Company during the financial year. The Authorized Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2023 stood at Rs. 5,80,00,000/-(Rupees Five Crore Eighty Lakh only) consisting of 58,00,000 Equity shares of the face value of Rs. 10/- each.

Issued, Subscribed & Paid-up Capital:

There was no change in the issued, subscribed and paid-up Capital of the Company during the year under review.

The issued, capital of the company as on March 31, 2023 stood at Rs. 5,31,35,000/- (Rupees Five Crore Thirty One Lakh Thirty Five Thousand only) consisting of 53,13,500 Equity Shares of the face value of Rs. 10/- each.

The subscribed and paid-up Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2023 stood at Rs. 4,83,48,000/- (Rupees Four Crore Eighty Three Lakh Forty Eight Thousand only) consisting of 48,34,800 Equity Shares of the face value of Rs. 10/- each.

<u>UNPAID & UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND AND INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)</u>

In compliance with Sections 124 and 125 of the Act read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, any money transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of a Company in pursuance of these sections, which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer shall be transferred by the Company along with interest accrued, if any, thereon to the Fund established under sub-section (1) of section 125 of the Act i.e. Investor Education and Protection Fund.

During the year under review, the Company was required to credit Rs. 75,048/- for unpaid or unclaimed dividend amounting of the year 2015-16 (Interim Dividend) and Rs. 55,761/- for unpaid or unclaimed dividend amounting of the year 2015-16 (Final Dividend) to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Government of India, Which was not transferred by the company in the IEPF account.

Further, according to the IEPF Rules, the shares on which dividend has not been claimed by the shareholders for seven (7) consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. Members may note that the dividend and shares transferred to the IEPF can be claimed back by the concerned shareholders from the IEPF Authority after complying with the procedure prescribed under the Rules. Information on the procedure to be followed for claiming the dividend/shares is available on the website of the Company at www.mayurgroups.com.

DEPOSITS AND DISCLOSURE IN REFERENCE OF SUB RULE 1 CLAUSE (C) SUB CLAUSE (VIII) OF RULE 2 OF COMPANIES (ACCEPTANCE OF DEPOSITS) RULES 2014

During the financial year 2022-23, The Company has taken some unsecured loan from the relative of the director.

The details of monies accepted are as under:

Name	Designation	Amount (in crore)
Suresh Kumar Poddar	Director's Brother	1.15
TOTA	1.15	

PARTICULARS OF LOANS/ADVANCES, GUARANTEES, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES

During the year, the Company did not provide any loans or advances, make investments, or issue any guarantees or securities as required under the Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

INFORMATION ABOUT HOLDING / SUBSIDIARIES / JOINTLY CONTROLLED OPERATIONS / ASSOCIATE COMPANY

As on March 31, 2023, the Company has only one subsidiary i.e. Mayur Global Private Limited. The Company does not have any joint venture or associate Company during the year under review.

The Company does not have any holding company as on March 31, 2023.

The statement containing salient features of the financial statements and highlights of the performance of its Subsidiary Company and their contribution to the overall performance of the Company during the period, is annexed as Annexure-I in form AOC-1 and forms part of this Report. The Annual Report of your Company, containing inter alia the audited standalone and consolidated financial statements, has been placed on the website of the Company at www.mayurleather.com. Further, the audited financial statements together with related information of the subsidiary Company have also been placed on the website of the Company at www.mayurgroups.com.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE BOARD, ITS COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, committees of the Board and individual directors. The performance evaluation of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of criteria such as the board composition and structure, effectiveness of board

processes, information and functioning, etc. The performance of the committees of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from the committee members on the basis of criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, etc.

The Board of Directors and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee evaluated the performance of individual directors on the basis of criteria such as the contribution of the individual director to the board and committee meetings like preparedness on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings, etc. The above criteria were broadly based on the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India on January 5, 2017.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, the Board as a whole and Chairperson of the Company was evaluated, taking into account the views of CEO & director and non-executive directors. The quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board which is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties, were also evaluated in the said meeting.

Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the Board members, excluding the independent director who was being evaluated.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

During the financial year 2022-23, the Board of Directors of the Company was not duly constituted the optimum balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, and Independent Directors was not maintained due to the vacancy in the position of one Independent Director. All the Directors show active participation at the board and committee meetings, which enhances the transparency and adds value to their decision making. The Board of the Company is headed by an Non-Executive Chairperson. Chairperson takes the strategic decisions, frames the policy guidelines and extends wholehearted support to Executive Directors, business heads and associates.

The Composition of board of the company as on March 31, 2023 was as follows:-

Name	Designation	DIN/PAN
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	Chief Executive Officer (CEO) & Non Executive Non Independent Director	00143571
Ashwarya Poddar	Non-Executive Non Independent Director	08683052
Amita Poddar	Non-Executive Non Independent Director & Chairperson	00143486
Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal	Non - Executive Independent Director	06547411
Akhilesh Poddar	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	ANTPP3340A

• RETIREMENT BY ROTATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 152(6) of the Act read with the rules made thereunder and as per the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Amita Poddar (DIN: 00143486), Non Executive Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment. The Board has recommended her re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

A brief resume of the director being appointed/ re-appointed, the nature of expertise in specific functional areas, names of companies in which they hold directorships, committee memberships/ chairmanships, their shareholding in the Company, etc., have been furnished in the explanatory statement to the notice of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Ms. Ashwarya Poddar was liable to retire by rotation in previous Annual General Meeting held on February 22, 2023. Subsequently, the members of the Company approved the reappointment of Ms. Ashwarya Poddar.

• APPOINTMENTS, RE-APPOINTMENTS AND RESIGNATIONS:

During the year under review, Following changes took place in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:-

- ♣ Mr. Manoj Sharma (DIN: 00541803) has ceased from the post of Directorship as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 29th April, 2022;
- ♣ Appointment of Ms. Anisha Jain (PAN: AVUPJ7834J) as the Whole- time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from 05th May, 2022;
- ♣ Ms. Anisha Jain (PAN:- AVUPJ7834J) has ceased from the post of the Whole-time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from 10th November, 2022;

Further, After the closure of financial year till the date of this report, As part of the action plan devised to revive the company and rectify past discrepancies, the Company has made the following changes in the composition of the Board and Key Managerial Personnel based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC):-

- ♣ Ms. Ashwarya Poddar has ceased from the post of Directorship as a Non-Executive Non Independent of the Company with effect from 19th July, 2023;
- ♣ Appointment of Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN: 09088517), as an additional independent director of the company with effect from July 20, 2024, subject to the approval of the members of the Company in the 38th Annual General Meeting;
- ♣ Appointment of Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046), as an additional independent director of the company with effect from August 01, 2024, subject to the approval of the members of the Company in the 38th Annual General Meeting;
- ♣ Appointment of Ms. Vaishali Goyal (M. No. 65842), as the Whole-time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from July 20, 2024;

- ♣ Mr. Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal (DIN: 06547411) has ceased from the post of Non-Executive Independent Director of the company due to completion of two consecutive terms of 5 years from with effect from 31st March, 2024 and was later redesignated as the Non-executive director of the company with effect from April 1, 2024;
- Mr. Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal (DIN: 06547411) has ceased from the post of Directorship as Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from August 16, 2024;

The constitution of the Board of Directors of the Company is in accordance with Section 149 of the Act and Regulation 17 the Listing Regulations. Our Board is a balanced Board, comprising of optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors with at least 1 (One) Woman Independent Director and not less than 50% of the Board of Directors comprise of Independent Directors.

The appointment of new Directors is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") on the basis of requisite skills, proficiency, experience and competencies as identified and finalized by the Board considering the industry and sector in which the Company operates. The Board, on the recommendation of the NRC, independently evaluates and if found suitable, confirms an appointment to the Board. The appointments are based on the merits of the candidate and due regard is given to diversity including factors like gender, age, cultural, educational & geographical background, ethnicity, etc. At Present, Mayur's Board consists of 4 (Four) Directors including 1(One) Executive Directors, and 2 (two) Women Director, 3 (Three) Non-Executive Director out of which 2 (Two) Independent Directors (including one Independent Woman Director).

The present Composition of the board and KMPs is as follows:-

Name	Designation	DIN/PAN
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	Chief Executive Officer (CEO) &	00143571
	Non Executive Non Independent	
	Director	
Amita Poddar	Non Executive Non Independent	00143486
	Director & Chairperson	
Sharad Vyas	Additional Director (Non-	09088517
	Executive, Independent)	
Jyoti Soni	Additional Director (Non-	10710046
	Executive, Independent)	
Vaishali Goyal	Company Secretary Cum	BHLPG9005Q
	Compliance Officer	
Akhilesh Poddar	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	ANTPP3340A

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors appointed are persons of high repute, integrity and possesses the relevant expertise and experience in the respective fields. None of the Directors on the Board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as director of the Company by the SEBI, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other statutory authority.

The profile of Directors is available on the website of the Company at www.mayurgroups.com.

DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(d) of the Act, the Company has received individual declarations from every Independent Director under Section 149(6) of the Act and regulation 16(1)(b) the Listing Regulations confirming that that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Act and the Listing Regulations and are not disqualified from continuing as Independent Directors and that they have registered themselves as an Independent Director in the data bank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

The Independent Directors of the Company have complied with the Code for Independent Directors as prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act. Based on the declarations received from the Independent Directors, the Board of Directors recorded its opinion that all the Independent Directors are independent of the management and have fulfilled the conditions as specified under the governing provisions of the Act read with the rules made thereunder and the Listing Regulations.

BOARD MEETINGS

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Company held Ten (10) Board meetings of the Board of Directors as per Section 173 of Companies Act, 2013 which is summarized below.

Frequency and quorum at these meeting and the intervening gap between any two meetings were in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act and Secretarial Standard-1 issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

S.N.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	04.05.2022	4	4
2.	17.05.2022	4	4
3.	30.05.2022	4	4
4.	27.06.2022	4	4
5.	13.08.2022	4	4
6.	06.09.2022	4	4
7.	10.11.2022	4	4
8.	31.01.2023	4	4
9.	06.01.2023	4	4
10.	19.03.2023	4	4

RESOLUTION BY CIRCULATION

During the year Company has passed two resolutions by circulation on September 09, 2022, November 10, 2022.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board Committees play a crucial role in the governance structure of the Company and have been constituted to deal with specific areas or activities as mandated by applicable regulations which need a closer review. The Board Committees are set up under the formal approval of the Board to carry out clearly defined roles which are considered to be performed by Members of the Board, as part of good governance practices.

The Chairperson of the respective Committee informs the Board about the summary of the discussions held in the Committee Meetings. The minutes of the meeting of all Committees are placed before the Board for review and noting. The Board Committees can request special invitees to join the meeting, as appropriate.

The company's committees have not been in compliance with SEBI regulations and Companies Act, 2013 due to changes in the board's composition. Since 2022, the company has been non-operational and entered the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP). Consequently, no reconstitution of committees was carried out during this period.

However, as part of the revival action plan, and after establishing a properly constituted board of directors, the board has now reconstituted all committees in accordance with SEBI regulations and Companies Act, 2013.

The Board has constituted the following Committees: -

- 1. Audit Committee
- 2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Committee is governed by the regulatory requirements mandated by the section 177 of the Act.

During the financial year, Mr. Manoj Sharma, Non-Executive Independent director of the company has vacated his post with effect from April 29, 2022.

Following the resignation of Mr. Manoj Sharma, the Company had only one Independent Director on its Board during the financial year 2022-23. The decision not to appoint a new Independent Director was due to the Company's non-operational status.

As of March 31, 2023, the Audit Committee consisted of two members: Mr. Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal, Non-Executive Independent Director (Chairman of the Committee), and Mrs. Amita Poddar, Non-Executive Director. All members of the Committee, including the Chairperson, are financially literate and possess accounting and financial management expertise.

The meetings of Audit Committee are also attended by the Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), Statutory Auditors, Secretarial Auditor and Internal Auditor as Invitees.

During the year under review Two (2) meetings of Audit Committee were held. The gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The composition of the Audit Committee and the attendance of members at the meetings of the Audit Committee held during the financial year 2022-23 are as follows:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director
Amita Poddar	Member	Non- Executive Director

S.N.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	30.05.2022	2	2
2.	13.08.2022	2	2

During the year under review, the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

Further, the Audit Committee was re-constituted on 02.08.2024, Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046) and Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN: 09088517), non-executive Independent Director of the company was elected as the member of the Audit Committee with effect from 02.08.2024 and Mr. Madhusudan Kejariwal (DIN: 06547411) resigned from the post of Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 16.08.2024.

This reconstitution was undertaken to ensure that the Committee to function effectively and in compliance with all relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Following this reconstitution, the composition of the Audit Committee is now fully aligned with the requirements of Section 177 of the Act, which mandates a balanced and proficient team to oversee the company's financial reporting processes, audit functions, and internal controls.

Presently, The Composition of the Audit Committee of the company is as follows:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Jyoti Soni	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director
Amita Poddar	Member	Non- Executive Non Independent Director
Sharad Vyas	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Committee is governed by the regulatory requirements mandated by the section 178 of the Act.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC" or "the Committee") is responsible for evaluating the balance of skills, experience, independence, diversity and knowledge on the Board and for drawing up selection criteria, ongoing succession planning, appointment, remuneration for both internal and external appointments.

Following the resignation of Mr. Manoj Sharma, the Company had only one Independent Director on its Board during the financial year 2022-23. The decision not to appoint a new Independent Director was due to the Company's non-operational status.

As of March 31, 2023, the NRC consisted of two members: Mr. Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal, Non-Executive Independent Director (Chairman of the Committee), and Mrs. Amita Poddar, Non-Executive Director.

During the year under review Four (4) meetings of NRC Committee were held. The gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The composition of the Committee and the attendance of members at the meetings of the Committee held during the financial year 2022-23 are as follows:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director
Amita Poddar	Member	Non- Executive Director

S.N.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	05.05.2022	2	2
2.	13.08.2022	2	2
3.	12.11.2022	2	2
4.	31.01.2023	2	2

During the year under review, the recommendations made by the Committee were accepted by the Board.

Further, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was re-constituted on 02.08.2024, Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046) and Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN: 09088517), non- executive Independent Director of the company was elected as the member of the Audit Committee with effect from 02.08.2024 and Mr. Madhusudan Kejariwal (DIN: 06547411) resigned from the post of Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 16.08.2024.

This reconstitution is a critical step in our ongoing efforts towards the revival of the company. This reconstitution was undertaken to ensure that the Committee to function effectively and in compliance with all relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Following this reconstitution, the composition of the Committee is now fully aligned with the requirements of Section 178 of the Act, This alignment ensures that the Committee is well-equipped to address key issues related to board appointments and executive compensation, thereby supporting the company's objectives and fostering a culture of accountability and transparency.

Presently, The Composition of the Nomination And Remuneration Committee of the company is as follows:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Jyoti Soni	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director
Amita Poddar	Member	Non- Executive Non Independent Director
Sharad Vyas	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director

<u>Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors:</u>

As per the provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has laid down the evaluation criteria for performance evaluation of the Independent Directors. Performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the Board and NRC, except the Director being evaluated, as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

The NRC has devised a criteria for performance evaluation of the Independent Directors. The said criteria provide certain parameters like attendance, acquaintance with business, communication inter-se between Board members, effective participation, domain knowledge, compliance with code of conduct, vision and strategy, benchmarks established by global peers, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality, implementing best corporate governance practice etc., exercising independent judgment during board deliberations on strategy, performance, risk management, reporting on Frauds, compliance with the policies of the company etc., which is in compliance with guidance note issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and Institute of Company Secretaries of India and other applicable laws, regulations and guidelines.

Criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director

In terms of the provisions of Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors. The key features of which are as follows:

- Qualifications The Board nomination process encourages diversity of experience, thought, knowledge, age and gender. It also ensures that the Board has an appropriate blend of functional and industry expertise.
- **Positive Attributes** Apart from the duties of Directors as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors are expected to demonstrate high standards of ethical behavior, communication skills, and independent judgment. The Directors are also expected to abide by the respective Code of Conduct as applicable to them.
- Independence A Director will be considered independent if he/she meets the criteria laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Rules framed there under and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Committee is governed by the regulatory requirements mandated by the section 178 of the Act.

The role of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee ("SRC" or "the Committee") primarily includes overseeing redressal of shareholder and investor grievances, ensuring expeditious share transfer process and evaluating performance and service standards of the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company.

Following the resignation of Mr. Manoj Sharma, the Company had only one Independent Director on its Board during the financial year 2022-23. The decision not to appoint a new Independent Director was due to the Company's non-operational status.

As of March 31, 2023, the SRC consisted of two members: Mr. Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal, Non-Executive Independent Director (Chairman of the Committee), and Mrs. Amita Poddar, Non-Executive Director.

During the year under review one (1) meetings of the Committee was held. The gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The composition of the Committee and the attendance of members at the meetings of the SRC Committee held during the financial year 2022-23 are as follows:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director
Amita Poddar	Member	Non- Executive Non Independent Director

S.N.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	04.05.2022	2	2

Further, the Stakeholder Relationship Committee was re-constituted on 02.08.2024, Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046) and Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN: 09088517), non- executive Independent Director of the company was elected as the member of the Audit Committee with effect from 02.08.2024 and Mr. Madhusudan Kejariwal (DIN: 06547411) resigned from the post of Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 16.08.2024.

This reconstitution is a critical step in our ongoing efforts towards the revival of the company. This reconstitution was undertaken to ensure that the Committee to function effectively and in compliance with all relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Following this reconstitution, the composition of the Committee is now fully aligned with the requirements of Section 178 of the Act, This compliance ensures that the Committee is well-positioned to address key issues related to stakeholder relations, including grievance redressal, investor relations, and overall stakeholder satisfaction.

Presently, The Composition of the Stake Holder Committee of the company is as follows:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Jyoti Soni	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director
Amita Poddar	Member	Non- Executive Non Independent Director
Sharad Vyas	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director

MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company's Independent Directors meet at least once in every financial year without the presence of executive directors or management personnel. Such meetings is conducted formally to enable Independent Directors to discuss matters pertaining to the Company's affairs and put forth their views. The Independent Directors take appropriate steps to present their views to the Chief Executive Officer.

During the financial year 2022-23, 1 (One) meeting of the Independent Directors was held on April 25, 2022

The detail of the meeting of the Independent Directors and the attendance of Independent Directors at the meeting for the financial year 2022-23 is given below:

Name of the Director	Position held in the Committee	Category of Director
Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director
Manoj Sharma	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director

S.N.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	25.04.2022	2	2

RESIGNATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR BEFORE EXPIRY OF TERM

During the Financial Year Mr. Manoj Sharma Independent Directors of the Company have resigned on April 29, 2022 before the expiry of their tenure due to pre occupation in other professional commitments.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBITY COMMITTEE

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, are not applicable to the Company. Hence, the Company has not constituted the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has put in place a Nomination and Remuneration Policy which lays down a framework in relation to criteria for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company along with their remuneration. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company is available at Company's website and may be accessed at www.mayurgroups.com.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your directors confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the annual accounts of the company have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(9) and 177(10) of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, the Company has adopted 'Whistle Blower Policy' for Directors and employees to deal with the cases of unethical behavior in all its business activities, fraud, mismanagement and violation of Code of Conduct of the Company.

The Company has adopted a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy in terms of the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable SEBI Regulations, to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors, employees and stakeholders of the Company to report their concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of Code of Conduct or ethics.

The Whistle Blower Policy provides adequate safeguards against victimization of Directors, employees and stakeholders who avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the year, no personnel of the Company was denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy is available on website of the Company and may be accessed at www.mayurgroups.com.

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. H.C. Garg & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.000152C) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors at the 37th Annual General Meeting of the Company for a period of five consecutive years commencing from the conclusion of 37th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company. M/s. H.C. Garg & Co., Chartered Accountants, have confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

During the year under review, M/s. H.C. Garg & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.000152C) has resigned from the office due to ineligibility as per the provision of section 139 of Companies Act 2013, and M/s Madhukar Garg & Company (FRN 000866C) was appointed by the members of the company by way of ordinary resolution passed through Postal Ballot on 6th May, 2023 to fill the vacancy caused by the ineligibility of H.C. Garg & Co., Chartered Accountants, (FRN 000152C) who will hold office till the conclusion of the upcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Further, the company recommended the appointment of M/s. Jain Paras Bilala & Company, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 011046C) Jaipur to be appointed as the statutory auditor to hold office for a term of five (5) consecutive financial years, from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting of the Company till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2028.

The Company has received consent letter from the auditor to the effect that appointment, if made, would be within the prescribed limits under Section 141(3) (g) of the Companies Act, 2013 and that they are not disqualified for re-appointment.

The Report given by the Statutory Auditors on the financial statement of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023, forms part of this Report.

There are no observations (including any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or

disclaimer) of the Auditors in their Audit Report that may call for any explanation from the Directors. Further, the notes to accounts referred to in the Auditor's Report are self-explanatory, except following:

1. As Detailed in Note No. 44 of Standalone Financial Statements, Gratuity has not been provided as per actuary valuation as required in IND AS-19 (Employees Benefits).

Board Reply: The Management acknowledges the audit observation regarding the non-provision of gratuity as per actuarial valuation under IND AS 19. We are currently addressing this issue and will ensure compliance in the financial statements moving forward.

2. As Detailed in Note No. 45 of Standalone Financial Statements, Loans and Advances amounting in Rs. 422.34 Lakhs are subject to confirmation and Reconciliation.

Board Reply:- The management is aware of the audit observation regarding the loans and advances amounting to Rs. 422.34 Lakhs. We are actively working on obtaining confirmations and performing reconciliations to address this issue.

3. The company is not regular in depositing its statutory dues with appropriate authorities.

Board Reply:- The management acknowledges the audit observation regarding the irregularity in depositing statutory dues. We are implementing measures to ensure timely compliance with all statutory requirements moving forward.

4. The Company has not complied with the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies act 2013 and rules made there under. The company has accepted loan/deposit from S.K. Poddar to the extent of Rs. 1.15 crore. Year end balances of these loans/deposits were Rs. 1.01 crore. These loans/deposits were taken in contraventions of sections 73 to 76 of the company's act 2013 and rules made there under.

Board Reply:- The Company had taken the loan in the impression that it falls under the exempted category of Section 73 read with Companies Acceptance of deposit rules of the Companies Act, 2013 since it is obtained from the brother of the director which falls under the category of relative as per section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013. The management recognizes the issue of non-compliance with sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013, regarding the loans from S.K. Poddar who is the brother of the director Mr. Rajendra Kumar Poddar. We are taking corrective actions to rectify this non-compliance and to ensure full adherence to regulatory requirements going forward.

5. According to the books and records as produced and examined by us in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and also based on Management representations, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance Dues, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, VAT, Goods & Service Tax Act w.e.f. 01.07.2017,Cess and Other material Statutory dues have not generally been regularly deposited by the Company during the year with the appropriate authorities in India except tax deducted at source as per Income tax Act.

Board Reply:- We are implementing measures to address these discrepancies and ensure timely and regular compliance with all statutory requirements going forward.

6. The company is not sound and incurring losses for last few years. Further company is not paying its statutory dues. This indicate that Material Uncertainty exist that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Board Reply:- The Board acknowledges the concern raised regarding the company's financial health and ongoing losses, as well as the issue of unpaid statutory dues. We are actively addressing these challenges and are committed to implementing a robust plan to improve financial stability and ensure compliance with statutory obligations. We are also evaluating all available options to strengthen the company's position and mitigate any material uncertainties related to its ability to continue as a going concern.

7. In our opinion the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act except INDAS 19 (Employee Benefits).

Board Reply:- The Board acknowledges the statutory auditor's observation concerning the compliance of our standalone Ind AS financial statements with Indian Accounting Standards, specifically IND AS 19 (Employee Benefits). We are committed to addressing this issue and will take the necessary steps to ensure that our financial statements fully align with Section 133 of the Act in the upcoming reporting period.

8. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution or bank or Government or dues to debenture holders as at the Balance Sheet date except the following:

Nature of borrowing, including debt securities	Name of lender*	Amount not paid on due date	Whether principal or interest	No. Of days delay or unpaid	Remarks, if any
Canara Bank Term Loan	Canara Bank, Jaipur	80,162.00	Principal or interest	90 days	
Canara Bank Term Loan CAR Loan	Canara Bank, Jaipur	5,388.00	Principal or interest	30 days	

Board Reply:- The Board acknowledge that, as per the examination of the Company's records and the information provided, there are instances of delay in repayment. These delays have arisen due to liquidity issues. The Company is committed to addressing these overdue amounts and has initiated appropriate measures to ensure timely payment moving forward. We are confident that these issues will be resolved in the near term.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

The Board of Directors has appointed ATCS (Firm Registration No), Practicing Company Secretaries, Jaipur as Secretarial Auditor, to carry out the Secretarial Audit of the Company under the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is annexed as **Annexure-II** to this report.

The report contains the following observations:

- 1. The trading of the company's shares was suspended on exchange w.e.f. June 12, 2023 as per initial public notice of BSE as published in financial express, Business Standard & Nav Shakti Newspaper dated May 04, 2024;
- 2. The Hundred percent shareholding of the promoter(s) and promoter group is not held in dematerialized form as required by Regulation 31 (2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- 3. During the period under review, Ms. Anisha Jain resigned from the position of Company Secretary and Compliance Officer on November 10, 2022. Consequently, there was no individual serving as Company Secretary, and the company did not appoint a Compliance Officer during this period, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015;
- 4. During the period under review, the Quarterly Results, both in PDF and XBRL formats, required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the quarters ended September 30, 2022, December 31, 2022 has not been submitted to BSE. Additionally, the Quarterly Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year 2022-2023, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 5. During the period under review, Newspaper Publication of financial results as specified in Regulation 33, required to be given under Regulation 47, shall be published in at least one English language national daily newspaper circulating in the whole or substantially the whole of India and in one daily newspaper published in the language of the region, where the registered office of the listed entity is situated, the Company has not published the financial results for quarters ended September 30, 2022, December 31, 2022. Additionally, the Newspaper Publication for the Quarterly Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year 2022-2023, has also not been published in newspaper;
- 6. During the period under review, the Shareholding Pattern, as required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 31 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Additionally, the Shareholding Pattern for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year 2022-2023, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 7. During the period under review, the Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report (both PDF and XBRL formats) required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 76 of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Furthermore, the Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 8. During the period under review, the Compliance Certificate required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 74(5) of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Additionally, the Compliance Certificate for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 9. During the period under review, The report on Investor Grievance Redressal Mechanism (in XBRL format), required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation

- 13(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Furthermore, the Investor Grievance Redressal Mechanism report (in XBRL format) for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 10. During the period under review, the quarterly certificate of System-Driven Disclosures (SDD) required to be submitted to the stock exchange under regulation 3 (5) and 3(6) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider trading) Regulations, 2015. has not been submitted to the BSE. Additionally, the certificate for the quarter ending March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, was also not submitted to the BSE;
- 11. During the period under review, the disclosure regarding the closure of the trading window required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider trading) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to the BSE. Additionally, the disclosure for the closure of the trading window for the quarter ending March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, was also not submitted to the BSE;
- 12. During the period under review, the disclosure with respect to exemption from filing quarterly compliance report on Corporate Governance required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 27 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, has not been submitted to BSE;
- 13. During the period under review, the disclosures required to be submitted to the stock exchange through mail under Regulation 31(4) of the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, for the year ended March 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE;
- 14. During the period under review, The Annual Disclosure of Large Corporate Entity required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/DDHS/CIR/P/2018/144 dated November 26, 2018, was submitted to BSE with a delay of 16 days;
- 15. During the period under review, the Compliance Certificate required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 7(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, was submitted to the BSE with a delay of 18 days.
- 16. During the period under review, the disclosure regarding the closure of the trading window required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider trading) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 was submitted to the BSE with a delay of 2 days.
- 17. During the period under review, The Annual Report required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per regulation 34 SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 was submitted to BSE with a delay of 32 days.
- 18. The Company has a website; however, it is not maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Act and SEBI guidelines.
- 19. The Company has not paid the Annual Listing Fees for the year ended 2023.
- 20. During the period under review, the company has taken unsecured loans which are in contravention of provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

- 21. During the period under review, the company has contravened the provision of Section 96 with respect to the holding of Annual General Meeting. The 37th Annual General Meeting of the company which was required to be held on 31.12.2023 (after receiving the extension from Registrar) was held on February 22, 2023.
- 22. The composition of the Company's Board is not in compliance with regulations due to the absence of the required minimum number of independent directors. Consequently, the Audit Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are also not constituted as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- 23. During the period under review, the Company has not transferred its unpaid and unclaimed dividend to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Government of India, as per the provision of section 124 of Companies Act, 2013;
- 24. During the period under review, the Company has not transferred its shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more, to IEPF account as per the provision of section 124 (6) of Companies Act, 2013.
- 25. During the period under review, the Company has not filed the necessary e-forms with the Registrar with respect to the following matters:-
- Appointment of Internal Auditor and Secretarial Auditor;
- Approval of Accounts for the financial year ended on 31.03.2023;
- Approval of Board Report for the financial year ended on 31.03.2023;
- Filing of all the resolutions passed in the AGM dated 22.02.2023;
- Form for filing Report on Annual General Meeting;
- E-form DPT-3, AOC-4 XBRL, MGT-7, IEPF-1, IEPF-2 & IEPF-4 are also not filed by the company.

And thus contravenes the provisions of the applicable sections of Companies Act, 2013.

Management Reply:-

In response to the secretarial auditor's observations, the Board acknowledges the non-compliance issues, which were exacerbated by the severe financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. This situation led to operational and compliance challenges, culminating in the company's cessation of operations in February 2023 and entry into the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) with shareholder approval. Despite the account being declared a Non-Performing Asset by Canara Bank and subsequent property auctions, the company has successfully addressed most past non-compliances and is actively working to resolve the remaining issues. The company remains committed to stabilizing operations, repaying outstanding debts, and achieving full regulatory compliance, aiming to resume business activities on a robust financial foundation.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

In accordance with the provisions of section 138 of the Act and rules made thereunder and applicable regulations of the Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company had appointed **M/s. Varma Prashant & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Jaipur** as Internal Auditors of the Company.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, Statutory Auditors and the Management were periodically apprised the Internal Audit findings. The Company continued to implement their suggestions and recommendations to improve the same.

M/s. Verma Prashant & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Jaipur, Internal Auditor of the Company will also carry out Internal Audit of the Company for the financial year 2023-24.

COST AUDITORS

In terms of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, Cost Audit is not applicable to the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, neither the statutory auditors nor the secretarial auditors have reported to the Audit Committee, under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, any instances of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees.

WEB ADDRESS OF ANNUAL RETURN

In accordance with Section 134(3)(a) and Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 the Annual Return is available on the website of the Company and may be accessed at www.mayurgroups.com.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided in **Annexure-III** to this report.

In terms of the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement showing the names of employees and other particulars of the top ten employees and employees drawing remuneration in excess of the limits is available on the website of the Company at www.mayurgroups.com.

However, in terms of provisions of the first proviso to Section 136(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Report is being sent to the members of the Company excluding the aforesaid information. The said information is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours and any member interested in obtaining such information may write to the Company Secretary and the same will be furnished on request.

PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information on Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo stipulated under Section 134 (3) (m) of the Act read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 is annexed as **Annexure-IV** and forms part of this Report.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts/arrangements/transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business, on an arm's length basis and were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Prior omnibus approval was obtained from the Audit Committee of the Board for the related party transactions which are of repetitive nature and/or which can be foreseen. All related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval.

During the year, the Company had not entered into any contract/arrangement/transaction with related parties which could be considered material in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The policy on related party transactions as approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors has been uploaded on the Company's website and may be accessed at www.mayurgroups.com. Your directors draw attention of the members to Note 39 to the standalone financial statements which set out related party disclosures in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

BOARD POLICIES

The details of the policies approved and adopted by the Board as required under the Act and Securities and the Listing Regulations can be accessed on the Company's website at https://mayurgroups.com/wpkam/governance/

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable secretarial standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS

The Company had received an order with respect to suspension of the trading of securities of the company due to non-Compliance with the SEBI. Apart from this no significant and material orders have been passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size and nature of its business. The Internal Auditors reviews the efficiency and effectiveness of these systems and procedures. The Internal Auditors submit their Report periodically which is placed before and reviewed by the Audit Committee. Based on the report of the internal auditors, respective departments undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. During the year, no reportable material weakness in the design or operation of internal control system and their adequacy was observed.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Company believes that managing risks helps in maximizing returns. The Company has formally adopted a Risk Management Policy to identify and assess the key risk areas, monitor and report compliance and effectiveness of the policy and procedure. The Company has a risk management framework in place for identification, evaluating and management of risks. In line with your Company's commitment to deliver sustainable value, this framework aims to provide an integrated and organized approach for evaluating and managing risks. The Audit Committee periodically reviews the risks and suggests steps to be taken to control and mitigate the same through a properly defined framework. Further, the risks associated to the Company's business are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report.

PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

In compliance with the provisions of Securities Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI PIT Regulations'), the Board has adopted a code of conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by Designated Persons to preserve the confidentiality of price sensitive information, to prevent misuse thereof and regulate trading by designated persons. It prohibits the dealing in the Company's shares by the promoters, promoter group, directors, designated persons and their immediate relatives, and connected persons, while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and during the period(s) when the Trading Window to deal in the Company's shares is closed.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board of Directors of the Company has adopted code of conduct for all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company and the said code of conduct is placed on the website of the Company at www.mayurgroups.com. All the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the applicable Code of Conduct for the financial year 2021-22. A declaration to this effect, signed by the CEO & Director of the Company is annexed herewith as **Annexure-V** and forms part of this Report.

HUMAN RESOURCE

Human Resource is the most important element of the Company. Our Core Values are discipline, trust, integrity and work style. Core Values are established to align all the people in the organization in the direction of achieving stated goals all throughout the Company. The Company is taking sufficient steps for employee engagement and motivation. Your Company focuses on recruiting and retaining the best talent in the industry. Moreover, the Company

provides them proper induction, training and knowledge up-gradation for the individual as well as organizational growth. The Company continues to maintain its record of cordial and harmonious industrial relations without any interruption in work.

DELISTING OF EQUITY SHARES

The members of the Company by passing a special resolution at their Annual General Meeting held on July 10, 2004, have permitted the Company to delist its shares from the regional stock exchanges i.e. Jaipur Stock Exchange Limited ("JSEL"), Delhi Stock Exchange Limited ("DSEL), Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Limited ("CSEAL") and Ahmedabad Stock Exchange Limited ("ASEL").

As on date, out of the above stated four stock exchanges, the equity shares of the Company have been delisted from the JSEL, DSEL and ASEL. Delisting application of the Company is still pending with the Calcutta Stock Exchange Association Ltd. since December 2004. In spite of several reminders, the Company did not get any response from the exchange in the matter of delisting status.

RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL AUDIT REPORT

A Company Secretary in Practice carries out a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit on a quarterly basis as per Regulation 76 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 read with SEBI Circular No. D&CC/FITTC/CIR-16/2002 dated December 31, 2002, to reconcile the total admitted capital with depositories viz National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. The audit confirms that the total issued/paid up capital is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in physical form and the total number of shares in dematerialized form (held with NSDL and CDSL).

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

In accordance with the provisions of regulation 15(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the compliance with the corporate governance provisions as specified in regulations 17, 17A, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 24A, 25, 26, 27 and clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, are not applicable to the Company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report as required under Regulation 34 read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms part of this Annual Report. Certain Statements in the said report may be forward-looking. Many factors may affect the actual results, which could be different from what the Directors envisage in terms of the future performance and outlook.

A detailed report on the Management Discussion and Analysis is provided as a separate section in the Annual Report which forms part of the Board's Report as **ANNEXURE VI**.

<u>DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE</u> (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

As per the requirement of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH Act") and Rules made thereunder, the Company has constituted an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC). The Company's POSH Policy is inclusive and gender-neutral, detailing the governance mechanisms for preventing sexual harassment issues relating to employees of all genders, including employees who identify themselves.

To build awareness in this area, the Company has been conducting induction/ refresher programmes on a continuous basis. During the financial year, no complaint was received/ disposed of by the Company under the policy, and no complaint was pending as of March 31, 2024. An Annual Report for the calendar year 2023 by the Internal Complaints Committee (the "ICC") under Section 21 of the POSH Act has been submitted to the relevant authority.

CAUTION STATEMENT

Statements in the Board's Report and the Management Discussion & Analysis Report describing the Company's objectives, expectations or forecasts may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from those expressed in the statements.

GENERAL DISCLOSURES

Your Directors state that all the necessary disclosure or reporting has been done, in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review except point no 8:

- 1. As per rule 4(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the Company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise;
- 2. As per rule 8(13) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the Company has not issued shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme;
- 3. As per rule 12(9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the Company has not issued equity shares under the Employees Stock Option Schemes;
- 4. Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole Time Directors of the Company receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries except sitting fees as entitled as a Non-Executive Directors in subsidiary companies;
- 5. Since the Company has not formulated any scheme of provision of money for the purchase of own shares by employees or by the trustee for the benefit of the employees in terms of Section 67(3) of the Act, no disclosures are required to be made;
- 6. There was no revision of financial statements and the Board's Report of the Company during financial year; There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company;

- 7. The requirement to disclose the details of the difference between the amount of the valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking a loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions, along with the reasons thereof, is not applicable for the financial year; and
- 8. The Company had obtained the approval of its members in the 37th Annual General Meeting of the Company and has made application under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. However, now the company is in process of the withdrawal of the application upon the payment of all the obligations towards its creditors.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their sincere appreciation for the valued contribution, cooperation and support extended to the Company by the Shareholders, Banks, Central Government, State Governments and other Government Authorities and look forward to their continued support. Your Directors also wish to express their deep appreciation for the dedicated and sincere services rendered by employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED

Date: - 26.08.2024

Place:- Jaipur

Sd/-AMITA PODDAR Chairperson & Director DIN: 00143486

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies / joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs)

S.No.	Particulars	SUBSIDIARY
1	Sl. No.	01
2	Name of the subsidiary	Mayur Global Private Limited
3	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01/04/2022-31/03/2023 SAME AS HOLDING
4	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	N.A.
5	Share capital	2,60,00,000
6	Reserves & surplus	-29,82,842.11
7	Total assets	3,03,88,412.69
8	Total liabilities	33,71,254.80
9	Investments	4003787.19
10	Turnover	8,23,512.00
11	Profit before Taxation	-51,10,402.87
12	Provision for Taxation	-
13	Profit after Taxation	-50,64,097.87
14	Proposed Dividend	-
15	Extend of shareholding (in percentage)	52.15%

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement: Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations - NA Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year - NA

For Madhukar Garg & Company Charted Accountants For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors For Mayur Leather Products Limited

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/
SUNIL SHUKLA

PARTNER

AMITA PODDAR

Chairperson & Director & Director & CEO

M.NO. 071179 DIN: 00143571 DIN: 00143486

Date: August 26, 2024 Sd/- Sd/-

Place: Jaipur

AKHILESH PODDAR

Chief Financial Officer

ANTPP3340A

VAISHALI GOYAL

Company Secretary

BHLPG9005Q

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of Associates/Joint Ventures	
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	-
2. Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or acquired	-
3. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	-
No.	-
Amount of Investment in Associates/ Joint Venture	-
Extend of Holding %	-
4. Description of how there is significant influence	-
5. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	-
6. Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	-
7. Profit / Loss for the year	-
i. Considered in Consolidation	-
i. Not Considered in Consolidation	-

For Madhukar Garg & Company Charted Accountants

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors For Mayur Leather Products Limited

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

SUNIL SHUKLA

PARTNER

Chairperson & Director & CEO

M.NO. 071179

DIN: 00143571

DIN: 00143486

Date: August 26, 2024 Sd/- Sd/-

Place: Jaipur AKHILESH PODDAR VAISHALI GOYAL
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

ANTPP3340A BHLPG9005Q



Add: 23 KA 4, Jyoti Nagar, Near Vidhan Sabha, Jaipur - 302005 Ph: +91 141-2740960, 9829188834 (M)

Email: aroracs2@gmail.com

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED March 31, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

Mayur Leather Products Limited

50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, Jaipur-302005, Rajasthan

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Mayur Leather Products Limited** (hereinafter called "**the Company**"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board- processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made the reunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not applicable to the Company during the AuditPeriod);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI" Act):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and amendments thereof;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participant) Regulations, 2018;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits & Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - (j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period) and

as confirmed by the management, there are no sector specific laws that are applicable specifically to the company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i. Secretarial Standards with regard to Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- ii. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and CSE Ltd and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

- 1. The trading of the company's shares was suspended on exchange w.e.f. June 12, 2023 as per initial public notice of BSE as published in financial express, Business Standard & Nav Shakti Newspaper dated May 04, 2024;
- 2. The Hundred percent shareholding of the promoter(s) and promoter group is not held in dematerialized form as required by Regulation 31 (2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- 3. During the period under review, Ms. Anisha Jain resigned from the position of Company Secretary and Compliance Officer on November 10, 2022. Consequently, there was no individual serving as Company Secretary, and the company did not appoint a Compliance Officer during this period, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015;
- 4. During the period under review, the Quarterly Results, both in PDF and XBRL formats, required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the quarters ended September 30, 2022, December 31, 2022 has not been submitted to BSE. Additionally, the Quarterly Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year 2022-2023, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 5. During the period under review, Newspaper Publication of financial results as specified in Regulation 33, required to be given under Regulation 47, shall be published in at least one English language national daily newspaper circulating in the whole or substantially the whole of India and in one daily newspaper published in the language of the region, where the registered office of the listed entity is situated, the Company has not published the financial results for quarters ended September 30, 2022, December 31, 2022. Additionally, the Newspaper Publication for the Quarterly Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year 2022-2023, has also not been published in newspaper;
- 6. During the period under review, the Shareholding Pattern, as required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 31 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Additionally, the Shareholding Pattern for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year 2022-2023, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 7. During the period under review, the Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report (both PDF and XBRL formats) required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 76 of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Furthermore, the Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, has also not been submitted to BSE;

- 8. During the period under review, the Compliance Certificate required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 74(5) of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Additionally, the Compliance Certificate for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 9. During the period under review, The report on Investor Grievance Redressal Mechanism (in XBRL format), required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 13(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE. Furthermore, the Investor Grievance Redressal Mechanism report (in XBRL format) for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, has also not been submitted to BSE;
- 10. During the period under review, the quarterly certificate of System-Driven Disclosures (SDD) required to be submitted to the stock exchange under regulation 3 (5) and 3(6) of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider trading) Regulations, 2015. has not been submitted to the BSE. Additionally, the certificate for the quarter ending March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, was also not submitted to the BSE;
- 11. During the period under review, the disclosure regarding the closure of the trading window required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider trading) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended December 31, 2022, has not been submitted to the BSE. Additionally, the disclosure for the closure of the trading window for the quarter ending March 31, 2023, following the closure of the financial year, was also not submitted to the BSE;
- 12. During the period under review, the disclosure with respect to exemption from filing quarterly compliance report on Corporate Governance required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 27 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, has not been submitted to BSE;
- 13. During the period under review, the disclosures required to be submitted to the stock exchange through mail under Regulation 31(4) of the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, for the year ended March 31, 2022, has not been submitted to BSE;
- 14. During the period under review, The Annual Disclosure of Large Corporate Entity required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/DDHS/CIR/P/2018/144 dated November 26, 2018, was submitted to BSE with a delay of 16 days;
- 15. During the period under review, the Compliance Certificate required to be submitted to the stock exchange under Regulation 7(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, was submitted to the BSE with a delay of 18 days;
- 16. During the period under review, the disclosure regarding the closure of the trading window required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider trading) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 was submitted to the BSE with a delay of 2 days;

- 17. During the period under review, The Annual Report required to be submitted to the stock exchange as per regulation 34 SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 was submitted to BSE with a delay of 32 days;
- 18. The Company has a website; however, it is not maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Act and SEBI guidelines;
- 19. The Company has not paid the Annual Listing Fees for the year ended 2023;
- 20. During the period under review, the company has taken unsecured loans which are in contravention of provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under;
- 21. During the period under review, the company has contravened the provision of Section 96 with respect to the holding of Annual General Meeting. The 37th Annual General Meeting of the company which was required to be held on 31.12.2023 (after receiving the extension from Registrar) was held on February 22, 2023;
- 22. The composition of the Company's Board is not in compliance with regulations due to the absence of the required minimum number of independent directors. Consequently, the Audit Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are also not constituted as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- 23. During the period under review, the Company has not transferred its unpaid and unclaimed dividend to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Government of India, as per the provision of section 124 of Companies Act, 2013;
- 24. During the period under review, the Company has not transferred its shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more, to IEPF account as per the provision of section 124 (6) of Companies Act, 2013;
- 25. During the period under review, the Company has not filed the necessary e-forms with the Registrar with respect to the following matters:-
 - Appointment of Internal Auditor and Secretarial Auditor;
 - Approval of Accounts for the financial year ended on 31.03.2023;
 - Approval of Board Report for the financial year ended on 31.03.2023;
 - Filing of all the resolutions passed in the AGM dated 22.02.2023;
 - Form for filing Report on Annual General Meeting;
 - E-form DPT-3, AOC-4 XBRL, MGT-7, IEPF-1, IEPF-2 & IEPF-4 are also not filed by the company.

And thus contravenes the provisions of the applicable sections of Companies Act, 2013.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is not duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act. Details of the same are as under:-

- Resignation of Mr. Manoj Sharma (DIN: 00541803) from the post of Directorship as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from 29th April, 2022;
- ♣ Appointment of Ms. Anisha Jain (PAN: AVUPJ7834J) as the Whole- time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from 05th May, 2022;
- ♣ Ms. Anisha Jain (PAN:- AVUPJ7834J) has ceased from the post of the Whole-time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from 10th November, 2022;
- ♣ Mr. Madhusudan Prasad Kejariwal (DIN: 06547411) has ceased from the post of Non-Executive Independent Director of the company due to completion of two consecutive terms of 5 years from with effect from 31st March, 2024 and after the closure of the financial year he has re-designated as the Non-executive director of the company with effect from April 1, 2024;
- ♣ Ms. Ashwarya Poddar was liable to retire by rotation in Annual General Meeting held on February 22, 2023. Subsequently, the members of the Company approved the reappointment of Ms. Ashwarya Poddar.

Note:- After the closure of financial year and till the date of this report the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance as required, However the company is require to set up a better system for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions of Board and Committee meetings were carried with requisite majority.

We further report that based on the information provided and the representation made by the Company and also on the review of the compliance certificates, in our opinion the company needs to develop an adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines

We further report that, there were other specific events/actions in pursuance of the above-referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc. having a major bearing on the Company affairs mentioned below:-

The financial position of the company deteriorated significantly following the COVID-19 pandemic. Despite ongoing efforts to stabilize operations, the company was unable to achieve profitability. To sustain its business activities, the company secured various credit facilities from financial institutions, including long-term and short-term working capital loans, business loans, and car loans. Unfortunately, the pandemic's adverse impact compromised the company's financial discipline, leading to defaults on debt repayments. Additionally, the company failed to meet its secretarial and BSE compliance obligations, further exacerbating its financial difficulties. As a result of these compounded challenges, the company ceased operations in February 2023.

Considering the position of the company, The Board of directors of the company in their board meeting has decided to initiate the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process. Further, The Board of Directors sought and received shareholders' approval to initiate the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) under Section 10 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), 2016 at the 37th Annual General Meeting held on February 22, 2023.

Subsequently, Canara Bank declared the company's account as a Non-Performing Asset (NPA) on February 28, 2023, and issued a notice under Section 13(2) of the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (SARFAESI) Act, 2002, on March 1, 2023. This was followed by a possession notice under Section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act on October 30, 2023, January 12, 2024 and May 24, 2024. Following the possession notice all the three properties of the company were auctioned November 22, 2023, February 22, 2024 and June 28, 2024 respectively.

Further, on June 12, 2023 The Bombay Stock Exchange had also suspended the trading of securities of the company due to non- Compliance with the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) 2018. Further, on March 18, 2024, the Company has also received a show-cause notice from Bombay Stock Exchange in the matter of compulsory delisting of the Securities of the Company since the trading was suspended for more than 6 months.

In terms of Regulation 22(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (hereinafter referred to as "Delisting Regulations"), the Exchange further issued a Public Notice in financial express, Business Standard and Navshakti dated May 04, 2024, intimating the proposed delisting of the equity shares of the Company on the Exchange.

The Exchange then provide the Company an opportunity of personal hearing before the delisting committee of the exchange in its meeting held on June 24, 2024.

The Company respectfully requests the Delisting Committee to consider revoking the suspension of trading of its securities on the BSE after completing the revocation process and to refrain from delisting the company based solely on past non-compliances. The Company is prepared to rectify all non-compliance issues and complete pending compliances. The Company remains steadfast in its commitment to overcoming past challenges, revitalizing operations, and ensuring strict adherence to all regulatory frameworks.

Recognizing the need for a structured approach to recovery, the Board engaged with various strategic planners to formulate a comprehensive revival strategy. This plan aims to withdraw the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) application and focus on reviving the company. The strategy includes measures to repay all outstanding debts to creditors. Additionally, the company intends to bring its operations and financial reporting into full compliance with the requirements of the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and the Companies Act. The proposed actions are designed to be implemented retrospectively, ensuring that all past discrepancies are resolved and the company can resume its business activities with a stable financial foundation.

Place: Jaipur Date: 24.08.2024 for ATCS & ASSOCIATES
Practicing Company Secretaries
ICSI Unique Code P2017RJ063900
Peer Review Certificate No. P2017RJ063900

SD/-CS DEEPAK ARORA

Partner

FCS 5104 I COP No.: 3641

UDIN: F005104F001039931

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.

To,

The Members

Mayur Leather Products Limited

50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly Jaipur-302005, Rajasthan

Our Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the Audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company. We have relied upon the Report of Statutory Auditors regarding compliance of Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder relating to maintenance of Books of Accounts, papers and financial statements of the relevant Financial Year, which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company.
- 4. We have relied upon the Report of Statutory Auditors regarding compliance of Fiscal Laws, like the Income Tax Act, 1961 & Finance Acts, the Customs Act, 1962, the Central Excise Act, 1944 and Goods & Service Tax.
- 5. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of Laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 6. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

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7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Jaipur

Date: 24.08.2024

for ATCS & ASSOCIATES
Practicing Company Secretaries
ICSI Unique Code P2017RJ063900
Peer Review Certificate No.P2017RJ063900

SD/-CS DEEPAK ARORA

Partner

FCS 5104 I COP No.: 3641

UDIN: F005104F001039931

ANNEXURE - III

Particulars of employees

Pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

The information pursuant to Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are as given below:

1. The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year:- 2.80;

Mr. Rajendra Kumar Poddar is the CEO & Director of the Company. The ratio of his remuneration to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year was as under:

Mr. Rajendra Kumar Poddar: 4.72

The other Directors are non-executive independent directors and have not been paid any remuneration, except sitting fee.

- 2. The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year;
 - Mr. Rajendra Kumar Poddar- NIL
 - Mr. Akhilesh Poddar- NIL
 - Mr. Anisha Jain- NIL
- 3. The percentage decrease in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 4.21
- **4.** The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company **24** as on March 31, 2023.
- **5.** Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration: **NIL**
- **6.** Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company:

The remuneration is as per the Nomination, Remuneration and Evaluation policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED

DATE: August 26, 2024

PLACE: Jaipur

Sd/-AMITA PODDAR Chairperson & Director DIN: 00143486

[Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (m) of The Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 (3) of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

A. Conservation of Energy

The Company always focuses on conservation of energy, wherever possible and has always tried to improve energy efficiency significantly. The energy conservation team continuously meets, conducts studies, verifies and monitors the consumption and utilisation of energy including identification of energy conservation areas in different manufacturing departments of the Company.

(i) Steps taken or impact on Conservation of Energy:

Various steps were taken by the Company for conservation of energy i.e. replacement of motors/lighting with energy efficient models, optimization of electrical distribution system etc.

(ii) Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of Energy:

The Company is considering for the alternate source of energy.

(iii) Capital Investment on Energy Conservation Equipment: NIL

B. Technology Absorption

1. Efforts made towards Technology Absorption:

The Company is continuously focusing on upgrading its product and manufacturing technology as well as acquiring new and advanced technology to meet the emerging expectations of the customers. The activities are in full consonance with the Company's objective of utilizing the most advanced energy efficient solutions at minimum cost.

2. Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

The steps taken towards technology absorption by the Company helped to improve its processes, product and reduce cost.

3. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

During the year under review, the Company has not imported any technology.

4. Expenditure incurred on Research and Development:

Expenditure incurred on research and development are charged under primary heads of accounts and not allocated separately.

5. Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo:

(Amount in Lakhs.)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Foreign Exchange Outflow		
-Traveling Expenses (on Accrual Basis)	-	-
Total	-	-
Foreign Exchange Earning	-	15.65

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors For Mayur Leather Products Limited

Place: Jaipur

Date: August 26, 2024

Sd/-Amita Poddar Chairperson & Director DIN:00143486

Annexure - V

DECLARATION OF CODE OF CONDUCT BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Pursuant to Regulation 26(3) read with para D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm and declare that all the Board Members and the Senior Management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/Amita Poddar
Chairperson & Director
DIN: 00143486

Date: August 26, 2024

Place: Jaipur

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

The Leather industry in India holds a significant place in the Indian economy. This sector is known for its consistency in high export earnings and it is among the top ten foreign exchange earners for the Country. The leather industry is bestowed with an affluence of raw materials as India is endowed with 20% of world cattle & buffalo and 11% of world goat & sheep population. Added to this are the strengths of skilled manpower, innovative technology, increasing industry compliance to international environmental standards, and the dedicated support of the allied industries.

The Indian footwear industry is currently under transformation phase and moving from a traditionally labour-intensive industry to a more technological and innovation driven industry. The leather industry is an employment intensive sector, providing job to about 4.42 million peoples, mostly from the weaker sections of the society. Women employment is predominant in leather products sector with about 30% share. India is the second largest producer of footwear in the world. The Council for Leather Exports has been playing an active role in the overall growth and development of the leather and footwear industry. [Source: Council for Leather Exports]

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

OPPORTUNITIES

There are bright opportunities for start-ups in the leather and footwear sector, as there are good prospects for growth both on the domestic front and in exports, post COVID. Despite the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, the Council for Leather Exports is undertaking a multi-pronged, aggressive and pro-active marketing strategy to tap the potential available in various markets. Future growth of Indian footwear in India will continue to be market driven. The European countries and the US are major consumers for the Indian footwear. On the whole, the leather footwear industry has very good potential for growth and development both on the domestic front and in exports.

THREATS

The leather footwear industry operates in a complex regulatory environment and fully abides by law and regulations of the country. Any change in the laws and regulations governing the leather footwear industry may affect the business and financial performance of the industry.

The ever increasing list of foreign players keeping their foothold in India is also posing a threat to the local players who find it difficult to keep pace of their growth in an extremely competitive environment. High rate of inflation which leads to increase in cost of raw materials, non availability of skilled labourers and regulatory environment also considered as challenges for the footwear industry in India. Your Company is moving in the right direction so that it can seize the opportunities available in the Indian footwear industry and also battle the challenges the industry is facing.

SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE

The Company deals/operates in only safety leather footwear segment. The detailed performance is given in the notes forming integral part of the financial statements of the Company.

INDUSTRY OUTLOOK

Your Company establish itself as a leading supplier of international standard leather safety footwear to the domestic as well as global footwear market. There is still lot of potential for growth in the turnover of the Company because the demand of Company's safety footwear products in the market is fast increasing. The Company is specially developing an innovative and different type of product as per requirement of the customers/market. There is a strong demand of leather safety footwear product in the market hence your Company is proactively engaged in taking appropriate steps to tap these opportunities in order to improve its market share and retain its position in the leather safety footwear section of the industry.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Your Company continuously ascertains risks and concerns in the safety footwear industry affecting its present operations, future performances and business environment. In order to overcome such risks and concerns, your Company adopts preventive measures as considered expedient and necessary.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The details of internal control systems and their adequacy has been provided in the Directors Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

The revenue from operations of the Company stands at Rs 398.32 as against Rs. 926.79 in the previous financial year. During the financial year under review, the Company has incurred loss of Rs. -298.22 as compared to Rs. -67.30 recorded in the previous financial year.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES/INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED

Your Company has been continuously working to improve human resources skills, competencies and capabilities in the Company, which is critical to achieve desired results in line with its strategic business ambitions. During the year under review, there was no material development in human resources/industrial relations of the Company. Number of people employed in the Company as at March 31, 2023 is **24**.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN FINANCIAL RATIOS

During the year, on a standalone as well as consolidated basis, there was no significant change in the financial ratios compared to that of the previous year.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Mayur Leather Products Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our Opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects and indeterminate effect of the matters described in the basis for Qualified Opinion section below, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31,2023 and total comprehensive income (comprising profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Qualified Opinion

- 1. As Detailed in Note No. 44 of Standalone Financial Statements, Gratuity has not been provided as per actuary valuation as required in IND AS-19 (Employees Benefits).
- 2. As Detailed in Note No. 45 of Standalone Financial Statements, Loans and Advances amounting in Rs. 422.34 Lakhs are subject to confirmation and Reconciliation.

Emphasis of matter

We draw your attention to Note 43 to the standalone financial statements, which describe the management's assessment of the impact of the outbreak of coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic on the business operations of the Company. The management believes that no adjustments, other than those already considered, are required in the financial statements as it does not impact the current financial year, however in view of the various preventive measures taken (such as complete lock-down restrictions by the Government of India, travel restrictions etc.) and highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as the evolve.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

- 1. We draw attention to Annexure to the Auditor's Report Para No. vii (a) that the company is not regular in depositing its statutory dues with appropriate authorities. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.
- 2. The Company is in process to prepare Return and reconciliation for Goods and Service tax for the financial year 2022-23. In the absence of sufficient details and information, we are unable to determine the correct liabilities of tax, interest and penalty; accordingly we are unable to comment on the impact of related liability included in these Standalone Financial Statements.

3. Going Concern

Going Concern is an accounting term for business that is assumed will meet its financial obligations when they become due. It functions without the threat of liquidation for the foreseeable future. Hence a declaration of going concern means that the business has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate or to materially curtail the scale of its operation. The company is preparing its financial statement on going concern basis.

However, in our case the company is not sound and incurring losses for last few years. Further company is not paying its statutory dues. This indicate that Material Uncertainty exist that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other Information

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our Auditors Report thereon.

The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report. Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appear to be materially misstated. When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements to give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or the cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so, the Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain skepticism throw-out the audit. We also;

- Identify and asses the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain and understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are responsible for expressing our opinion whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosure are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our auditors report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Standalone Financial Statements including the disclosures and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planed scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement the we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence ,and to communicate with them all relationship and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safe guards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matter in our auditors report unless law or regulations precludes public disclosures about the matters or when in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequence of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communications

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act ("the Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act except INDAS 19 (Employee Benefits).
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us:
 - i. As Explained to us, the Company has no material impact of pending Litigation as at March 31, 2023 on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements;

- The Company does not have derivative contracts and in respect of other longterm contracts there are no material foreseeable losses as at March 31, 2023;
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2023;
- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 51(ii) to the Standalone Financial Statements);
- (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 51(ii) to the Standalone Financial Statements); and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- (iv) No dividend was declared / paid during the year.
- (v) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- (i) with respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN: 000886C

Place: Jaipur

Date: 31/10/2023

(SUNIL SHUKLA)

PARTNER

M.NO. 071179

UDIN: 23071179BGZLWX3070

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 12(g) of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Mayur Leather Products Limited on the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Mayur Leather Products Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of 78 financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management, override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Sd/-

FRN: 000886C

(SUNIL SHUKLA)

PARTNER

M.NO. 071179

UDIN: 23071179BGZLWX3070

Place: Jaipur ate: 31/10/2023

Annexure B to Independent Auditors'

Report Referred to in paragraph 11 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Mayur Leather Products Limited on the Ind AS Financial Statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023.

- i. (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.
 - (a)(B)The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The property, plant and equipment are physically verified by the Management. In our opinion the periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
- (c) The company does not own immovable properties except the property where company is lessee as per lease deed duly executed in favour of the company.
- (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory (excluding inventories lying with third parties and stock in transit) have been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. The coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of Inventory as compared to book records were not material.
 - (b) During any point of time of the year, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- iii. (a) The company has granted loans or advance in the nature of loans to companies, firms or other parties.
 - (A) However, the company has not provided loans or provided advance in the nature of loans or stood guarantee or provided security to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

- (B) The company has granted aggregate amount of loans or advance in the nature of loans during the year to companies, firms or other parties amounting to Rs. 117.64 lakhs and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date was Rs. 95.81 lakhs other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. Further company has not stood guarantee as provided security to company, firm, and other party other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.
- (b)The company has not made investments, provided, guarantee, given security and the terms & conditions of the grant of all loans & advances in the nature of loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest.
- (c) In respect of loans & advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payments of interest has not been stipulated.
- (d) It is not possible to ascertain whether the amount is overdue as repayment of loan not stipulated.
- (e) It is not possible for as to ascertain whether loans & advances has fallen due during the year as repayment of loan not stipulated. Similarly we are unable to make comment on fresh loans granted to settle existing loans/overdue loans as repayment of loan not stipulated.
- (f) The company has granted loans & advances in the nature of loans without specifying terms or period of repayment. The aggregate amount of such loans & advances amounts to Rs. 422.34 lakhs and it is 100% of total loans granted.
- (g) No loan was granted to promoters and related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013.
- iv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of investments made, loans granted, guarantees provided or Security given to the parties.
- v. The Company has not complied with the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the companies act 2013 and rules made there under. The company has accepted loan/deposit from S.K. Poddar to the extent of Rs. 1.15 crore. Year end balances of these loans/deposits were Rs. 1.01 crore. These loans/deposits were taken in contraventions of sections 73 to 76 of the company's act 2013 and rules made there under. No order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal regarding acceptance of loans/deposits.
- vi. Maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- vii. (A)According to the books and records as produced and examined by us in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India and also based on Management representations, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance Dues, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, VAT, Goods & Service Tax Act w.e.f. 01.07.2017,Cess and Other material Statutory dues have not generally been regularly deposited by the Company during the year with the

appropriate authorities in India except tax deducted at source as per Income tax Act. According to the information and explanation given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31st, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable except tax deducted at source as per Income tax Act.

- (B) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there have been no disputed dues which have not been deposited with the respective authorities in respect of Income Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise and VAT, Goods & Service Tax Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017 as at March 31, 2023.
- viii. There is no such transactions that are not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
 - ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution or bank or Government or dues to debenture holders as at the Balance Sheet date except the following:

Nature of borrowing, including debt securities	Name of lender*	Amount not paid on due date	Whether principal or interest	No. Of days delay or unpaid	Remarks, if any
Canara Bank Term	Canara Bank, Jaipur	80162.00	Principal or	90 days	
Loan Canara Bank Term	Canara Bank, Jaipur	5388.00	interest Principal or	30 days	
Loan CAR Loan			interest		

- (b) The company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) The term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) The funds raised on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes.
- (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(x) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor we have been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) There is no such report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) There is no whistle-blower complaint, if any, received during the year by the company.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- xiv. (a) The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by the statutory auditor.
- xv. According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of examination of records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) According to information and explanation given to us and on the basis of examination of records of the Company, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.

(d) The Group has not more than one CIC as part of the Group, as the company is not a CIC.

xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses in the financial year amounting to Rs. 272.05 lakhs and in the immediately preceding financial year amounting to Rs. 36.89 lakhs.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors during the year.

xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, in our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further sate that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. (a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to subsection (5) of section 135 of the said Act wherever applicable.

(b) There is no such Amount remaining unspent under section 5 of section 135 of Companies Act, pursuant to any ongoing project, has been transferred to special account in compliance with provision of sub section of section 135 of the said Act wherever applicable.

xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 000886C

(SUNIL SHUKLA)
PARTNER
M.NO. 071179

UDIN: 23071179BGZLWX3070

ace: Jaipur ate: 31/10/2023

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st March, 2023

(AMOUNT IN Lacs) As at 31/03/2023 (As pe IND AS) As at 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS) Particulars (1) ASSETS Non-current assets (a) Property, Plant and Equipment
(b) Capital Work-in Progress
(c) Intangible assets under development
(d) Biologocal assets except Bearer Plants 6(a) 6(b) 252.01 289.21 16.52 6(c) (e) Financial Assets (i) Investments 135.60 135.60 (ii) Other financial assets 8 34.22 26.38 (f) Deferred tax assets (net) 42.32 (g) Other Non Current Assets 9 43.19 current assets (a) Inventories (b) Financial Assets (i) Trade receivables 42.28 (ii) Cash and cash equivalents (iii) Bank balances other than (iii) above 12.7 14.87 (iv) Loans & Advances 14 15 387.54 480.95 (v) Others current financial assets 1.32 81.58 (c) Current Tax Assets (Net) (d) Other current assets 324.56 1.352.83 1.698.19 Total Assets (2)EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity (a) Equity Share capital (b) Other Equity 497.60 497.60 -64.98 LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities
(a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net) 19 20 167.40 14.30 62.08 14.30 (c) Other Non Current Liabilities Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables 447.21 (iii) Other financial liabilities 23 31.70 63.08 (b) Other current liabilities 24 249.16 690.95 (c) Provisions 53.98 1.74 (d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) Total Equity and Liabilities 1,352.83 1,698.19 The accompanying notes are an integral part of thes standalone financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board

As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

Sd/- Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR AMITA PODDAR For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY (CEO & Director) (Chairperson & Director) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486 FRN: 000866C

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar Sd/-CFO

PAN: ANTPP3340A

 SUNIL SHUKLA

 Place: Jaipur
 PARTNER

 Date : 31.10.2023
 M.No. 071179

MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LTD

CIN: L19129RJ1987PLC003889

Regd Office: F-26-A, RIICO Industrial Area, Manpura Macheri, AMER, Jaipur 303805 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE Year Ended 31.03.2023

	CURRENT YEAR		PREVIOUS YEAR	
PARTICULARS	2022	1-23	2021-22	
	DETAILS	AMOUNT	DETAILS	AMOUN
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Profit before exceptional and tax as Statement Profit & Loss (Increase				
in Reserves)	-298.22		-67.30	
Adjusted for :-				
Exceptional items	60.49		-29.27	
Adjustment for earlier year tax	-		-	
Finance Cost	54.70		50.09	
DTA/DTL				
Interest received	-39.39		-40.99	
RENT INCOME			-0.51	
Depreciation	26.17		-0.87	
Revaluation				
Profit on sale of fixed assets	0		-	
Other non-operating Income				
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	-196.24		-88.84	
Adjusted for:-				
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payable	277.18		18.58	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other financial liabilities	-31.38		-0.38	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other current liabilities	-441.79	i	533.06	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and other Receivables	135.79		-53.76	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Loans & Advances	93.41		-77.00	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Others current financial assets	80.26		14.91	
Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions (except IT)	52.24		1.74	
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	84.78		57.94	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other Current assets	-69.23		-113.27	
Cash Generated From Operations	-15.00		292.97	
Less:- Taxes Paid	0			
Net Cash Flow/(used)From Operating Activites		-15.00		29
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Bank Balance	10.50		3.14	
Purchase of Fixed Assets	-208.90		-134.32	
Sale of Fixed Assets	153.46		37.42	
Purchase /Sale of Investments	150.45		3.74	
Increase/Decrease in other non-current financial assets	-7.84		-0.93	
Increase/Decrease in other non-current assets	0.87		0.87	
(Increase)/ decrease to CWIP			134.24	
Proceeds From Sales/written off of Fixed Assets				
Interest received	39.39	 	40.99	
Dividend Received	57.57		10.00	
Rent Income	0.00		0.51	
Net Cash Flow/(used) in Investing Activities	3.30	-12.53		8
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-			
Procurement of Borrowings	336.17		-371.71	
Repayment of Borrowings	-233.58	+	-5/1./1	
Capital Subsidy under TUF	-2.0.36	+		
Interest paid	-54.70	+	-50.09	
Net Cash Flow/(used) From Financing Activities	-54.70	47.89	-50.08	-42
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent		20.36		-42
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent		(0.00)		-4
Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent		20.36	}	<u>-1</u>
·		20.36		-1
Notes:				
Cash and Cash Equivalent consists of following:-				
Cash on hand		5.86		1
Balances with Banks		27.29		
		33.15		1
Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent				

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/- Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR AMITA PODDAR (CEO & Director) (Chairperson & Director)

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar CFO

PAN: ANTPP3340A

Place: Jaipur Date: 31.10.2023 As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 000866C

Sd/-SUNIL SHUKLA PARTNER M.No. 071179

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31st March, 2023

			(AMOUNT IN Lacs
Particulars	Note No.	For the Period Ended 31st March, 2023 (IND AS)	For the Period Ended 31st March, 2022 (IND AS)
I. Revenue from operations	26	398.32	926.79
II. Other Income	27	276.20	42.68
III. Total Revenue (I +II)		674.52	969.47
IV. Expenses:		074.32	707.47
Cost of materials consumed	28	346,39	629.75
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade		510.53	- 025.70
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress			
and Stock-in-Trade	29	78.72	36.80
Employee/workers benefit expense	30	121.01	186.67
Finance costs	31	54.70	50.09
Depreciation and amortization expense		26.17	30.32
Other expenses	32	285.26	132.40
Total Expenses		912.25	1,066.04
V. Profit before exceptional items & tax (III - IV)		-237.73	-96.56
VI. Exceptional Items	33	60.49	-29.27
VII. Profit before tax (V - VI)		-298.22	-67.30
VIII. Tax expense:			
(1) Current tax	34	-	
(2) Deferred tax		-	
(3) Earlier Year tax		-	-
IX. Profit/(Loss) for the period from continuing		209.22	67.20
operations (VII-VIII)		-298.22	-67.30
X. Profit/(Loss) from discontinuing operations		-	-
XI. Tax expense of discounting operations		-	-
XII. Profit/(Loss) from Discontinuing operations (after			
Tax) (X - XI)		<u> </u>	-
XIII. Profit/(Loss) for the period (IX + XII)		-298.22	-67.30
Other Comprehensive Income		1	
Income Tax Effect			
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Taxes		-	-
Total comprehensive income		-298.22	-67.30
(1) Basic (2) Diluted	41	-0.00 -0.00	-0.00 -0.00
(2) 1/Huteu		-0.00	-0.00

For and on behalf of the Board

As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

Sd/- Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR AMITA PODDAR For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY (CEO & Director) (Chairperson & Director) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486 FRN: 000866C

Sd/- Sd/-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

Akhilesh Poddar SUNIL SHUKLA
CFO PARTNER
PAN: ANTPP3340A M.No. 071179

Place: Jaipur Date: 31.10.2023

COMPANY OVERVIEW 1

Mayur Leather Products Limited (the Company) is a publicly held Company incorporated on 13th March 1987. The registered office of the Company is located at G-60-62 & 67-69, Jaitpura Industrial Estate, Jaitpura, Jaipur-303704. The company is engaged in the manufacturing and export of Leather Shoes and Shoe Uppers. The majority sales of the Company comprises of exports. The Company is engaged in production of industrial shoe / uppers segment both internationally and in the domestic market. The Equity Shares of the Company are presently listed with the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE).

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ASSUMPTIONS AND NOTES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- Ministry of corporate affairs has notified roadmap to implement IND AS notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2016. And according to the said roadmap the company is required to apply IND AS in preparation of financial statement from the financial year beginning from 1st April 2017.
- These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the

'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the

Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Use of estimates, assumption and judgement

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. Actual results could vary from these estimates. The estimates, judgements and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Notes on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements). The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements comprising of the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of changes in equity, Statement of Cash Flow together with notes comprising a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the Year ended 31st March, 2023 and comparative information in respect of the preceding period and Balance Sheet as on transition date, i.e. 1st April 2016 have been prepared in accordance with IND AS as notified and duly approved by the Board of Directors, along with proper explanation for material departures.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4

41 Basis of Measurement

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except following which have been measured at fair value:

- Financial assets and liabilities except those carried at amortised cost
- b. Defined benefit plans Plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined obligations

An asset is classified as current when it is:

(a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,

(b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

(c)Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(d)Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is classified as current when it is:

(a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,

(b)Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or (c)There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after

the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and

4.2 Inventories

a. Raw Material:

Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at cost or landed value whichever is lower. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, components, stores and spares is determined on FIFO basis.

b. Finished goods & work in progress:

Work in progress is valued at cost

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a portion of manufacturing overhead based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.3 Statement of cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the method as prescribed in IND AS 7 'Statement of Cash flows', where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expense associated with investing or financial cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are secrecated.

4.4 <u>Prior Period Errors</u>

Prior period errors include omissions and misstatements arising from a failure to use reliable information that was available or could have been obtained when financial statements for those periods were approved for issue.

Prior period errors relating to the last comparative period will be shown by restating the comparative figures of Balance sheet and Profit and loss, wherever necessary. Thus, it will be disclosed in the comparative financial statements as if the error had not even occurred.

4.5 Revenue recognition and other income

a. Revenue on sale of products

The Company recognise revenues on accrual basis and measured it at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, volume rebates, GST. Revenue is shown inclusive of excise duty since excise duty is liability of the manufacturer which forms part of the cost of production, irrespective of whether the goods are sold or not.

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Export sale has been recognised at the time of removal of goods from factory at invoice value (whether FOB or CIF) on the basis of exchange rates declared by Custom Department for that particular month.

No significant financing component exists in the sales.

$b. \quad \underline{Revenue\,from\,services\,(Job\,Charges\,Received):}$

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

c. Export Benefits:

Export benefits in the form of Duty Drawback, Duty Entitlement Pass Book (DEPB) and other schemes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of exports made and when there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection of the relevant export proceeds.

4.6 Other income

a. <u>Interest</u>

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

b. <u>Dividend</u>

Dividend income is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the right to receive dividend is established.

c. Lease Rent

Lease Rent is recognized as income in the Statement of profit and loss on accrual basis i.e. as and when lease rent is due.

4.7 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that:

(a) are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; and

(b) are expected to be used during more than one period.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised in accordance with this Ind AS when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventory.

Initial recognition: The Company has applied for the one time transition exemption of considering the carrying cost on the transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 as the deemed cost under IND AS. The initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including non-refundable purchase taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to working condition and location for its intended use. It also includes the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent expenses and recognition: Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the costs are incurred. Subsequently Property, Plant and Equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gain/loss on disposal: The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

Depreciation: Property, Plant and Equipments except free hold land is depreciated on Straight Line Method in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions and deletion during the year has been provided on pro-data basis with reference to the month of addition and deletion.

Capital work in progress

The expenses relating to the construction of building is capitalised at the time when they are incurred. And when the asset would be completed, the same shall be transferred to asset a/c.

4.8 Leases

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straightline basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the excepted inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straightline basis over the lease term unless either (a) another systematic basis is more represantative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis, or (b) the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. In the event that lease premiums are paid to enter into operating leases, such premiums are recognised as a prepaid expenditure and amortised over the period of lease.

Financial lease transactions entered are considered as financial arrangements and the leased assets are capitalised on an amount equal to the present value of future lease payments and corresponding amount is recognised as a liability. The lease payments made are apportioned between finance charge and reduction of outstanding liability in relation to leased asset.

Leasehold land has been amortised over the remaining period of lease term.

4.9 <u>Intangible Assets</u>

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use.

4.10 Investments in Subsidiary

The Company has invested in shares of its subsidiary Mayur Global Private Limited of whose 52% shares are in hand of Mayur Leathers Product Limited.

4.11 Borrowing

Borrowings are initially recognised at net of transaction costs incurred and measured at amortised cost. Transaction cost is amortized over the period of Borrowing using straight line method

4.12 <u>Employee retirement benefits</u>

a. Short - term Employee Benefits:-

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related services

The Company recognises the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability after deducting any amount already paid.

b. Post-employment Benefits:-

(a) Defined Contribution Plan: Contribution to superannuation fund is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit & Loss as it is incurred. There are no other obligations. Eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary.

4.13 Earnings per share

- Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders' and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.
- Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholder
 and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except
 where the result would be anti-dilutive.

4.14 Impairment of assets

An asset is considered as impaired when at the date of Balance Sheet there are indications of impairment and the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use). The carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount and the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any impairment gain loss is transfarred to profit and loss.

4.15 <u>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</u>

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognised but disclosed in the notes. Contigent assets is neither recongnised nor disclosed in the financial statement.

Provisions and contingencies

a) Provisions

- Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.
- If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period
 government securities interest rate.

Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

b) Contingencies

- Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the
 existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain
 future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past
 events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable
 estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liabilities is disclosed in the Notes to
 the Financial Statements.
- Contingent assets are not recognised in the books of the accounts and are not disclosed in the notes.
 However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset and the corresponding income is booked in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.16 Income taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statement. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related defferred income tax assets is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if, it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are off set where the Company has a legally forceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

4.17 <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and at bank, deposits held at call with banks.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short term deposits, having maturity less than 3 months.

Other bank balances include FDRs with government department which are not readily available.

4.18 <u>Financial instruments - initial recognition, subsequent measurement and impairment</u>

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. <u>Financial Assets</u>

- Financial Assets are measured at amortised cost or fair value through Other Comprehensive Income or
 fair value through Profit or Loss, depending on the judgment of the management for managing those
 financial assets and the assets' contractual cash flow characteristics.
- Subsequent measurements of financial assets are dependent on initial categorisation. For impairment purposes, financial assets are assessed individually.

De-recognition of financial Asset

A financial asset is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the balance sheet) when:

- \bullet The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset. When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance

Trade receivables:

- A receivable is classified as a 'trade receivable' if it is in respect to the amount due from customers on
 account of goods sold or services rendered in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are
 recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less expected credit loss if
 any.
- Impairment is made for the expected credit losses. The estimated impairment losses are presented as a
 deduction from the value of trade receivables and the impairment losses are recognised in the Statement
 of Profit and Loss under "Other expenses".
- Subsequent changes in assessment of impairment are recognised in ECL and the change in impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Other Expenses".
- Individual receivables which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying
 amount of trade receivables and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss
 under "Other Expenses".
- · Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to "Other Income".

Investments in Mutual Funds

Investments in Mutual Funds have been valued at their fair values through Profit and Loss account, as on the closing date. The fair value has been taken from the market.

Financial liabilities

At initial recognition, all financial liabilities other than those valued at fair value through profit and loss are recognised at fair value less transaction costs that are directly related to the issue of financial liability. Transaction costs of financial liability carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading. The Company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial measurement recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

A payable is classified as 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid is recognised inprofit or loss as "Other Income" or "Finance Expense".

4.19 <u>Foreign Currency Transaction</u>

Transactions denominated in foreign currency are normally recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end and not covered by forward exchange contracts are translated at the year end rates and those covered by forward contracts are restated at each reporting date by using spot rate and exchange rate difference was booked. Corresponding Forward Contract Receivable & Payable is also booked in books of account taken on such forward contracts. The Exchange rate difference on Forward Contract was charged to Statement of Profit & Loss. Premium paid on such Forward Contract is charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on periodic basis.

4.20 Assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Any resulting impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On classification as held for sale the assets are no longer depreciated.

4.21 Segment reporting

The Company identifies primary segments based on nature of products and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the managing board in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

4.22 Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight - line basis over the expected lives of related assets and presented within other income.

5 <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS</u>

The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectation of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events that existed as at the reporting date, or that which occured after the date but provide additional evidence about the conditions existing at the reporting date.

a Property, plant and equipment

Management assesses the remaining useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment.
 Management believes that the assigned useful lives and residual value are reasonable.

b <u>Income taxes</u>

- Management judgment is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities.
- The Company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors
 used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the
 amounts reported in the standalone financial statements.

Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of
contingencies/claim/litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of
pending matters with accuracy.

d <u>Impairment of accounts receivable and advances</u>

Trade receivables carry interest and are stated at their fair value as reduced by appropriate allowances for expected credit losses. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not to be collectible. Impairment is recognised for the expected credit losses.

$\epsilon - \underline{Discounting}$ of Security deposit, and other long term liabilities

For majority of the security deposits received, the timing of outflow, as mentioned in the underlying contracts, is not substantially long enough to discount. The treatment would not provide any meaningful information and would have no material impact on the financial statements.

1 COMPANY OVERVIEW

Mayur Leather Products Limited (the Company) is a publicly held Company incorporated on 13th March 1987. The registered office of the Company is located at G-60-62 & 67-69, Jaitpura Industrial Estate, Jaitpura, Jaipur-303704. The company is engaged in the manufacturing and export of Leather Shoes and Shoe Uppers. The majority sales of the Company comprises of exports. The Company is engaged in production of industrial shoe / uppers segment both internationally and in the domestic market. The Equity Shares of the Company are presently listed with the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE).

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ASSUMPTIONS AND NOTES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- Ministry of corporate affairs has notified roadmap to implement IND AS notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2016. And according to the said roadmap the company is required to apply IND AS in preparation of financial statement from the financial year beginning from 1st April 2017.
- These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the

'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the

Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Use of estimates, assumption and judgement

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. Actual results could vary from these estimates. The estimates, judgements and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Notes on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements). The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

3 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements comprising of the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of changes in equity, Statement of Cash Flow together with notes comprising a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the Year ended 31st March, 2023 and comparative information in respect of the preceding period and Balance Sheet as on transition date, i.e. 1st April 2016 have been prepared in accordance with IND AS as notified and duly approved by the Board of Directors, along with proper explanation for material departures.

4 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of Measurement

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except following which have been measured at fair value:

- a. Financial assets and liabilities except those carried at amortised cost
- b. Defined benefit plans Plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined obligations

An asset is classified as current when it is:

(a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle, $\[$

(b)Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

(c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right)$

(d)Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is classified as current when it is:

(a)Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,

(b) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right)$

(c)There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

4.2 <u>Inventories</u>

a. Raw Material:

Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at cost or landed value whichever is lower. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, components, stores and spares is determined on FIFO basis.

b. Finished goods & work in progress:

Work in progress is valued at cost

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a portion of manufacturing overhead based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.3 Statement of cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the method as prescribed in IND AS 7 'Statement of Cash flows', where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expense associated with investing or financial cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

4.4 Prior Period Errors

Prior period errors include omissions and misstatements arising from a failure to use reliable information that was available or could have been obtained when financial statements for those periods were approved for issue.

Prior period errors relating to the last comparative period will be shown by restating the comparative figures of Balance sheet and Profit and loss, wherever necessary. Thus, it will be disclosed in the comparative financial statements as if the error had not even occurred.

4.5 Revenue recognition and other income

a. Revenue on sale of products

The Company recognise revenues on accrual basis and measured it at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, volume rebates, CST. Revenue is shown inclusive of excise duty since excise duty is liability of the manufacturer which forms part of the cost of production, irrespective of whether the goods are sold or not

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Export sale has been recognised at the time of removal of goods from factory at invoice value (whether FOB or CIF) on the basis of exchange rates declared by Custom Department for that particular month.

No significant financing component exists in the sales.

b. Revenue from services (Job Charges Received):

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

c. Export Benefits:

Export benefits in the form of Duty Drawback, Duty Entitlement Pass Book (DEPB) and other schemes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of exports made and when there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection of the relevant export proceeds.

4.6 Other income

a. <u>Interest</u>

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

b. <u>Dividend</u>

Dividend income is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the right to receive dividend is established.

c. Lease Rent

Lease Rent is recognized as income in the Statement of profit and loss on accrual basis i.e. as and when lease rent is due.

4.7 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that:

(a) are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; and

(b) are expected to be used during more than one period.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised in accordance with this Ind AS when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventory.

Initial recognition: The Company has applied for the one time transition exemption of considering the carrying cost on the transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 as the deemed cost under IND AS. The initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including non-refundable purchase taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to working condition and location for its intended use. It also includes the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent expenses and recognition: Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the costs are incurred. Subsequently Property, Plant and Equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gain/loss on disposal: The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

Depreciation: Property, Plant and Equipments except free hold land is depreciated on Straight Line Method in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions and deletion during the year has been provided on pro-data basis with reference to the month of addition and deletion.

Capital work in progress

The expenses relating to the construction of building is capitalised at the time when they are incurred. And when the asset would be completed, the same shall be transferred to asset a/c.

4.8 <u>Leases</u>

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the excepted inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless either (a) another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis, or (b) the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. In the event that lease premiums are paid to enter into operating leases, such premiums are recognised as a prepaid expenditure and amortised over the period of lease.

Financial lease transactions entered are considered as financial arrangements and the leased assets are capitalised on an amount equal to the present value of future lease payments and corresponding amount is recognised as a liability. The lease payments made are apportioned between finance charge and reduction of outstanding liability in relation to leased asset.

Leasehold land has been amortised over the remaining period of lease term.

4.9 <u>Intangible Assets</u>

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use.

4.10 <u>Investments in Subsidiary</u>

The Company has invested in shares of its subsidiary Mayur Global Private Limited of whose 52% shares are in hand of Mayur Leathers Product Limited.

4.11 Borrowing

Borrowings are initially recognised at net of transaction costs incurred and measured at amortised cost. Transaction cost is amortized over the period of Borrowing using straight line method

4.12 <u>Employee retirement benefits</u>

a. Short - term Employee Benefits:-

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related services

The Company recognises the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability after deducting any amount already paid.

b. Post-employment Benefits:-

(a) **Defined Contribution Plan**: Contribution to superannuation fund is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit & Loss as it is incurred. There are no other obligations. Eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary.

4.13 <u>Earnings per share</u>

- Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders' and weighted
 average number of shares outstanding during the year.
- Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholder' and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

4.14 <u>Impairment of assets</u>

An asset is considered as impaired when at the date of Balance Sheet there are indications of impairment and the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use). The carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount and the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any impairment gain loss is transfarred to profit and loss.

4.15 <u>Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets</u>

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognised but disclosed in the notes. Contigent assets is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statement.

Provisions and contingencies

a) Provisions

- Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past
 event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the
 obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.
- If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period government securities interest rate.

Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

b) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liabilities is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the books of the accounts and are not disclosed in the notes. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset and the corresponding income is booked in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.16 Income taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statement. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related defferred income tax assets is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if, it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are off set where the Company has a legally forceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

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Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and at bank, deposits held at call with banks.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short term deposits, having maturity less than 3 months.

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A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

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- \bullet The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset. When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance

Trade receivables

A receivable is classified as a 'trade receivable' if it is in respect to the amount due from customers on account of goods sold or services rendered in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less expected credit loss if any.

- Impairment is made for the expected credit losses. The estimated impairment losses are presented as a deduction from the value of trade receivables and the impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Other expenses".
- Subsequent changes in assessment of impairment are recognised in ECL and the change in impairment losses are
 recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Other Expenses".
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Investments in Mutual Funds

Investments in Mutual Funds have been valued at their fair values through Profit and Loss account, as on the closing date. The fair value has been taken from the market.

Financial liabilities

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Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading. The Company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial measurement recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

A payable is classified as 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid is recognised inprofit or loss as "Other Income" or "Finance Expense".

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Transactions denominated in foreign currency are normally recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end and not covered by forward exchange contracts are translated at the year end rates and those covered by forward contracts are restated at each reporting date by using spot rate and exchange rate difference was booked. Corresponding Forward Contract Receivable & Payable is also booked in books of account taken on such forward contracts. The Exchange rate difference on Forward Contract was charged to Statement of Profit & Loss. Premium paid on such Forward Contract is charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on periodic basis.

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The Company identifies primary segments based on nature of products and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the managing board in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

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Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight - line basis over the expected lives of related assets and presented within other income.

5 <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS</u>

The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectation of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events that existed as at the reporting date, or that which occured after the date but provide additional evidence about the conditions existing at the reporting date.

a Property, plant and equipment

 Management assesses the remaining useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment. Management believes that the assigned useful lives and residual value are reasonable.

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- Management judgment is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities.
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 estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the amounts reported in the
 standalone financial statements.

c Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of
contingencies/claim/litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters
with accuracy.

d <u>Impairment of accounts receivable and advances</u>

Trade receivables carry interest and are stated at their fair value as reduced by appropriate allowances for expected
credit losses. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not to be collectible.
Impairment is recognised for the expected credit losses.

${\tt e} \quad \underline{ \ \, \textbf{Discounting of Security deposit, and other long term liabilities} }$

For majority of the security deposits received, the timing of outflow, as mentioned in the underlying contracts, is not
substantially long enough to discount. The treatment would not provide any meaningful information and would
have no material impact on the financial statements.

6(a) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

articulars	Building			Laboratory Equipments	Plant & Machinery	Office Equipments	Electric Installation	Diesel & Generator Set	Computer	Motor Vehicles	Shoe Last	Dies	Moulds	COMPUTER	ELECTRIC FITTING	FURNITURE	OFFICE EQUIPMENTS	OFFICE BUILDING	Total	
ross Carrying Amount					· ·				<u> </u>								Ť			
s at April 1, 2016	1	57.21	29.08	16.48	349.55	31.25	7.24	10.27	26.30	59.19	14.98	26.14		2.60	7.61	66.60	22.95			
dditions		-	-	-	-	0.21	-	2.03	0.59	-	-	-	78.34	-	-		-			
dditions		-	1.64	-	136.34	0.08	-	-	-	11.70	0.06		78.34	-	-	-	-		0.00	
isposals		-	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.00	
s at March 31, 2021		-	30.72	16.48	484.31	31.53	7.81	12.47	26.89	50.18	15.72	26.14	-	2.60	7.61	66.60	22.95	11.02	11.02	
dditions	1	34.24	0.50	0.21	5.26	0.57	0.13	0.18	0.46	0.60	0.26	0.46	79.12	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	
risposals		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	0.48	-	-	1.18	-	-	0.60	-	11.02	11.02	
s at March 31, 2022	1	34.24	31.22	16.69	489.57	32.10	7.93	12.65	27.35	50.29	15.98	26.60	-	2.60	7.61	66.01	22.95	-	0.01	
dditions		2.50	-	-	11.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80.30		-	-	-		0.00	
risposals		-	0.99	_	117.24	0.43	-	-	-	34.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00	
s at March 31, 2023	1	36.74	30.23	16.69	383.58	31.67	7.93	12.65	27.35	15.50	15.98	26.60	-	2.60	7.61	66.01	22.95		0.01	
		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	
CCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-		-	
s at March 31, 2022		4.25	29.95	13.82	370.11	27.09	6.80	10.49	25.07	37.63	13.52	23.44	-	2.47	7.22	62.71	21.81	0.00	0.01	
risposals		-	0.94	-	124.93	0.44	0.08	-	-	35.36	-	0.09	62.00	_	-	-	-	-	0.00	
		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
dditions		4.41	-0.51	1.19	47.67	0.04	0.13	-	-	6.24	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	-		0.00	
djustment for previous year		-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
s at March 31, 2023		8.66	28.51	15.00	292.85	26.69	6.86	10.49	25.07	8.51	13.52	23.50			7.22	62.71	21.81	0.00	0.00	
		-	-	-		-	-			-	-		62.00		-	-	-		-	
s at 30.06.2019		-	1.66	3.32	137.62	4.97				16.50	2.56		4		0.46	3.88			8.15	
s at 31.03.2022		29.99	1.27	2.88	119.46	5.01	1.13	2.17	2.28	12.66	2.45				0.38	3.30	1.15	-0.00	0.00	
s at 31.03.2023	1	28.08	1.73	1.69	90.73	4.97	1.08	2.17	2.28	6.99	2.45	3.09	18.30	0.13	0.38	3.30	1.15		0.00	

Slb March 2021 - 31st March, 2022 -

6(c) The expenses relating to the construction of building is capitalised at the time when they are incurred. And when the asset would be completed, the same shall be transferred to asset a/c.

31st March 2019	16.52446
31st March, 2020	16.52446
31st March, 2021	16.52446
31st March, 2022	16.52446
31st March, 2023	16.52446

Capital Work in Progress - Standalone	Less	1-2	2-3	More than 3 Years	
	than 1 Year	Ye ars	Years		Total
as at 31 March, 2022					
Particular				16.52	16.52446
(a) Project in Progress				16.52	16.52446
(b) Project Temprorarily Suspended					
Total					

Capital Work in Progress - Standalone	Less	1-2	2-3	More than 3 Years	
	than 1 Year	Ye ars	Years		Total
as at 31 March, 2021					
Particular				16.52	16.52446
(a) Project in Progress				16.52	16.52446
(b) Project Temprorarily Suspended					
Total					

Note 6	Property, Pla	nt & Equipment
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S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
	TANGIBLE ASSETS:		
1	Land	-	-
2	Building	128.08	129.99
3	Furniture & Fixtures	1.73	1.27
4	Laboratory Equipments	1.68	2.87
5	Plant & Machinery	90.31	119.04
6	Office Equipments	4.20	4.23
7	Electric Installation	0.83	0.88
8	Diesel & Generator Set	1.78	1.78
9	Computer	1.22	1.22
10	Motor Vehicle	5.25	10.93
11	Shoe Last	1.39	1.39
12	Dies	0.82	0.88
13	Moulds	9.76	9.76
14	Office Building	-0.00	-0.00
	Restaurant	-	-
15	Computer	0.13	0.13
16	Electric Fittings	0.38	0.38
17	Furniture & Fixtures	3.30	3.30
18	Office Equipments	1.15	1.15
		-	-
	TOTAL	###### ###	###### ###

Note-7 Non- Current Investments

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
a	Equity shares in Mayur Global Private Limited	135.60	135.60
	13,56,000 shares at the rate Rs. 10/- each (10,00,000 shares as at 31st March 2016 and 31st March 2017)		
b	Investment in Mutual Funds	-	-
	TOTAL	135.60	135.60

Note-8 Other Non-Current Financial Assets

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Security Deposit with Parties	34.22	26.38
	TOTAL	34.22	26.38

Note-9	Other Non Current Asset		
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Unamortized Processing Charges Term Loan	1.17	1.56
2	Lease Frepayment	41.15	41.62
	TOTAL	42.32	43.19

Note-10 Inventories

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Raw Material	73.01	79.07
2	Work In process	5.91	84.63
3	Finished Goods	-	-
	TOTAL	78.93	163.70

(Refer Note on accounting policy for valuation policy of inventories)

Note-11 Trade Receivable

No	te-11	Trade Receivable		
5	5.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Г	1	Trade Receivables	44.07	179.87
		Less: Provision for Bad Debts	1.79	1.79
		TOTAL	42.28	178.07

Note-12 Cash & Cash Equivalents

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Bank Balance		
	- In Fixed Deposit	-	-
	- In Current Account and Deposit Account	27.29	0.72
2	-Cash in Hand	-	-
	In Local Currency	5.86	9.73
	In Foreign Currency	-	2.33
	TOTAL	33.15	12.79

Note-13 Other Bank Balance

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Unpaid Dividend Account	4.27	4.27
2	Bank Balance in FDR	=	10.50
3	3 MLF Employee's group Gratuity Bank Fund A/c		0.10
	TOTAL	4.37	14.87

Note-14 Loans and Advances

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	ADOLF IMPEX	-	-
2	Anita Gupta [L]	2.05	2.05
3	ARIHAN BUILDWELL	-	
4	Ashish Marketing	-	26.00
5	ASHOK KUMAR MALHOTRA HUF	29.10	20.00
6	Bhawani Shankar Samota	-	10.00
7	DIV REALTORS PVT. LTD.	125.46	100.75
8	Goodwill Enterprises	-	-
9	H.M.C. SOFTWARE PVT LTD	62.47	35.00
10	Ishwar Singh Verma	1.20	1.20
11	JINDAL BUILDSYS LIMITED	26.61	15.00
12	Nimai Medi Healthcare	3.89	26.00
13	NIMISHA PRASHANT	-	-
14	Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd. (Subsidiary Company)	-	-
15	Ram Babu Vijay	4.35	4.35
16	Ritu Kapur [L]	3.44	3.44
17	R K Pharmaceuticals	1.29	20.00
18	Shree jee Enterprises	3.65	30.00
19	SHUBHASHISH IT SERVICES LIMITED	101.34	93.75
20	SHUBHASHISH REALESTATE SERVICES PVT. LTD.	-	63.40
21	Sunrise International	-	-
22	United Prestress Industries	0.57	=
23	VIKAS LALIT KUMAR MEHATA	21.75	15.00
24	V3 International	0.35	15.00
	Total	387.54	480.95
	Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts		
	Grand Total	387.54	480.95

Note-15 Other current financial assets

11010 10	Other current imancial assets		
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
	a) Accrued subsidy against interest cost on FDB Limit	-	0.73
	b) Accrued Interest on Loan	-	79.93
	b) Accrued Interest on FDR	1.32	0.92
	TOTAL	1.32	81.58

Note-16 Other current assets

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
	a) Accrued Duty Drawback	0.56	0.56
	b) Prepaid Expenses	0.38	0.38
	c) Advances to Employees & Workers	-	-
	d) Advance Income Tax & TDS Receivable	8.10	10.14
	e) Advance with Government Authorities	-	97.39
	f) Lease Fre Payment	0.51	0.51
	g) Input Tax Credit	83.51	-
	h) Advance to suppliers	231.49	146.35
	TOTAL	324.56	255.33

Note-17	Equity Share capital			
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)	
1	Authorised :			
2	58,00,000 (58,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each Issued & Subscribed	580.00	580.00	
2				
	48,34,800 (48,34,800) Equity shares of Rs.10 each/-	483.48	483.48	
3	Paid Up			
	48,34,800 (48,34,800) Equity shares of Rs.10 each/-	483.48	483.48	
	(* figures in bracket are of Previous Year)			
4	Shares Forfeited	14.12	14.12	
	Total	497.60	497.60	

(a.) Equity Shares: - The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholderis eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation. The Equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their share holding.

(b) Details of Shares held by Share	sholders holding more than 5%	of the aggregat	te shares in the Company	
Name of Share Holder	AS AT 31.03.23		AS AT 31.03.22	% Change
	No. of Share	% of Shares	% of Shares	during the year
PROMOTERS:				
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	11,27,761	23.33%	23.33%	0.00%
Amita Poddar	6,86,100	14.19%	14.19%	0.00%
NON- PROMOTERS:				
Mayur Global Private Limited	7,16,241	14.81%	14.81%	0.00%
Sarita Gupta	2,59,666	5.37%	5.37%	0.00%
Akhilesh Poddar	2,56,950	5.31 %	5.31%	0.00%
Total	30,46,718	63.01%	63.01%	
(c) Reconciliation of the Number o	f Equity Shares			
	AS AT 31.03.23		AS AT 31.03.22	
	<u>Nos.</u>	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)	
Balance as at the beginning of the year	4834800.00	483.48	483.48	
Add : Shares Issued during the year	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Balance as at the end of the year	4834800.00	483.48	483.48	

d.) Equity Shares : -	- The Company has one class of equity shares h	aving a par value	of Rs. 10/- per share.	
	ligible for one vote per share held. The dividen			
ubject to the approv	val of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual G	eneral Meeting e	xcept in case of interim	
		1		
Note18	Other Equity			
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)	
	Reserves and Surplus			
	1 General Reserve			
	At the beginning of the year	171.70	171.70	
	Add; Additions during the year	1,1,,0	1,100	
	Less: withdrawals/transfer			
	Balance at the year end	171.70	171.70	
		1,1,,,	17 1.00	
	2 Security Premium Account	158.80	158.80	
	3 Surplus			
	At the beginning of the year	-395.48	-328.27	
	Add: Prior year IND AS	555.10	J20.27	
	Adjustments			
	Opening Balances considering IND As Adjustments	-395.48	-328.27	
	Add/(Less): Additions during the year	-298.22	-67.21	
	Add: Unamortized Transaction Cost			
	Less: Amortization of Leasehold land			
	Add: Increase in Value of investment due to fair value	t		
	Less: Deferred Tax Liabilitty			
		-693.70	-395.48	
	Add: Unamortized Processing charges			
	Less: Appropriations			
	Interim Dividend on Equity Shares for the Year			
	Proposed Dividend on Equity Shares for the Year	3		
	Dividend Distribution Tax			
	Transfer to General Reserve			
	Dividend Declared during the Year(2015-16)			
	Reversal of DTA/DTL			
	Add Other Committee I			
	Add: Other Comprehensive Income Balance at the year end	-		
TOTAL	Daiance at the year end	-363.20	-64.98	
		1 222.20	52,50	

Note 19		Non-Current Borrowing			
S.No.		Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)	
	1	Canara Bank-S Cross Car Loan	2.66	3.16	
	2	Canara Bank- Term Loan (2459755000020)	3.11	30.34	
	3	Canara Bank-Term Loan (170005631450)	30.97	-	
		Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.	30.00	-	
		Suresh Kumar Poddar	100.66	-	
	6	Komal buildcon Pvt. Ltd.	-	28.59	
TOTAL			167.40	62.08	
		rms of repayment for Long Term d borrowings: Nature of Security			
outstanding amounting	to I othe	020) from Canara Bank, balance Rs. 3306173.27 is secured by way of ecation of assets to be created out of WCTL .	of 152500/- co 2021 . Rate of	ach and 36th Installment ommencing from 30 june interest 7.50% p.a. as at year end.	
		palance outstanding amounting to Rs. way of hypothecation of Car.	starting fro installment due	34 quarterly installments m October, 2017. Last e in October, 2024. Rate of 5% p.a. as at year end.	
amounting to Rs. 3096650	0.31	om Canara Bank, balance outstanding is secured by way of Hypothecation ts to be created out of WCTL .	Rs.83300/- eac 84500/ Rate o	n first 35 Installments of h and 36th Installment of of interest 7.90% p.a. as at year end.	
Note-20		Deferred tax liabilities (Net)			
S.No.		Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)	
		Major components of deferred tax balances			
	1	Deferred Tax Liabilities		0	
TOTAL		Deferred Tax Liabilities	14.30	14.30	
TOTAL			14.30	14.30	

			l
Note-21	Current Borrowing		
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
	Working Captital Loan repayable on demand from Banks:	0	0
	Secured	0	0
1	Canara Bank - FDB Limit Utilised	-	11.14
	Canara Bank - Packing credit	43.00	49.96
	Canara Bank - CC Limit	211.68	202.28
4	Aditya Birla Finance Ltd	-	-
5	Canara Bank-Plant & Machinery Loan	0	0
	Canara Bank Loan C.C	0	0
	Canara Bank P.C.	0	0
	Canara Bank- Car Loan Scross	-	-
Ğ	HDFC Bank Chomu (0327)	-	-
	TOTAL	254.68	263.38
Nature of Security and terms	of repayment for Current Borrowing		
	Nature of Security		
Borrowings mentioned above		Interest rate @ 1	0.6%
Trade receivables, Inventor	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building	Interest rate @ 1	0.6%
	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	0.6% As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As	As On 31/03/2022 (As
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No. 1	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables Total	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No. 1 Note-23	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables TOTAL Other Current Financial Liabilities	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS) 447.21 447.21 As On 31/03/2023 (As	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS) 170.04 170.04 As On 31/03/2022 (As
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No. 1 Note-23 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables TOTAL Other Current Financial Liabilities Description Current maturities of Term Loan	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS) 447.21 447.21 As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS) 170.04 170.04 As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No. 1 Note-23 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables TOTAL Other Current Financial Liabilities Description Current maturities of Term Loan (2459755000020) (refer Note No. 2.3) Current maturities of S Cross Car	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS) 447.21 447.21 As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS) 170.04 170.04 As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
Trade receivables, Inventor Note-22 S.No. 1 Note-23 S.No.	e (1), (2) and (3) are secured by way of ies, Plant & Machinery and Building Trade Payables Description Trade Payables TOTAL Other Current Financial Liabilities Description Current maturities of Term Loan (2459755000020) (refer Note No. 2.3)	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS) 447.21 447.21 As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS) 170.04 170.04 As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)

Note-24	Other Current Liabilities		
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Statutory Liabilities	81.17	26.32
2	Other Liabilities	91.43	47.42
3	Salary & Wages	58.19	28.06
4	Expenses Payables	10.80	35.01
5	Short Term Provisions	-	-
6	IDFC First Bank	-	552.63
7	Advance from Customers	7.57	1.50
	TOTAL	249.16	690.95
Note-25	Provisions		
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
1	Provision for Income Tax	-	-
2	Proposed Dividend	-	-
3	Dividend Distribution Tax Payable	-	-
4	Bonus Payable	53.98	1.74
	TOTAL	53.98	1.74

Note	26: Revenue From Operations		
Note	20. Revenue From Operations		
	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
(a)	Sale of products		
	(i) Export Sales		
	Shoes	-	15.65
	Upper	-	=
	Others		
	(ii) Local Sales		
	Shoes	398.31	903.91
	Others	0.02	6.36
(b)	Other Operating Income		
	<u>Duty Drawback</u>		
	Shoes	-	0.87
	Upper	-	-
	Duty Credit Scripts		0.04
-	Packing Expenses Outward	- 200.00	0.01
	Total	398.32	926.79
Note	27: Other Income		
	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
	Recovery againsy loss of damaged goods		
	Rent Received(city Office)		0.51
	Rent Rates & Taxes (Res)	135.75	=
	Interest on Loan	36.91	39.56
	Interest on FDR	1.42	1.43
	Interest Received	1.06	0.00
	Freight	-	-
	Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	11.92	-
	Export Rate Difference	-	0.00
	Exchange Rate Difference	0.36	0.19
	Scrap Sales	_	0.30
	Interest on Income Tax Refund	_	_
	Rate Difference in Export Material	0.20	_
	Insurance received Keyman	19.54	0.69
	Insurance claim receivable for lost material		-
	Claim for Quality Difference		_
	Discount Received		_
	Increase in value of Mutual funds		0.00
	FPS License Received		0.00
	Miscellaneous Income	69.03	_
	Total	276.20	40.69
	10141	270.20	42.68
Note	28: Cost of Material Consumed		
	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
	Opening Stock	79.07	100.21
	Add: Purchase of Raw Material	340.30	594.81
	Add: Packing, Forwrding & Freight	0.03	12.77
	Add: Insurance		1.03
		419.40	708.83
	Less: Closing Stock	73.01	79.07
	Total	346.39	629.75

	T	_	ı
<u>Note 29</u>	: Changes in inventories of Finished Goods & WIP		
		For the period	For the period
	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
		ended 31.03.2023	ended 31.03.2022
	Opening Inventories		
	Finished Goods	_	12.78
	Work in progress	84.63	108.66
	Work in progress	84.63	121.43
Less:	Closing Inventories	01.00	121.15
Less.	Finished Goods		_
			l
	Work in progress	5.91	84.63
		5.91	84.63
	INCREASE/(DECREASE)	78.72	36.80
Note 30	: Employee benefits expense		
		F 41 1 1	P (1) 1
	Particulars	For the period	For the period
		ended 31.03.2023	ended 31.03.2022
(i)	Salaries & Other Allowance	68.08	82.75
(ii)	Leave Encashment	-3.56	1.82
(iii)	Reimbursement of Medical Expenses	4.09	5.15
	*	0.31	0.38
(iv)	Reimbursement of Conveyance Expenses		
(v)	Insurance Premium on Mediclaim & Gratuity scheme	0.44	-
(vi)	Contribution to Provident Fund	0.88	2.41
(viii)	Bonus	4.21	5.33
(ix)	Contribution to ESIC	0.31	0.98
(x)	Contribution to Gratuity	7.66	1.29
(xi)	Insurance Premium Keyman Insurance Policy	-	=
(xii)	Staff welfare Expenses	0.93	0.91
(xiii)	Security Charges	28.71	15.08
(xiv)	Cleaning and House Keeping	8.84	0.05
(xv)	Processing Charges	_	59.60
(xvi)	Production Incentives	0.10	3.35
(xvii)	Lease Rent for Supply of Manpower	5,125	3.15
(xviii)	Recruitment, Training & Stipend		-0.17
(xvix)	Sitting fees	+	4.60
Total	Sitting rees	101.01	
Total		121.01	186.67
N			
Note 31	: Finance Cost		
		For the period	For the period
	Particulars Particulars	ended 31.03.2023	ended 31.03.2022
(i)	Bank Charges	5.97	3.26
(ii)	Interest on CC Limit	23.90	26.48
(iii)	Interest on FDB Limit utilised	0.90	0.31
(iv)	Interest on Packing Credit	3.88	5.18
(v)	Interest on Term Loan Plant & Machinery	-	-
(vi)	Processing Fees of term loan	0.07	1.39
(vii)	Bank Penal Charges	-	-
(viii)	Interest on Vehicle loan	0.34	0.43
(ix)	Rating Charges	-	-
(x)	Interest on TDS	1.06	0.74
(xi)	Interest on Term Loan	8.27	5.08
(xii)	Interest on Loan	10.31	7.22
Total		54.70	50.09
Note 32	2: Other expenses		
	<u> </u>		
	l .	1	I

	Particular s	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
(a)	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES		
	Processing Charges	48.26	-
	Power, Fuel & Water	29.84	39.78
	Repairs & Maintenance	- 0.45	-
	-Machinery & Electricals -Building	0.45	0.37 0.06
	Consumable Stores		- 0.00
	Development /Laboratory & testing	_	0.03
	Rubber Cess	-	-
	Total	78.56	40.23
(1.)	SELLING EXPENSES		
(b)	Clearing & Forwarding Expenses		0,33
	ECGC Premium	0.05	0.49
	Claim for Quality & Repair	-	-
	Discount on Sales	52.18	-
	Exchange Rate difference foreign currency	_	_
	Embassy Legislation Charges	-	-
	Rate Difference	0.03	-
	Incentive Clearance Exp	- 0.45	- 245
	Freight & Cartage Outward Inspection Fee	3.45	2.15
	Licence Fee	-	-
	Sales Promotion Expenses	7.64	2.13
	Sales Commision	2.16	0.20
	Loading/Unloading Charges	-	-
	Packaging Expense	-	-
	Tender Application fee	0.05	-
	Labour Expenses Penalty & Demand	0.02	4.91
	Total	65.57	10.22
	10141	65.57	10.22
(c)	ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
	Lease Rent for Immovable Property	6.00	9.60
	Conveyance Expenses	11.37	15.34
	Postage & Courier Expenses	1.02	1.65
	Donation	0.02	0.02
	ISO Expenses Insurance Premium (Vehicle)	0.58	0.15 0.77
	Internal Audit Fees	12.80	-
	Payment to Auditors	-	-
	-Statutory Audit Fees	1.15	1.15
	-Other Services	0.60	0.71
	Legal & Professional Expenses	61.61	15.34
	Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses	2.33	6.16
	Membership Fees & subscription	-	0.39
	Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off	•	1.44
	Other Expenses	-	0.06
	Printing and Stationery	2.12	0.15
	Repairs & Maintenance -General	21.87	1.88
	Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle	1.54	=
	Rent Charges	2.14	1.75
	Telephone and internet Expenses	0.60	0.70
	Amortization of leasehold land	0.47	-
	Amortization of Processing Fees	0.39	=
	Diesel and Oil Round off	0.18	0.09
	EPD @ 3.5%	7.86	16.76
	NCD @ 1.5%	3.20	7.29
	TD @ .5%	=	
	RIICO Maintenance Charges	2.36	-
	Corona Expenses	-	0.01
	Pooja & Prasad Expenses	0.22	0.29
	Travelling Expenses Foreign	-	-
	-Foreign -Local	0.56	0.25
	Total (C)	141.14	81.95
	Total (A+B+C)	285.26	132.40
			·

1 1 22 T		
ote 33: Exceptional Items		
I	F(1	F (1
Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.202
Loss/(Profit) on sale of Fixed Assets	11.94	-29.2
Prior Period Item	48.55	
Total	60.49	-29.2
ote 34: Income Tax Expenses		
ax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.202
Current Tax		
Provision for Income Tax (Current Year)		
Short / (Excess) Provision for incometax of earlier Years Adjusted		
Total		
Deferred Tax		
Deferred Tax charge/(credit)		
Total Deferred Income Tax expense/(benefit)		
Tax in respect of earlier years		
Total income tax expense		-

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	PINIANGIAL DIGIZAKANIA GENERATE			
35	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT			
35.1	Financial risk management objectives and policies			
	The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of ho	w to plan and exec	ute its business	strategies. The
35.2	Financial risk factors			
١.	The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of trade pay	ahles horrowings a	and other liabilit	ties. The main
+	The Company has given loans to other parties, trade and other rece			
Ť	The Company has given loans to other parties, trade and other rece	I vables, investinen	is in equity smar	es and cash and
+				
	The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:	Г		ı
	a. <u>Market risk</u>			
1.	Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a fi	nancial instrument	will fluctuate b	ecause of changes
	b. Interest Rate Risk			*
٠.	Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future	re cash flows that m	nav result from a	change in the
+	That we then be the flow of 1000 of factore continues of factor	ic capit ito wo attac it	my result from t	a citalige in the
+	L. Controll			
	b. Credit risk			
<u>. </u>	Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligation			
•	The Company makes major of its sales, either on an advance basis	or against credit, an	d hence the cre	dit risk is minimal.
	The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2023 is as below:			
			Due for more	
	Particulars Particulars	Due upto 36	than 36	Total
	I HAVE CHIMIS	Months	Months	13111
+	C I	40.00		40.00
+	Good	42.28	0	42.28
	Doubtful			
\bot	Others			
	Gross	42.28	0	42.28
	Expected Credit Losses			
1				
+	The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2022 is as below:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
+	The agentig of trade receivables as off 51st March 2022 is as below.			(In Ruppees)
+				(III Kuppees)
			D (
1		Duo sunto 26	Due for more	
	Particulars	Due upto 36	than 36	Total
	Particulars	Due upto 36 Months		Total
		Months	than 36	
	Good		than 36	Total 178.07
	Good Doubtful	Months	than 36	
	Good Doubtful Others	Months 178.07	than 36	178.07
	Good Doubtful	Months	than 36	
	Good Doubtful Others	Months 178.07	than 36 Months	178.07
	Good Doubtful Others Gross	Months 178.07	than 36 Months	178.07
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses	Months 178.07	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 -
	Good Doubtful Others Gross	Months 178.07	than 36 Months	178.07
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses	Months 178.07	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 -
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses	Months 178.07 178.07	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 -
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 -
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below:	Months 178.07 178.07	than 36 Months Due for more	178.07 178.07 - (In Lacs)
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below:	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 - (In Lacs)
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59	than 36 Months Due for more than 36	178.07 178.07 - (In Lacs)
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 - (In Lacs)
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49	178.07 178.07 - (In Lacs)
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses c. Liquidity risk	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses c. Liquidity risk	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 its present and fut sof liquidity to mee	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 t its present and fut s of liquidity to mee	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 t its present and fut s of liquidity to mee	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 t its present and fut s of liquidity to mee	than 36 Months Due for more than 36 Months 1.49 1.49	178.07 178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and futs of liquidity to meether the second of the second	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and futs of liquidity to meether the second of the second	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses c. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp Expected Credit Losses 100% Expected Credit losses are recognised for all financial assets to	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and futs of liquidity to meether the second of the second	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and futs of liquidity to meether the second of the second	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses c. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp Expected Credit Losses 100% Expected Credit losses are recognised for all financial assets to	Months 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and futs of liquidity to meether the second of the second	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp Expected Credit Losses 100% Expected Credit losses are recognised for all financial assets of Financial instruments and cash deposits	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut sof liquidity to meet any is there. In case which have become	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The codities sold by the
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses c. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp Expected Credit Losses 100% Expected Credit losses are recognised for all financial assets to	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut sof liquidity to meet any is there. In case which have become	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The codities sold by the
	Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses The ageing of trade receivables as on 31st March 2017 is as below: Particulars Good Doubtful Others Gross Expected Credit Losses C. Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels Market Risk Commodity price risk and sensitivity Being a manufacturing Company, the commodity risk of the Comp Expected Credit Losses 100% Expected Credit losses are recognised for all financial assets of Financial instruments and cash deposits	Months 178.07 178.07 178.07 Due upto 36 Months 426.59 1.79 428.38 1.79 tits present and fut sof liquidity to meet any is there. In case which have become	than 36 Months	178.07 178.07 (In Lacs) Total 428.08 428.08 1.79 Illateral obligations ements. The codities sold by the

36 Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- 1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.
- 3. IND AS 101 allows Company to fair value its property, plant and machinery on transition to IND AS, the Company has fair valued property, plant and equipment, and the fair valuation is based on deemed cost approach where the existing carrying amounts are treated as fair values.

The fair values for loans and security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate.

The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

For other financial assets and liabilities that are measured at amortised cost, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted prices / published NVA (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. It includes fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets and are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date and financial instruments like mutual funds for which net assets value (NAV) is published mutual fund operators at the balance sheet date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). It includes fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable then instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Particulars	As at 31st I	March, 2023	As at 31st l	March, 2022
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at amortised cost				
Trade Receivables	42.28	42.28	178.07	178.07
Cash & Cash Equivalents	33.15	33.15	12.79	12.79
Loans and Advances	387.54	387.54	480.95	480.95
Other Financial Assets (Current and non-current)	35.54	35.54	107.96	107.96

Particulars	As at 31st l	March, 2023	As at 31st 1	March, 2022
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income				
	,			
Particulars	As at 31st l	March, 2023	As at 31st l	March, 2022
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit and loss				
Mutual Funds	0	0	-	-
Particulars	As at 31st l	March, 2023	As at 31st]	March, 2022
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities designated at amortised cost				
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)	422.08	422.08	325.46	325.46
Trade Payables	447.21	447.21	170.04	170.04
Other Financial Liabilities	31.70	31.70	63.08	63.08
Particulars	As at 31st l	March, 2023	As at 31st l	March, 2022
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities designated at amortised cost at fair value through profit and loss				

37 FAIR VALUE HEIRARCHY

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and liabilities, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described below:

- a Quoted prices/published NAV (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1). It includes fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets and are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date.
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2). It includes fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, interest free security deposits) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable then instrument is included in level 2.
- c Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3). If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities accounted for in the Standalone Financial Statements as on the reporting date of the entity

As at 31st M	arch 2023		
Particulars Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables			42.28
Cash & Cash Equivalents			33.15
Other Financial Assets			35.54
Investments			135.60
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)			422.08
Trade Payables			170.04
Other Financial Liabilities			31.70

As at 31st March 2022			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables			178.07
Cash & Cash Equivalents			12.79
Other Financial Assets			107.96
Investments			135.60
Financial Liabilities			-
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)			325.46
Trade Payables			170.04
Other Financial Liabilities			63.08

As at 31st March 2021			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables			124.31
Cash & Cash Equivalents			25.56
Other Financial Assets			121.94
Investments	3.74		135.60
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)			698.21
Trade Payables			151.46
Other Financial Liabilities			63.46

During the year ended March 31, 2023 and Year Ended 31st March, 2022 there were no transfer into and out of Level 1 fair value measurements.

Following table describes the valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation for level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 respectively:

Particulars	Fair Value Heirarchy	Valuation Technique	Inputs Used
Financial Assets			
Investments	Level 1	Quoted prices	

38 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Objective

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. i.e. to provide maximum returns to the shareholders. The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios and safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns to the shareholders. The Company also proposes to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

Policy

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the rules and regulations framed by the Government under whose control the Company operates.

Process

The Company manage its capital by maintaining sound/optimal capital structure financial ratios, such as net debt-to-equity ratio on a monthly basis and implements capital structure improvement plan when necessary. Debt-to-equity ratio as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is as follows:

Particulars	As on 31st March,	As on 31st March,	As on 31st March
i articulars	2023	2022	2021
Total Non current debt	167.40	62.08	98.14
Total equity	497.60	497.60	499.83
Ratio	33.64%	12.48%	19.63%

39 Related Party Transactions

In accordance with the requirements of IND AS 24, name of the related party, related party relationship,

(i) Related party name and relationship:

Particulars	Designation
(a) Executive Directors:	
R.K Poddar	Director
Amita Poddar	Director
Ashwarya Poddar	Independent Director
Manoj Sharma	Independent Director

(b) Relatives of Executive Directors with whom transactions have taken place:

Particulars	Relation	
Akhilesh Poddar	Director's Son	
Suresh Kumar Poddar	Director's Brother	

(c) Non Excecutive Directors and Enterprises Over which they are able to exercise significant influence

Particulars	Designation		
Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.	Subsidiary Company		

(d) Other Related Parties

Particulars	Designation
Mayur Uniqouters Limited	Director's brother's Firm
CLASSIC INTERNATIONAL	Firm of Directors Brother
STOUT (INDIA) INDUSTRIES	Firm of Directors Brother

$\hbox{(ii) Transactions Carried Out With Related Parties referred in point 1 above in ordinary course of } \\$

(Rs. In Lacs)

Nature of Transactions	Related Parties			
	Referred to in 1(a) above	Referred to in 1(b) above	Referred to in 1(c) above	Referred to in 1(d) above
Purchases				
Goods & Material			-	
CLASSIC INTERNATIONAL				
STOUT (INDIA) INDUSTRIES				
Mayur Uniqouters Limited				-
Sales				
Goods & Material & Services			-	
CLASSIC INTERNATIONAL				
Mayur Uniqouters Limited				-
Expenses				
Jobwork expenses			-	
Lease Rent (Manpower & Building) - Mayur				
Global Pvt. Ltd (Subsidiary)			6.00	
Remuneration				
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	15.60			
Akhilesh Kumar Poddar		11.46		
Professional Fees(Consultancy)				
Manoj Sharma	3			

Employee Benefit Expenses	-	-	-	
Sitting Fees				
Amita Poddar				
Ashwarya Poddar				
Manoj Sharma				
Interest Paid				
Suresh Kumar Poddar		10.31		
Other Reimbursements				
Income				
Rent Income Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd				
(Subsidiary)				
Jobwork Income			-	
Interest/Dividend Recd. Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd (Subsidiary)			-	
Purchase of Plant and Machinery			=	

	Related		
Nature of Transactions	As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,	As at 31st March,
	2023	2022	2021
Outstandings			
Payable (Trade Payables and other Liabilities)			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Key Management Personnel	64.07	2.55	
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	64.97	3.55	
Amita Poddar	2.00	2.00	
Ashwarya Poddar	0.40	0.40	
Manoj Sharma Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel	0.50	2.20	2.82
	10.54	4.50	2.82
Akhilesh Poddar	10.54	1.56	
Suresh Kumar Poddar	100.66	-	
Subsidiary- Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.	62.56		
End of the year	241.62	9.70	2.82
Receivables			
Key Management Personnel			2.22
Rajendra Kumar Poddar		5.63	2.22
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel (Loans		0.00	
and advances,trade receivables)	_	_	_
Subsidiary- Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.	_	2.41	_
, , ,			2.22
End of the year	-	8.04	2.22
Executive Directors Compensation			
(a) Short term Employee Benefits			
Total Compensation			

40 ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of assets Pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022	
Current Assets			
Financial Assets			
Floating Charge			
Cash & Cash Equivalents			
Receivables	42.28	178.07	
Fixed Deposit lien by bank against term loan			
Short Term Loans & advances			
Non Financial Assets			
Floating Charge			
Inventories	78.93	163.70	
Other Current Assets			
Total Current assets Pledged as security			
Non Current Assets			
First Charge			
Land	41.15	41.62	
Building			
Furniture, fittings and equipment			
Plant and Machinary including Store & Spares	90.31	119.04	
Fixed Deposit lien by bank against term loan			
Others			
Total non-current assets Pledged as security			
Total assets Pledged as security	252.66	502.44	

41 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a reconciliation of the equity shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per equity share:

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022	
Issued number equity shares	4834800	4834800	
Potential Equity Shares	0	0	
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and Diluted	4834800	4834800	

Net profit available to equity holders of the Company used in the basic and diluted earnings per share was determined as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2023	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	
Profit and loss after tax	-298.22	-67.30	
Profit and loss after tax for EPS	-298.22	-67.30	
Basic Earnings per share	-0.00	-0.00	
Diluted Earnings per share	-0.00	-0.00	

The number of shares used in computing basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

The diluted EPS is calculated on the same basis as basic EPS, after adjusting for the effects of potential dilutive equity.

42 Financial and Derivatives Instruments

The company have following foreign curreny earnings and expenditures:

(Amount in Lacs)

Expenses in foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31th March, 2023	As at 31th March, 2022	As at 31th March, 2021	As at 31th March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2020
Travelling	-	-		-	
Claims and Compensations - For quality and development	_	-			
Raw Materail Purchase	_	-		0.89	7.73
Membership	-	ı	ı	0.42	
	-	-	-	1.31	7.73

Earning in Foreign Currency

Particulars	As at 31th March, 2023	As at 31th March, 2022	As at 31th March, 2021	As at 31th March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2020
Export of Goods on FOB Basis	-	16	43.69	29.64	127.94
	-	15.65	43.69	29.64	127.94

The management has considered all the possible effects, if any, that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the results of operations, liquidity, capital resources and carrying amounts of trade receivables and inventories (including biological assets). In developing the assumptions and estimates relating to the uncertainties as on the balance sheet date in relation to the recoverable amounts of the assets, the management has considered the global economic conditions prevailing as at the date of approval of these financial results and has used the internal and external sources of information to yhe extent determined by it. The actual outcome of these assumptions and estimates may vary in future due to the impact of the pandemic. The managements will continue to monitor and assess the ongoing developments and respond accordingly.

Gratuity Liability has been calculated on estimated basis and not as per Acturial Valuation which is requied as per Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits"

The Company has given Loans and Advances are subject to Confirmation and Reconciliation.

For and on behalf of the Board

As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY

Sd/- Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR AMITA PODDAR

(Chairperson & Director) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486 FRN: 000866C

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar

(CEO & Director)

CFO

PAN: ANTPP3340A Sd/-

SUNIL SHUKLA

Place: Jaipur PARTNER

Date: 31.10.2023 M.No. 071179

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of Mayur Leather Products Limited ("hereinafter referred to as the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), (refer Note 1to the attached consolidated Ind AS financial statements), comprising of the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss(including Other Comprehensive Income), the consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information prepared based on the relevant records (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our Opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects and indeterminate effect of the matters described in the basis for Qualified Opinion section below, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31,2023 and total comprehensive income (comprising profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Qualified Opinion

As Detailed in Note No. 47 of consolidated Financial Statements, Gratuity has not been provided as per actuary valuation as required in IND AS-19 (Employees Benefits).

As Detailed in Note No. 48 of consolidated Financial Statements, Loans and Advances amounting in Rs.422.34 Lakhs are subject to confirmation and Reconciliation.

Emphasis of matter

We draw your attention to Note 46 to the standalone financial statements, which describe the management's assessment of the impact of the outbreak of coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic on the business operations of the Company. The management believes that no adjustments, other than those already considered, are required in the financial statements as it does not impact the current financial year, however in view of the various preventive measures taken (such as complete lock-down restrictions by the Government of India, travel restrictions etc.) and highly uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as the evolve.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

- 1. We draw attention to Annexure to the Auditor's Report Para No. vii (a) that the Holding Company is not regular in depositing its statutory dues with appropriate authorities. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.
- 2. The Holding Company is in process to prepare Return and reconciliation for Goods and Service tax for the financial year 2022-23. In the absence of sufficient details and information, we are unable to determine the correct liabilities of tax, interest and penalty; accordingly we are unable to comment on the impact of related liability included in these Consolidated Financial Statements.

3. Going Concern

Going Concern is an accounting term for business that is assumed will meet its financial obligations when they become due. It functions without the threat of liquidation for the foreseeable future. Hence a declaration of going concern means that the business has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate or to materially curtail the scale of its operation. The company is preparing its financial statement on going concern basis.

However, in our case the company is not sound and incurring losses for last few years. Further company is not paying its statutory dues. This indicate that Material Uncertainty exist that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other Information: The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our Auditors Report thereon.

The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report. Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial

Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appear to be materially misstated. When we read the annual report, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements:

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and Changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, (as amended) under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or the cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so, the Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain scepticism throw-out the audit. We also;

- Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures
 responsive to those risk and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting
 from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain and understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the
 Act, we are responsible for expressing our opinion whether the company has adequate
 internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosure are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our auditors report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Standalone Financial Statements including the disclosures and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planed scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement the we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence ,and to communicate with them all relationship and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safe guards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matter in our auditors report unless law or regulations precludes public disclosures about the matters or when in extremely rare circumstances ,we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our

report because the adverse consequence of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communications

OTHER MATTER

We did not audit the Financial Information of one subsidiary whose Financial Information reflect total assets of Rs. 303.88 Lakhs, and net assets of Rs. 297.02 Lakhs as at March 31, 2023 and total revenue of Rs. 8.24 Lakhs. Total comprehensive Loss (comprising of Loss and other comprehensive Loss) of Rs. 50.64 Lakhs and net cash flow amounting to (Rs.-3.56 Lakhs) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated financial statements. These Financial information have been audited by other auditor whose report have been furnished by the management, and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary and our report in terms of sub section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on the report of the other auditor.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Para (xxi) of CARO Report:

There have been qualifications/adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditors Report) order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

S. No.	Name	Holding/Subsidiary	Clause No. Of Caro
			Which Is
			Qualified/Adverse
			Remark
	Mayur Leather Products Limited	Holding Company	V, VII & IX
	Mayur Global Private Limited	Subsidiary Company	VII

- 1. As required by Section143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- a. We have sought and, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Holding Company, including relevant records relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records of the Holding Company.
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant

- books of account maintained by the Holding Company including relevant records relating to the preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act except INDAS 19 (Employee Benefits).
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Holding Company is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - As Explained to us, the Company has no material impact of pending Litigation as at March 31, 2023 on its financial position in its Consolidated Ind AS financial statements;
 - ii. The Group does not have derivative contracts and in respect of other long-term contracts there are no material foreseeable losses as at March 31, 2023.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year ended March 31, 2023.
- (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 51(ii) to the Standalone Financial Statements);
- (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 51(ii) to the Standalone Financial Statements); and

- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- (d) No dividend was declared / paid during the year.
- (e) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- (f) with respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16):
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.
- (g) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 000886C

Sd/-

Place: Jaipur Date: 31/10/2023 (SUNIL SHUKLA)
PARTNER
M.NO. 071179
UDIN: 23071179BGZLWY6232

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in para (f) of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2.The Company's Management and Board of Directors, which are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

3.Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those standards and the Guidance Note require

that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal financial control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5.We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

6.A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures—that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

7.Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management, override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8.In our opinion, the Holding company and its subsidiary companies, which have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls systems over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 000886C

Place: Jaipur Date: 31/10/2023 (SUNIL SHUKLA)
PARTNER
M.NO. 071179
UDIN: 23071179BGZLWY6232

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH 2023

Particulars	Note No.	As On 31/03/2023 (As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022 (As per IND AS)
ATA A COTTON			
(1) ASSETS			
Non-current assets		202.05	224.10
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	6	293.85	334.19
(b) Capital Work-in Progress	6	- 16.50	16.50
(c) Intangible assets (d) Financial Assets	6	16.52	16.52
()			
(i) Investments	7	- 20.14	- 01.14
(ii) Other financial assets	8	39.14	31.14
(e) Deferred tax assets (net)			
(f) Other Non Current Assets	9	142.57	144.75
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	10	78.93	163.70
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade receivables	11	47.62	183.42
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	33.46	16.66
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13	4.37	14.87
(iv) Loans & Advances	14	422.34	570.44
(v) Others current financial assets	15	1.72	81.98
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)			
(d) Other current assets	16	338.00	273.36
Total Assets		1,418.52	1,831.03
(2)EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	17	425.97	425.97
(b) Other Equity	18	-297.14	17.59
(c) Non-controlling Interest		100.09	149.33
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	19	146.50	62.08
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	20	18.54	18.61
(c) Other Non Current Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	254.68	263.38
(ii) Trade payables	22	417.42	172.86
(iii) Other financial liabilities	23	36.64	65.69
(b) Other current liabilities	24	258.94	700.57
(c) Provisions	25	56.87	5.92
(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)			
Total Equity and Liabilities	- 	1,418.52	1,882.01

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

Sd/- Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR
(CEO & Director)
DIN No.: 00143571
AMITA PODDAR
(Chairperson & Director)
DIN No.: 00143486

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FRN: 000866C

Sd/-

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar

CFO

PAN: ANTPP3340A SUNIL SHUKLA
Place: Jaipur PARTNER
Date: 31.10.2023 M.No. 071179

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31-03-23 (IND AS)	
INCOME			
I. Revenue from operations	26	398.32	926.79
II. Other Income	27	286.06	47.15
III. Total Revenue (I +II)		684.38	973.94
IV. Expenses:			
Cost of materials consumed	28	346.39	629.75
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade			02:11:0
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and			
Stock-in-Trade	29	78.72	36.80
Employee/workers benefit expense	30	124.04	189.06
Finance costs	31	54.72	50.09
Depreciation and amortization expense	32	30.63	35,33
Other expenses	33	285.20	40.47
Total Expenses (IV)		919.69	981.51
V. Profit before exceptional & extraordinary items & tax (111 - 1V)		-235.31	-7.57
VI. Exceptional Items	34	114.01	-44.92
VII. Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI)		-349.32	37.35
VIII. Extraordinary Items		-	
IX. Profit before tax (VII - VIII)		-349.32	37.35
X. Tax expense:			
(1) Current tax	35	-	1.26
(2) Deferred tax		-0.07	-0.14
(3) Short/ (excess) provision reversal		-0.39	-0.44
(4) Earlier Year Tax		-	-
(5) MAT Credit		-	1.73
XI. Profit/(Loss) for the period from Continuing Operations (IX-X)		-348.86	34.94
XII. Profit/(Loss) from Discontinuing Operations (IX-X)		-	
XIII. Tax Expenses from Discontinuing Operations		_	
XIV. Profit/(Loss) from Discontinuing Operations (After Tax) (XII-XIII)		_	
(···· / ···· /			
XV. Profit/(Loss) for the period (XI+XIV)		-348.86	34.94
Other Comprehensive Income		-	
Income Tax Effect		-	
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Taxes		-	
Total comprehensive income		-348.86	34.94
XVI. Earning per equity share:			
(1) Basic		-0.00	0.00
(2) Diluted		-0.00	0.00

For and on behalf of the Board

As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

Sd/-Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR AMITA PODDAR For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY (CEO & Director) (Chairperson & Director) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486 FRN: 000866C

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar CFO

Sd/-PAN: ANTPP3340A SUNIL SHUKLA Place: Jaipur PARTNER Date: 31.10.2023 M.No. 071179

MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED, JAIPUR CIN: L19129RJ1987PLC003889

F-26-A, RIICO Industrial Area, Manpura Macheri, Amer, Jaipur 303805

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2023

	CURRENT YEAR		PREVIOUS YEAR	
PARTICULARS	31st Mar		31st March, 2022	
	DETAILS AMOUNT		DETAILS	AMOUNT
A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-			
Net Profit before exceptional and tax as Statement Profit & Loss	-348.86		-50.99	
Adjusted for :-			İ	
Exceptional Item				
Loss/(Profit) on Sale\written off of Fixed Assets	60.49		-29.27	
Revaluation of Investment	35.88		-16.12	
Changes in reserves due to consolidation	-	-		
Finance Cost	54.70		50.09	
Rent Income			-13.26	
Interest received	-41.41		-45.20	
Depreciation	30.63		34.47	
Deferred Tax	-0.07		-0.14	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	-208.64		-792.75	
Adjusted for:-	140.70		10.11	
A) Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payable	148.79		18.11	
Increase / (Decrease) in other current financial liabilities	-31.45		3.05	
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	-301.80		532.85	
Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions (except IT) (Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and other Receivables	50.95 129.58		-9.97 -51.44	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade and other Receivables (Increase)/ Decrease in Loans & Advances	91.76		-51.44 -81.05	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Loans & Advances (Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	84.78		57.94	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other Current assets	-64.64		-104.95	
(Increase)/Decrease in other current financial assets	80.09		14.91	
Cash Generated From Operations	-20.58		309.05	
Less:- Taxes Paid				
Net Cash Flow/(used)From Operating Activites		-20.58		309.05
B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Fixed Assets	-208.90		-134.32	
(Increase)/decrease to CWIP	0.00		134.24	
(Increase)/Decrease in other Bank Balance	10.50		3.14	
Purchase / Sale of Investment of mutual funds	-		3.74	
Increase/Decrease in other non-current financial assets	-7.84		-1.07	
Increase/Decrease in other non-current assets	2.18		2.18	
Interest received	41.41		45.20	
Rent Income	- 450.44		13.26	
Sale of Fixed Assets	152.14	-10.51	36.10	102.48
Net Cash Flow/(used) in Investing Activities		-10.51		10246
C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Procurement of Borrowings	336.17		-374.57	
Repayment of Borrowings	-233.58		-5/4.5/	
Increase in non current liabilities	0.00		0	
Interest paid	-54.70		(50.09)	
Net Cash Flow/(used) From Financing Activities		47.89	,	-424.66
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalent		16.80		-13.14
Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent		16.66		29.80
Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent		33.46		16.66
Notes:		Amount (in Lacs)		Amount (in Lacs
1 Cash and Cash Equivalent consists of following:-				
Cash on hand		6.05		15.78
Balances with Banks		27.41		0.88
Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalent		33.46		16.66
2 Cash Flow has been prepared under indirect method as set out in IND AS-7				
3 Previous Year's figures have been recasted/regrouped, wherever necessary, to c	ontirm to the current yea	ars'		

For and on behalf of the Board

As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

R.K. PODDAR
(CEO & Director)
DIN No.: 00143571
AMITA PODDAR
(Chairperson & Director)
DIN No.: 00143486

For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN: 000866C

Sd/-Akhilesh Poddar CPO PAN: ANTPP3340A Place: Jaipur Date: 31.10.2023

SUNIL SHUKLA PARTNER M.No. 071179

Equity Share Capital

Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2022- 23	Balance at the end of the reporting period
425.97	0.00	425.97

OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	General Reserve	Surplus	Securities Premium Reserve	Other Compre hensive Income	Total
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	171.70	-293.55	158.80		36.95
Du Ch Con the course					
Profit for the year		0.00			
IndAS Adjustment					
Add: Unamortized Transaction Cost					
Less: Amortization of Leasehold land					
Add: Increase in Value of investment due to fair value					
Less: Deferred Tax Liabilitty					
Less: Profit of Subsidiary		16.22			
Less: Revaluation of Investment (Considered in Net)					
Less: Share of Mayur Global in CP of Leather					
Less: Share of Mayur Global in RP of Leather		-9.46			
Add: Share in Revenue Profit of Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.		3.53			
Add: Capital Reserve on Investment		-16.12			
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	171.70	-312.90	158.80		17.59
,					
Profit for the year		-348.86			
IndAS Adjustment					
Add: Unamortized Transaction Cost					
Less: Amortization of Leasehold land					
Add: Increase in Value of investment due to fair value					
Less: Deferred Tax Liabilitty					
Less: Profit of Subsidiary		-50.64			
Less: Revaluation of Investment (Considered in Net)					
Less: Share of Mayur Global in CP of Leather					
Less: Share of Mayur Global in RP of Leather		-52.25			
Add: Share in Revenue Profit of Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.		-53.66			
Add: Capital Reserve on Investment		35.88			
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	171.70	-576.65	158.80		-246.15
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these	171.70	-370.03	130.80		-440.15
standalone financial statements.		per Our Sep	arate report	t of even d	ate attache

Sd/-Sd/-For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANR.K. PODDARAMITA PODDARCHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS(CEO & Director)(Chairperson & Director)FRN: 000866C

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar

CFO Sd/-

PAN: ANTPP3340A SUNIL SHUKLA
Place: Jaipur PARTNER
Date: 31.10.2023 M.No. 071179

MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED, JAIPUR CIN: L19129RJ1987PLC003889

B-5, VRINDAVAN APARTMENTS VRINDAVAN VIHAR, KING ROAD JAIPUR Jaipur RJ 302019

Financial Year: 2022-23

COMPANY OVERVIEW AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1 COMPANY OVERVIEW

Mayur Leather Products Limited (the Company) is a publicly held Company incorporated on 13th March 1987. The registered office of the Company is located at G-60-62 & 67-69, Jaitpura Industrial Estate, Jaitpura, Jaipur-303704. The company is engaged in the manufacturing and export of Leather Shoes and Shoe Uppers. The majority sales of the Company comprises of exports. The Company is engaged in production of industrial shoe / uppers segment both internationally and in the domestic market. The Equity Shares of the Company are presently listed with the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE). The company has a holding of 52% in its subsidiary Mayur Global which is engaged in the same line of business.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ASSUMPTIONS AND NOTES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

Ministry of corporate affairs has notified roadmap to implement IND AS notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules 2016. And according to the said roadmap the company is required to apply IND AS in preparation of financial statement from the financial year beginning from 1st April 2017.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as
the

'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

• The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements, including the preparation of the opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2016 being the date of transition to Ind AS. The financial statements of the Parent Company, its subsidiary have been consolidated using uniform accounting policies

2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the group. The group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

Associates

Associates are all entities over which the company has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity

method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

· Equity Method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit and loss, and the group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

2.3 Use of estimates, assumption and judgement

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. Actual results could vary from these estimates. The estimates, judgements and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years (refer Notes on critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements). The management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

3 Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of changes in equity, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow together with notes comprising a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2021 and comparative information in respect of the preceding period and Balance Sheet as on transition date, i.e. 1st April 2016 have been prepared in accordance with IND AS as notified and duly approved by the Board of Directors, along with proper explanation for material departures.

4 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except following which have been measured at fair value:

- a Financial assets and liabilities except those carried at amortised cost
- b Defined benefit plans Plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined obligations

Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification

The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by MCA.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

(a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,

(b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading,

(c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(d)Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is classified as current when it is:

(a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,

(b)Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(c) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4.2 Inventories

a. Raw Material:

Raw materials, components, stores and spares are valued at cost or landed value whichever is lower. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, components, stores and spares is determined on FIFO basis.

b. Finished goods & work in progress:

Work in progress is valued at cost

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a portion of manufacturing overhead based on normal operating capacity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.3 Statement of cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the method as prescribed in IND AS 7 'Statement of Cash flows', where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expense associated with investing or financial cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

4.4 Prior Period Errors

Prior period errors include omissions and misstatements arising from a failure to use reliable information that was available or could have been obtained when financial statements for those periods were approved for issue.

Prior period errors relating to the last comparative period will be shown by restating the comparative figures of Balance sheet and Profit and loss, wherever necessary. Thus, it will be disclosed in the comparative financial statements as if the error had not even occurred.

4.5 Revenue recognition and other income

a. Revenue on sale of products

The Company recognise revenues on accrual basis and measured it at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts, volume rebates, GST. Revenue is shown inclusive of excise duty since excise duty is liability of the manufacturer which forms part of the cost of production, irrespective of whether the goods are sold or not.

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Export sale has been recognised at the time of removal of goods from factory at invoice value (whether FOB or CIF) on the basis of exchange rates declared by Custom Department for that particular month.

No significant financing component exists in the sales.

b. Revenue from services (Job Charges Received):

Revenue from services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

c. <u>Export Benefits:</u>

Export benefits in the form of Duty Drawback, Duty Entitlement Pass Book (DEPB) and other schemes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of exports made and when there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection of the relevant export proceeds.

4.6 Other income

a. <u>Interest</u>

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

b. Dividend

Dividend income is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the right to receive dividend is established.

c. Lease Rent

Lease Rent is recognized as income in the Statement of profit and loss on accrual basis i.e. as and when lease rent is due.

4.7 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that:

- (a) are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; and
- (b) are expected to be used during more than one period.

Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised in accordance with this Ind AS when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventory.

Initial recognition: The Company has applied for the one time transition exemption of considering the carrying cost on the transition date i.e. April 1, 2016 as the deemed cost under IND AS. The initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including non-refundable purchase taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to working condition and location for its intended use. It also includes the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent expenses and recognition: Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are normally charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the costs are incurred. Subsequently Property, Plant and Equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gain/loss on disposal: The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on the date of disposal or retirement.

Depreciation: Property, Plant and Equipments except free hold land is depreciated on Straight Line Method in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on additions and deletion during the year has been provided on pro-data basis with reference to the month of addition and deletion.

Capital work in progress

The expenses relating to the construction of building is capitalised at the time when they are incurred. And when the asset would be completed, the same shall be transferred to asset a/c.

4.8 Leases

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the excepted inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless either (a) another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit even if the payments to the lessors are not on that basis, or (b) the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. In the event that lease premiums are paid to enter into operating leases, such premiums are recognised as a prepaid expenditure and amortised over the period of lease.

Financial lease transactions entered are considered as financial arrangements and the leased assets are capitalised on an amount equal to the present value of future lease payments and corresponding amount is recognised as a liability. The lease payments made are apportioned between finance charge and reduction of outstanding liability in relation to leased asset.

Leasehold land has been amortised over the remaining period of lease term.

4.9 Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use.

4.10 Investments in Subsidiary

The Company has invested in shaers of its subsidiary Mayur Global Private Limited of whose 52.15% shares are in hand of Mayur Leathers Product Limited.

4.11 Borrowing

Borrowings are initially recognised at net of transaction costs incurred and measured at amortised cost. Transaction cost is amortized over the period of Borrowing using straight line method

4.12 Employee retirement benefits

a. Short - term Employee Benefits:-

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related services

The Company recognises the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability after deducting any amount already paid.

b. Post-employment Benefits:-

(a) **Defined Contribution Plan**: Contribution to superannuation fund is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit & Loss as it is incurred. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective trust. Eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund which is a defined contribution plan. Both the eligible employee and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employee's salary.

4.13 Earnings per share

- Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders' and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.
- Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholder and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

4.14 Impairment of assets

An asset is considered as impaired when at the date of Balance Sheet there are indications of impairment and the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use). The carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount and the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any impairment gain loss is transfarred to profit and loss.

4.15 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognised but disclosed in the notes. Contigent assets is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statement.

Provisions and contingencies

Provisions

- Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.
- If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period government securities interest rate.

Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingencies

- Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be
 confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the
 Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflowof resources will be
 required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liabilities is disclosed in the
 Notes to the Financial Statements.
- Contingent assets are not recognised in the books of the accounts and are not disclosed in the notes. However, when the
 realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset and
 the corresponding income is booked in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.16 Income taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statement. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related defferred income tax assets is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if, it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are off set where the Company has a legally forceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

4.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and at bank, deposits held at call with banks.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short term deposits, having maturity less than 3 months.

Other bank balances include FDRs with the government department which are not readily available.

4.18 Financial instruments - initial recognition, subsequent measurement and impairment

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. Financial Assets

- Financial Assets are measured at amortised cost or fair value through Other Comprehensive Income or fair value through Profit or Loss, depending on the judgment of the management for managing those financial assets and the assets' contractual cash flow characteristics.
- Subsequent measurements of financial assets are dependent on initial categorisation. For impairment purposes, financial assets are assessed individually.

b <u>De-recognition of financial Asset</u>

A financial asset is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Companyhas transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset. When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.
- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance

d Trade receivables:

- A receivable is classified as a 'trade receivable' if it is in respect to the amount due from customers on account of goods sold or
 services rendered in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently
 measured at amortised cost, less expected credit loss if any.
- Impairment is made for the expected credit losses. The estimated impairment losses are presented as a deduction from the value of trade receivables and the impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Other expenses".
- Subsequent changes in assessment of impairment are recognised in ECL and the change in impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Other Expenses".
- Individual receivables which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount of trade receivables
 and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under "Other Expenses".
- Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to "Other Income".

e <u>Investments in Equity Instruments</u>

Investments in Equity Instruments have been valued at their fair values through Profit and Loss account, as on the closing date. The fair value has been taken from the stock exchange where the shares are listed.

f Financial liabilities

At initial recognition, all financial liabilities other than those valued at fair value through profit and loss are recognised at fair value less transaction costs that are directly related to the issue of financial liability. Transaction costs of financial liability carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading. The Company has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial measurement recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

g Trade and other payables

A payable is classified as 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

4.19 Foreign Currency Transaction

Transactions denominated in foreign currency are normally recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end and not covered by forward exchange contracts are translated at the year end rates and those covered by forward contracts are restated at each reporting date by using spot rate and exchange rate difference was booked. Corresponding Forward Contract Receivable & Payable is also booked in books of account taken on such forward contracts. The Exchange rate difference on Forward Contract was charged to Statement of Profit & Loss. Premium paid on such Forward Contract is charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on periodic basis.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end and not covered by forward exchange contracts are translated at the year end spot rates and those covered by forward contracts are restated at each reporting date by using forward rate for remaining period prevailing on the reporting date and exchange rate difference was booked. The Exchange rate difference on Forward Contract was charged to Statement of Profit & Loss, since Fair Value Model has been adopted by the Comapany.

4.20 Assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Any resulting impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On classification as held for sale the assets are no longer depreciated.

4.21 Segment reporting

The Company identifies primary segments based on nature of products and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the managing board in deciding how to allocate resources and in

4.22 Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to Statement of Consolidated Profit and Loss on a straight - line basis over the expected lives of related assets and presented within other income.

5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectation of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events that existed as at the reporting date, or that which occured after the date but provide additional evidence about the conditions existing at the reporting date.

a Property, plant and equipment

Management assesses the remaining useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment. Management believes that
the assigned useful lives and residual value are reasonable.

b Income taxes

- Management judgment is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities.
- The Company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may
 differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the amounts reported in the consolidated financial
 statements.

c Contingencies

Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of
contingencies/claim/litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with
accuracy.

d <u>Impairment of accounts receivable and advances</u>

Trade receivables carry interest and are stated at their fair value as reduced by appropriate allowances for expected credit losses.
 Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not to be collectible. Impairment is recognised for the expected credit losses.

f <u>Discounting of Security deposit, and other long term liabilities</u>

• For majority of the security deposits received, the timing of outflow, as mentioned in the underlying contracts, is not substantially long enough to discount. The treatment would not provide any meaningful information and would have no material impact on the financial statements.

Financial Year: 2022-23

Note 6 Property, Plant & Equipment

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
	TANGIBLE ASSETS:		
1	Land	-	-
2	Building	166.65	170.33
3	Furniture & Fixtures	3.13	3.66
4	Laboratory Equipments	1.68	2.87
5	Plant & Machinery	91.18	119.92
6	Office Equipments	4.51	4.54
7	Electric Installation	1.13	1.55
8	Diesel & Generator Set	1.78	1.78
9	Computer	1.60	1.60
10	Motor Vehicle	5.25	10.93
11	Shoe Last	1.39	1.39
12	Dies	0.82	0.88
13	Moulds	9.76	9.76
14	Office Building	0.00	-
		-	-
	Restaurant		-
15	Computer	0.13	0.13
16	Electric Fittings	0.38	0.38
17	Furniture & Fixtures	3.30	3.30
18	Office Equipments	1.15	1.15
	TOTAL	293.86	334.18

Note-7 Investments

		As On 31/03/2023(As	As On 31/03/2022(As per
S.No.	Description	per IND AS)	IND AS)
а	Equity shares in Mayur Global Private Limited	-	-
	(10,00,000 shares at the rate Rs. 10/- each)		
Ъ	Equity shares in Mayur leather products limited	₹ -	
С	Investment in Mutual Funds	-	-
	TOTAL	-	-

Note-8 Other Non-Current Financial Assets

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	Security Deposit with Parties	34.22	26.38
2	Deposit with Jvvnl	4.60	4.43
3	Deposit with Water connection	0.01	0.01
4	Deposit with Sales tax Department	0.31	0.31
	TOTAL	39.14	31.14

Note-9	Other Non Current Asset		
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	Unamortized Processing Charges	1.17	1.56
2	Lease Prepayment	141.40	143.19
	TOTAL	142.57	144.75

Note-10 Inventories

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	Raw Material	73.01	79.07
2	Work In process	5.91	84.63
3	Finished Goods	-	-
		78.93	163.70

(Refer Note 4.2 of accounting policy for valuation policy of inventories)

Note-11 Trade Receivable

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	Trade Receivables	47.62	183.42
	TOTAL	47.62	183.42

Note-12 Cash & Cash Equivalent

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	Bank Balance		
	- In Fixed Deposit	-	-
	- In Current Account and Deposit Account	27.41	0.88
2	-Cash on Hand	-	-
	In Local Currency	6.05	13.44
	In Foreign Currency	-	2.33
	TOTAL	33.46	16.66

Note-13 Other Bank Balance

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	Unpaid Dividend Account	4.27	4.27
2	Bank Balance in FDR	-	10.50
3	MLP Employee's group Gratuity Bank Fund A/c	0.10	0.10
	TOTAL	4.37	14.87

Note-14 Loans and Advances

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
1	ADOLF IMPEX	-	-
2	Anita Gupta [L]	2.05	2.05
3	ARIHAN BUILDWELL	-	-
4	ASHISH MARKETING	-	26.00
5	ASHOK KUMAR MALHOTRA HUF	29.10	20.00
6	BHAWANI SHANKAR SAMOTA	-	10.00
7	DIV REALTORS PVT. LTD.	125.46	100.75
8	Goodwill Enterprises	-	-
9	H.M.C. SOFTWARE PVT LTD	62.47	35.00
10	HML Software Pvt Ltd	19.80	19.80
11	Ishwar Singh Verma	1.20	1.20
12	Jagdish Rai Doda	-	-
13	JINDAL BUILDSYS LIMITED	26.61	15.00
14	NIMAI MEDI HEALTHCARE	3.89	26.00
15	NIMISHA PRASHANT	-	-
16	Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd. (Subsidiary Company)	-	-
17	Ram Babu Vijay	4.35	4.35
18	Ritu Kapur [L]	3.44	3.44
19	RK PHARMACEUTICALS	1.29	20.00
20	Seema Anand Upadhyay	15.00	23.53
21	Seema Gupta Upadyay	-	46.17
22	SHREEJEE ENTERPRISES	3.65	30.00
23	SAFETY PROJECTS PVT. LTD. LOAN	0	0
24	SHUBHASHISH IT SERVICES LIMITED	101.34	93.75
25	SHUBHASHISH REALESTATE SERVICES PVT. LTD.	-	63.40
26	Sunrise International	-	-
27	United Prestress Industries	0.57	-
28	VIKAS LALIT KUMAR MEHATA	21.75	15.00
29	V3 INTERNATIONAL	0.35	15.00
	Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts		
	Total	422.34	570.44

Note-15 Others current financial assets

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
		<u>o</u>	
	a) Accrued Interest on FDR	1.32	0.92
	b) Accrued subsidy against interest cost on FDB Limit	-	0.73
	c) Accrued Interest on Loan	-	79.93
	d) Income Tax Deposite against Appeal F.Y. 2014-15	0.40	0.40
	TOTAL	1.72	81.98

Note-16 Other current assets

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023(As per IND AS)	As On 31/03/2022(As per IND AS)
	Accrued Duty Drawback	0.56	0.56
	Prepaid Expenses	0.38	0.44
	Advance to Suppliers of Raw Material	231.49	146.35
	Advances to Employees & Workers	0	0
	Advance Income Tax & TDS Receivable	20.92	22.54
	Advances with Government Authorities	0	0
	GST Recievable	-	97.39
	Lease Pre Payment	0.51	0.51
	VAT Receivables	-	2.84
	TDS Receivables	0.62	1.28
	Advance against office Expenses	83.51	1.45
	Mat Credit	-	-
	TOTAL	338.00	273.36

Financial Year: 2022-23

Note-17	Equity Share capital			
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
1	Authorised:			
	58,00,000 (58,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	580.00	580.00	
2	Issued & Subscribed			
	48,34,800 (48,34,800) Equity shares of Rs.10 each/-	483.48	483.48	
3	Paid Up			
	48,34,800 (48,34,800) Equity shares of Rs.10 each/-	483.48	483.48	
	(* figures in bracket are of Previous Year)			
4	Shares Forfeited	14.12	14.12	
	Less: Shares held by Global	71.62	71.62	
	·	425.97	425.97	

(a.) Equity Shares: - The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholderis eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation. The Equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their share holding.

(b) Details of Shares held by Sharesholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Name of Share Holder	<u>AS AT 31.03.23</u>		AS AT 31.03.22	
	No. of Share	% of Shares	No. of Share	% of Shares
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	11,27,761.00	23.33%	11,27,761.00	23.33%
Mayur Global Private Limited	7,16,241.00	14.81%	7,16,241.00	14.81%
Amita Poddar	6,86,100.00	14.19%	6,86,100.00	14.19%
Akhilesh Poddar	2,56,950.00	5.31%	2,56,950.00	5.31%
Contin Country	2.50.666.00	C F10	2.50,666,00	6 F1 W
Sarita Gupta	2,59,666.00	6.51%	2,59,666.00	6.51%
Total	30,46,718.00	64.15%	30,46,718.00	64.15%

Promoters Shareholdings

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March 2023		
		No. of Shares		% Change
		at the end of	% of Total	during the
Description	Name of the Promoter/Promoter Group	the year	Shares	year
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Fully	Rajendra Kumar Poddar	1127761	23.33	0
	Mayur Global Private Limited	716241	14.81	0
	Amita Poddar	686100	14.19	0
	Sarita Gupta	259666	5.37	0
	Akhilesh Poddar	256950	5.31	0
	Seema Gupta	28400	0.59	0
	Rajesh V Gupta (HUF)	20000	0.41	0

Promoters Shareholdings

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March 2022		
		No. of Shares		% Change
		at the end of	% of Total	during the
Description	Name of the Promoter/Promoter Group	the year	Shares	year
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Fully	Rajendra Kumar Poddar	1127761	23.33	0
	Mayur Global Private Limited	716241	14.81	0
	Amita Poddar	686100	14.19	0
	Sarita Gupta	259666	5.37	0
	Akhilesh Poddar	256950	5.31	0
	Seema Gupta	28400	0.59	0
	Rajesh V Gupta (HUF)	20000	0.41	0

(b) Reconciliation of the Number	of Equity Shares			
	AS AT 31.03.23		AS AT 31.03.22	
	Amount (Rs.)	Nos.	Amount (Rs.)	Nos.
Balance as at the beginning of the				
year	483.48	4834800.00	483.48	4834800.00
Add : Shares Issued during the				
year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Balance as at the end of the year	48348000.00	4834800.00	48348000.00	4834800.00

Note-18 Other Equity

		As On	As On 31/03/2022	
S.No.	Description	31/03/2023	31/03/2022	
	Reserves and Surplus			
1	General Reserve			
	At the beginning of the year	171.70	171.70	
	Add; Additions during the year	0.00	0.00	
	Less: withdrawals/transfer	0.00	0.00	
	Balance at the year end	171.70	171.70	
	·			
2	Security Premium Account	158.80	158.80	
3	Surplus			
	At the beginning of the year	-363.90	-293.55	
	Add: Prior year IND AS Adjustments	-		
	Add : Revaluation of shares	-		
	Add: Revaluation of Investment	-		
	Opening Balances of Mayur Leather	-363.90	-293.55	
	Add/(Less): Additions during the year	-348.86	0.00	
	, , ,			
		-712.76	-293.55	
	Less: Appropriations			
	Interim Dividend on Equity Shares for the Year			
	Proposed Dividend on Equity Shares for the Year			
	Dividend Distribution Tax			
	Income tax Demand			
	Profit of Subsidiary	-50.64	16.22	
	Interest on DDT (Demand)			
	Transfer to General Reserve			
	Revaluation of Investment (Considered in Net)			
	Dividend Declared during the Year(2015-16)			
	Reversal of DTA/DTL			
	Share of Mayur Global in CP of Leather	-		
	Share of Mayur Global in RP of Leather	-52.25	-9.46	
	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Share in Revenue Profit of Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd.	-53.66	3.53	
	Capital Reserve on Investment	35.88	-16.12	
	Balance at the year end	-627.64	-312.90	
	TOTAL	-297.14	17.59	

Note-19

TA T		T)	
Non-	Current	Borre	วพาทฺค

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
1	Suresh Kumar Poddar	100.66	•	
2	Canara Bank- Term Loan (170005631450)	30.97	•	
3	Loan From Directors	9.10	•	
4	Canara Bank-S Cross car Loan	2.66	3.16	
5	Canara Bank- Term Loan (2459755000020)	3.11	30.34	
6	Canara Bank- Plant & Machinery Loan	-	-	
7	Komal Buildcon Pvt. Ltd.		28.59	
	TOTAL	146.50	62.08	

Nature of Security and terms of repayment for Long Term secured borrowings: Nature of Security

Term Loan (2459755000020) from Canara Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs. 33,06,173 is secured by way of existing prime and Hypothecation of assets to be created out of WCTL .	Repayable in first 35 Installments of Rs.158500/- each and 36th Installment of 152500/- commencing from 30 june 2021. Rate of interest
Car Loan from Canara Bank, balance outstanding amounting to Rs. 3,77,689 is secured by way of hypothecation of Car.	Repayable in 84 quarterly installments starting from October, 2017. Last installment due in October, 2024. Rate of

Note-20 Deferred tax liabilities (Net)

	Deterried and into lines (1700)				
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022		
1	Deferred Tax Liabilities				
	Deferred Tax Liabilities	18.54	18.61		
	TOTAL	18.54	18.61		

Note-21 Current Borrowings

	Current Borrow Higg			
S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
	Working Captital Loan repayable on demand from Banks:			
	Secured			
1	Canara Bank - FBD Limit	-	11.14	
2	Canara Bank - Packing credit	43.00	49.96	
3	Canara Bank - CC Limit	211.68	202.28	
4	Aditya Birla Loan		-	
5	Canara Bank- Car Loan Alto	-	-	
6	Canara Bank- Plant & Machnery Loan	=	-	
7	Canara Bank Loan C.C	-	-	
8	Canara Bank P.C.	-	-	
9	HDFC Bank Chomu (0327)	-	-	
10	IDBI First Bank			
	Unsecured			
11	Working Capital Loan from MLPL			
	TOTAL	254.68	263.38	

Nature of Security and terms of repayment for Current Borrowing

Nature of Security		
Canara Bank FBD Limit balance outstanding as on 31st March 2022 Rs. 11,13,676,	Interest Rate @	
Canara Bank Packing Credit balance outstanding as on 31st March 2022 Rs.49,96,000,	10.6%.	

Note-22 Trade Payables

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
	For Goods			
	Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises*			
	Others	417.42	172.86	

TOTAL	417.42	172.86	

 $^{{}^*\!\}text{The Company has not received any intimation from any of its suppliers about their having filed a memorandum in}$

Note-23 Other Current Financial Liabilities

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
1	Current maturities of non current borrowings	29.95	14.27	
2	Current maturities of S Cross Car Loan	1.12	1.42355	
2	Outstanding liabilities	5.58	50.00	
3	Bonus Payable	-	1	
4	Unsecured Loan Komal Buildcon	-	-	
5	Unpaid Dividend	-	-	
	TOTAL	36.64	65.69	

Note-24 Other Current Liabilities

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
1	Statutory Liabilities	90.95	35.95	
2	Other Liabilities	91.43	47.42	
3	Salary & Wages	58.19	28.06	
4	Expenses Payables	10.80	35.01	
6	Short Term Provisions	-	-	
7	Interest Payable	-	-	
8	IDBI First bank	-	552.63	
5	Advance from Sundary Debtors	7.57	1.501 <i>7</i> 7	
	TOTAL	258.94	700.57	

Note-25 Provisions

S.No.	Description	As On 31/03/2023	As On 31/03/2022	
1	Provision for Income Tax	-	1.26	
2	Proposed Dividend	-	-	
3	Dividend Distribution Tax Payable	-	-	
4	Leave encashment payable	1.32	1.32	
5	Provident Fund	0.10	0.13	
6	Bonus Payable	55.45	3.21	
7	MATCredit	-	-	
	TOTAL	56.8 <i>7</i>	5.92	

Financial Year: 2022-23

Note-26 Revenue From Operations

	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
(a)	Sale of products		
	(i) Export Sales		
	Shoes		15.65
	Upper		
	Others		
	(ii) Local Sales		
	Shoes	398.31	903.91
	Upper		
	Others	0.02	6.36
(b)	Other Operating Income		
	Duty Drawback		
	Shoes	-	0.87
	Upper		
	Packing Expenses Outward	-	0.01
	Total	398.32	926.79

Note-27 Other Income

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
Rent Rates & Taxes	135.75	-
Rent Received	36.91	-
Interest on Loan	3.44	43.61
Interest Received	0.21	0.00
Interest on FDR	1.06	1.59
Freight	=	-
Dividend Received	-	0
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-
Export Rate Difference	0.36	0.08
Exchange Rate Difference	0.20	0.19
Scrap Sales	-	0.30
Insurance received Keyman	39.09	1.38
Interest on Income Tax Refund	-	-
Discount Received	-	-
Service Tax Refund	-	-
Discount Received	-	-
Increase in value of Mutual funds	-	0.00
Lease Rent	-	-
FPS License Received	-	-
Miscellaneous Income	69.03	-
Total	286.06	47.15

Note-28 Cost of Material Consumed

	For the period	For the period
Particulars	ended	ended
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Opening Stock	79.07	100.21
Add: Purchase of Raw Material	340.30	594.81
Add: Freight	0.03	12.77
Add: Insurance	-	1.03
	4,19,39,925.96	708.83
Less: Closing Stock	73.01	79.07
	73,01,284.26	79.07
Add: Excise Duty	-	-
Total	3,46,38,641.70	629.75

Note-29 Changes in inventories of Finished Goods & WIP

	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
	Opening Inventories		
	Finished Goods	-	12.7757835
	Work in progress	84.63	108.6574954
		84.63	121.4332789
Less:	Closing Inventories	-	0
	Finished Goods	-	0
	Work in progress	5.91	84.63066
		5.91	84.63066
	INCREASE/(DECREASE)	78.72	36.80

Note-30 Employee benefits expense

	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
(i)	Salaries & Other Allowance	71.11	87.07
(ii)	Conveyance to Employees	-	-
(iii)	Leave Encashment	-3.56	1.82
(iv)	Reimbursement of Medical Expenses	4.09	5.15
(v)	Reimbursement of Conveyance Expenses	0.31	0.38
	Insurance Premium on Mediclaim & Gratuity		
(vi)	scheme	0.44	-
(vii)	Contribution to Provident Fund	0.88	2.60
(viii)	Bonus	4.21	5.33
(ix)	Contribution to ESIC	0.31	1.05
(x)	Contribution to Gratuity	7.66	2.25
(xi)	Staff welfare Expenses	0.93	0.91
(xii)	Security Charges	28.71	15.08
(xiii)	Cleaning and House Keeping	8.84	0.05
(xiv)	Processing Charges	-	59.60
(xv)	Production Incentives	0.10	3.35
(xvi)	Group personal accidental insurance	-	-
(xvii)	Medical Reimburment	-	-
(xviii)	Recruitment, Training & Stipend	-	-0.17
(xix)	Sitting fees	-	4.60
(xx)	Provident Fund	-	-
(xxi)	ESI	-	-
(xxii)	Lease Rent for Supply of Manpower	=	=
	Total	124.04	189.06

Note-31 Finance Costs

	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
(i)	Bank Charges	6.00	3.26
(ii)	Interest on CC Limit	23.90	26.48
(iii)	Interest on FDB Limit utilised	0.90	0.31
(iv)	Interest on Packing Credit	3.88	5.18
(v)	Processing charges of term loan	0.07	1.39
(vi)	Interest on Term Loan Plat & Machinery	-	-
(vii)	Interest on Term Loan	8.27	5.08
(viii)	Interest on Loan from mayur leather	-	-
(ix)	Interest on Quasi Capital Loan from Canara Bank	-	-
(x)	Interest on Vehicle loan	0.34	0.43
(xi)	Rating charges	-	-
(xii)	Interest on TDS	1.06	0.74
(xiii)	Interest on Loan	10.31	7.22
Total		54.72	50.09

Note-32 <u>Depreciation and amortization Expenses</u>

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	30.63	35.33
	30.63	35.33

Note-33 Other expenses

	Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31.03.2022
(a)	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES	01.00.2020	31.03.2022
	Insurance Premium (Comprehensive & Others)	48.26	0
	Power, Fuel & Water	29.84	3977820.48
	Repairs & Maintenance	-	
	-Machinery & Electricals	0.45	36623
	-Building	-	29700
	Development /Laboratory & testing Rubber Cess	-	2800
	Total	78.56	40,46,943.48
			,,.
(b)	SELLING EXPENSES		0.00017
	Clearing & Forwarding Expenses ECGC Premium	0.05	0.32917 0.49202
	Claim for Quality & Repair	-	0.19202
	Discount on Sales	52.18	
	Commission on Sales		
	Rate difference	0.03	0
	Embassy Legislation Charges		
	Incentive Clearance Exp Freight & Cartage Outward	3.45	2.151472
	Inspection Fee	0.10	2.101172
	Licence Fee		
	Sales Promotion Expenses	7.64	2.13489
	Sales Commision	2.16	0.19623
	Loading/Unloading Charges Packaging Expense	-	0
	EPD @ 3.5%	_	-
	NCD @ 1.5%	-	-
	TD @ .5%	-	-
	Tender Application fee	0.05	0
	Penalty and demand	0.02	4.9142945
	Total	65.57	10.22
(c)	ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
	Lease Rent for Immovable Property	-	0
	Conveyance Expenses	11.37	15.3386
	Factory General Expenses Postage & Courier Expenses	0.13 1.02	0.15732 1.64964
	RIICO Maintenance Charges	6.52	1.0+90+
	Donation	0.02	0.021
	ISO Expenses	0.15	0.15
	Insurance Premium (Vehicle)	0.58	0.7661834
	Internal Audit Fees	12.80	0
	Interest Payable to others Secretrial Compliance Expenses	0.27	0
	Payment to Auditors		
	-Statutory Audit Fees		<u>0</u>
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services	- 1.15 0.60	0 1.15 0.71
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses	1.15 0.60 62.91	0 1.15 0.71 16.631248
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33	0.71 0.71 16.631248 6.6014
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription	1.15 0.60 62.91	0.71 1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33	0 1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06	0 1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06	0 0 0 1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0 0.15127
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06	0.155844 0.155848 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015127 0.09187
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 - - - 2.12	0.15127 0.071 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0 0.15127 0.09187
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 	0.15127 0.071 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015127 0.09187 1.881697
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 - - - 2.12	0.1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0 0.15127 0.09187 1.881697 1.75003
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 	0.15127 0.15129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015127 0.09187 1.881697 1.75003 0.7039422
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 	0.15127 0.071 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.05127 0.09187 1.881697 1.75003 0.7039422 0.29461
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land Loan Processing Fees	21.87 2.14 1.50 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 2.12 21.87 2.1.4 0.60 0.22 0.47	0.1.15 0.5129 0.06 0.15129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015127 0.09187 1.881697 1.75003 0.7039422 0.29461 0.0
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land Loan Processing Fees RIICO Maintenance Charges	2.12 2.187 2.14 1.54 0.60 0.22 0.47	0.1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015127 0.09187 1.881697 0.7039422 0.29461 0
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land Loan Processing Fees RIICO Maintenance Charges Interest on excise duty/TDS/incometax/GST	1.15 0.60 62.91 2.33 0.06 	0.15127 0.7039422 0.29461 0.002179
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land Loan Processing Fees RIICO Maintenance Charges	2.12 2.187 2.14 1.54 0.60 0.22 0.47	0.1.15 0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.015127 0.09187 1.881697 0.7039422 0.29461 0
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land Loan Processing Fees RIICO Maintenance Charges Interest on excise duty/TDS/incometax/GST EPD @ 3.5% NCD @ 1.5% TD @ .5%	2.12 2.187 2.14 1.54 0.60 2.11 2.12 2.187 2.14 1.54 0.60 0.22 0.47 0.39	0.1.15 0.0.71 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.0.15127 0.09187 1.75003 0.7039422 0.29461 0.0 0.002179 16.7555008 7.2902842
	-Statutory Audit Fees -Other Services Legal & Professional Expenses Listing Fees & Secretarial Comp. Expenses Membership Fees & subscription Other Expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Miscellaneous Balances Writen Off Printing and Stationery Rent of Facrtory, Building and Office Repairs & Maintenance -General Rent Charges Repair & Maintenance-Vehicle Telephone and internet Expenses Pooja Expenses Amortization of Leasehold land Loan Processing Fees RIICO Maintenance Charges Interest on excise duty/TDS/incometax/GST EPD @ 3.5% NCD @ 1.5%	2.12 2.187 2.187 2.14 4.154 0.60 0.22 0.47 0.39	0.15127 0.701 16.631248 6.6014 0.5129 0.06 2.1555844 0.15127 0.09187 1.881697 1.75003 0.7039422 0.29461 0.0 0.02179 16.7555008 7.2902842

С	Corona Exp	-	0.0055
P	Penalty	-	0.51963
<u>T</u>	ravelling Expenses		0
-]	Foreign	-	0
-]	Local	0.56	0.25411
	otal (C)	141.07	75.72
L	oss on revaluation of investment in shares		
T	'otal (A+B+C)	285.20	40,47,029.41

Note-34 Exceptional Items

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended 31 03 2022
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets	0.02	-29.27
Prior Period Items	78.11	0.46
Loss from Associate Company		
Loss on revaluation of investment in share.	35.88	-16.12
Total	114.01	-44.92

Note-35 Income Tax Expenses

Tax expense recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the period ended 31.03.2023	For the period ended
Current Tax		
Provision for Income Tax (Current Year)	-	1.26
Short /(Excess) Provision for incometax of earlier		
Years Adjusted	-0.39	-0.44
Total	-	0.82
	-	
Deferred Tax	-	
	-	
Deferred Tax charge/(credit)	-0.07	-0.14
MAT Provision	-	1.73
Tax in respect of earlier years	-	0.00
Total income tax expense	-0.46	2.41

Financial Year: 2022-23

36 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

36.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Board.

36.2 Financial risk factors

- The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of trade payables, borrowings and other liabilities. The main purpose of
 these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations and also for purchase of capital assets and for
 safeguarding its interests under contracts.
- The Company has given loans to other parties, trade and other receivables, investments in equity shares and cash and cash
 equivalents that arise directly from its operations as a part of its financial assets.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

a. Market risk

 Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

i. Interest Rate Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a
financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency
exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to
all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and
loans and borrowings.

ъ. Credit risk

- Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.
- The Company makes major of its sales, either on an advance basis or against credit, and hence the credit risk is minimal. Financial
 Instruments like trade receivables are subject to slight credit risk against which the Company has booked Expected Credit Losses.

The ageing of trade receivables as on 31 March 2023 is as below:

(In Rupees)

Particulars	Due upto 36 Months	Due for more than 36 Months	Total
Good	47.62		47.62
Doubtful			
Others			
Gross	47.62		47.62
Expected Credit Losses			

The ageing of trade receivables as on 31 March 2022 is as below:

(In Rupees)

Particulars	Due upto 36 Months	Due for more than 36 Months	Total
Good	183.42	-	183.42
Doubtful			-
Others			-
Gross	129.66	-	183.42
Expected Credit Losses		-	-

Expected Credit Losses

100% Expected Credit losses are recognised for all financial assets which have become due for more than 36 months.

Financial instruments and cash deposits

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the institution, market reputation and service standards to select the

Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash requirements. There are no Since it a cash rich Company, the liquidity risk faced by the Company is very minute.

Competition and price risk

The Company faces competition from local and foreign competitors. Nevertheless, it believes that it has competitive advantage in

37 Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- 1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.
- 3. IND AS 101 allows Company to fair value its property, plant and machinery on transition to IND AS, the Company has fair valued property, plant and equipment, and the fair valuation is based on deemed cost approach where the existing carrying amounts are treated as fair values.

The fair values for loans and security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. In case of security deposits, Company has used the fixed deposit rate of the year of making advance.

They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

The fair values of non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

For other financial assets and liabilities that are measured at amortised cost, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted prices / published NVA (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. It includes fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets and are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date and financial instruments like mutual funds for which net assets value (NAV) is published mutual fund operators at the balance sheet date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). It includes fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable then instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st March 2022	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at				
amortised cost				
Trade Receivables	47.62	47.62	183.42	129.66
Cash & Cash Equivalents	33.46	33.46	16.66	29.80
Loans and Advances	422.34	422.34	570.44	489.39
Other Financial Assets (Current and				
non-current)	40.86	40.86	113.11	124.09

Particulars	As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st March 2022	
	Carrying Amount Fair Value		Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at fair				
value through other comprehensive				
income	-	-	-	-

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets designated at fair value through profit and loss				
Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-

Particulars	As at 31st Ma	rch 2023	As at 31st March 2022	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities designated at amortised cost				
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)	401.18	401.18	325.46	697.17
Trade Payables	417.42	417.42	172.86	150.02
Other Financial Liabilities	36.64	36.64	65.69	65.04

Particulars	As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st Ma	arch 2022
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Liabilities designated at				
amortised cost at fair value through				
profit and loss	-	-	-	-

38 FAIR VALUE HEIRARCHY

- The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and liabilities, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described below:
- a Quoted prices/published NAV (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1). It includes fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets and are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date.
- b Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2). It includes fair value of the financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, interest free security deposits) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable then instrument is included in level 2.
- c Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3). If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

the reporting date of the entity

(In Rupees)

As at 31st March 2023			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables			47.62
Cash & Cash Equivalents			33.46
Other Financial Assets			40.86
Investments	-		
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)			401.18
Trade Payables			417.42
Other Financial Liabilities			36.64

(In Rupees)

As at 31st March 2022			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables			183.42
Cash & Cash Equivalents			16.66
Other Financial Assets			113.11
Investments			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings (Non-Current and Current)			325.46
Trade Payables			172.86
Other Financial Liabilities			65.69

During the period ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023, there were no transfer into and out of Level 1 fair value measurements.

Following table describes the valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation for level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2020, respectively:

Particulars	ir Value Heirarc	luation Techniq	Inputs Used
Financial Assets			
Investments	Level 1	Quoted prices	

39 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Objective

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. i.e. to provide maximum returns to the shareholders. The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios and safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns to the shareholders. The Company also proposes to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019.

Policy

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the rules and regulations framed by the Government under whose control the Company operates.

Process

The Company manage its capital by maintaining sound/optimal capital structure financial ratios, such as net debt-to-equity ratio on a monthly basis and implements capital structure improvement plan when necessary. Debt-to-equity ratio as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023 is as follows:

Particulars	As on 31st March 2023	As on 31st March 2022	As on 31st March 2021
Total debt	437.82	391.15	1,079.95
Total equity	128.84	443.57	462.92
Ratio	3.40	0.88	2.33

40 PROVISIONS

Movement in each class of provision during the financial year are provided below:

Particulars	Provision for Income Tax	Proposed Dividend	Leave encashment payable	Bonus Payable	Dividend Distribution Tax Payable
As at 31 st March 2021	-	-	2.01	1.90	-
Excess provision reversed	-				
Addition during the year	1.26			0.00	
Actual Benefits Paid/Utilized			0.69		
As at 31 st March 2022	1.26	-	1.32	3.21	-
Excess provision reversed	-			-	
Addition during the year	-		0.69	52.24	
Actual Benefits Paid/Utilized			0.69	-	
As at 31 st March 2023	-		1.32	55.45	

42 Related Party Transactions

In accordance with the requirements of IND AS 24, name of the related party, related party relationship, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exits and with whom transactions have taken place during reported periods, are reported as under:

(i) Related party name and relationship:

Particulars	Designation
(a) Executive Directors:	
R.K Poddar	Director
Amita Poddar	Director
Ashwarya Poddar	Independent Director
Manoj Sharma	Independent Director

(b) Relatives of Executive Directors with whom transactions have taken place:

Particulars	Relation
Akhilesh Poddar	Director's Son

(c) Other Related Parties

Particulars	Designation
Mayur Uniqouters Limited	Director's brother's Firm
CLASSIC INTERNATIONAL	Firm of Directors Brother
STOUT (INDIA) INDUSTRIES	Firm of Directors Brother

(ii) Transactions Carried Out With Related Parties referred in point 1 above in ordinary course of Business (Rs. In Amount)

Nature of Transactions Related Parties Referred to in 1(a) Referred to in 1(b) Referred to in 1(c) above above above Purchases Goods & Material CLASSIC INTERNATIONAL STOUT (INDIA) INDUSTRIES Mayur Uniqouters Limited Sales Goods & Material & Services CLASSIC INTERNATIONAL Mayur Uniqouters Limited Expenses Lease Rent (Manpower & Building) - Mayur Global Pvt. Ltd (Subsidiary) Remuneration Rajendra Kumar Poddar 16 Akhilesh Kumar Poddar Sitting Fees Amita Poddar Ashwarya Poddar Manoj Sharma Professional Fees(Consultancy) Manoj Sharma Interest Paid 10 Suresh Kumar Poddar

	Related l	Parties		
Nature of Transactions	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
Outstandings				
Payable (Trade Payables and other Liabilities)				
Key Management Personnel				
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	74.07	3.545		
Amita Poddar	2	2		
Ashwarya Poddar	0.4	0.4		
Manoj sharma	0.5	2.2		
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel			2.82	
Akhilesh Poddar	10.53956	1.55985		
Suresh Kumar Poddar	100.65769	0		
End of the year	188.16725	9.70485	2.82	
Receivables				
Key Management Personnel			2.22	
Rajendra Kumar Poddar	-	7.0752789		
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel (Loans				
and advances,trade receivables)			-	
Akhilesh Poddar	-	2.7393	-	
End of the year	0	9.8145789	2.22	
Executive Directors Compensation				
(a) Short term Employee Benefits				
Total Compensation				

43 ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of assets Pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Current Assets		
Financial Assets		
Floating Charge		
Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Receivables	47.62	183.42
Fixed Deposit lien by bank against term loan		
Short Term Loans & advances		
Non Financial Assets		
Floating Charge		
Inventories	78.93	163.70
Other Current Assets		
Total Current assets Pledged as security	126.55	347.12
Non Current Assets		
First Charge		
Land	166.65	170.33
Building		
Furniture, fittings and equipment		
Plant and Machinary including Store & Spares	91.18	119.92
Fixed Deposit lien by bank against term loan		
Others		
Total non-current assets Pledged as security	257.84	290.25
Total assets Pledged as security	384.39	637.37

44 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a reconciliation of the equity shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per equity share:

(in number)

Particulars	For ended 2023	the 31st		the 31st		For the 31 st Mar	year ended ch 2020
Issued number equity shares		48,34	.800.00	48	34,800		48,34,800
Potential Equity Shares			-		-		-
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic and Diluted		48	3,34,800	48	3,34,800		48,34,800

Net profit available to equity holders of the Company used in the basic and diluted earnings per share was determined as follows:

Particulars	For	the	period	For	the	period	For	the	period
		31st	March		31st	March		31st	March
	2022			2021			2020		
Profit and loss after tax			-348.86			0.00			-45.08
Profit and loss after tax for						0.00			-45.08
EPS			-348.86						
Basic Earnings per share			0.00			0.00			-0.00
Diluted Earnings per share			0.00			0.00			-0.00

The number of shares used in computing basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

The diluted EPS is calculated on the same basis as basic EPS, after adjusting for the effects of potential dilutive equity.

45 Financial and Derivatives Instruments

The company have following foreign curreny earnings and expenditures:

(Amount in Rs)

Expenses in foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Travelling	-	-	-
Claims and Compensations - For quality and development	-	-	-
Raw Materail Purchase	-	-	-
Membership	-	•	
	-	•	-

Earning in Foreign Currency

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Export of Goods on FOB Basis	0	=	43.69
	-	•	43.69

The management has considered all the possible effects, if any, that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 on the results of operations, liquidity, capital resources and carrying amounts of trade receivables and inventories (including biological assets). In developing the assumptions and estimates relating to the uncertainties as on the balance sheet date in relation to the recoverable amounts of the assets, the management has considered the global economic conditions prevailing as at the date of approval of these financial results and has used the internal and external sources of information to yhe extent determined by it. The actual outcome of these assumptions and estimates may vary in future due to the impact of the pandemic. The managements will continue to monitor and assess the ongoing developments and respond accordingly.

The Company has given Loans and Advances amounting to Rs. 422.34 Lacs (other than Loans to Subsidiary) out of which 422.34 Lacs are subject to Confirmation and Reconciliation.

For and on behalf of the Board As per Our Separate report of even date attached.

Sd/- Sd/-

R.K. PODDAR AMITA PODDAR For MADHUKAR GARG & COMPANY

(CEO & Director) (Chairperson & Director) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DIN No.: 00143571 DIN No.: 00143486 FRN: 000866C

Sd/-

Akhilesh Poddar

CFO Sd/-

PAN: ANTPP3340A SUNIL SHUKLA Place: Jaipur PARTNER

Date: 31.10.2023 M.No. 071179

Gratuity Liability has been calculated on estimated basis and not as per Acturial Valuation which is requied as per Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits"

41 Additional information as required under Schedule III of entity consolidated as subsidiary

Name of Company	Net Assets i.e. t		Share in Pro	ofit/(Loss)	Share in compret	nensive	Share in Total Comprehensive Income (CI)	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As % of consolidated profit and Loss	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As % of consolidat ed OCI	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	As % of consolidat	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)
Parent Company								
Mayur Leather Products Ltd.	33.22%		85.48%		-	-	85.48%	
	60.91%	499.83	131.81%	-67.21	-	-	131.81%	-67.21
Subsidiary Company								
Mayur Global Private Limited	66.78%	270.18	14.52%	-50.64	-	-	14.52%	-50.64
	39.09%	320.81	-31.81%	16.22	-	-	-31.81%	16.22
Total		404.58		-348.86	-	-		-348.86
		820.64		-50.99				-50.99
Less: Adjustment arising out of consolidation	0.00%	-0.00		-				-
- Consolidation	0.00%	-		_				-
Total		404.58		-348.86				-348.86
Iotal		820.64		-50.99				-50.99

Notes

- 1. Percentage has been determined before considering group adjustments and inter Company eliminations
- 2. The amount in italics represents previous years figures

MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS

Trade Receivable - Consolidated

as at 31 march, 2023

Particular	Unbilled	Not Due		Ou	tstanding			Total
			Less	6 Months -	1-2	2-3 Years	More	
			Than 6	1 Year	Years		than 3	
MSME								
Others			22.61	16.01	2.46	5.96	0.58	47.62
Disputed Dues - MSME								
Disputed Dues - Others								
Total			22.61	16.01	2.46	5.96	0.58	47.62

Trade Receivable - Consolidated

as at 31 march, 2022

Particular	Unbilled	Not Due		Out	tstanding			Total
			Less Than 6	6 Months	1-2	2-3 Years	More	
			Months	-1 Year	Years	2-5 Tears	than 3	
MSME								
Others			173.52	-	-	0.04	9.85	183.42
Disputed Dues - MSME								
Disputed Dues - Others								
Total			173.52	-	-	0.04	9.85	183.42

Trade Payables - Consolidated

as at 31 March, 2023

Particular	Unbilled	Not Due			Total		
			Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
MSME							
Others			153.62	106.94	35.08	121.78	417.42
Disputed Dues - MSME							
Disputed Dues - Others							
Total			153.62	106.94	35.08	121.78	417.42

Trade Payables - Consolidated

as at 31 March, 2022

Particular	Unbilled	Not Due			Total		
			Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
MSME							
Others			84.10	15.37	25.79	47.59	172.86

Disputed Dues - MSME						
Disputed Dues - Others						
Total		84.10	15.37	25.79	47.59	172.86

51 Additional Regulatory Information

Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given

(a) Financial Ratio

Particulars	Numerat or	Denominator	Year Ended Mar 31, 2023	Year Ended Mar 31, 2022	% of Variance	Reason for Variance (if more Ratio has decrease
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.90	1.16	-27.66	d due to increase in working
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debts	Total Equity	3.11	0.63	394.26	Ratio has increased due to increase in debt.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Available for Debt Service (Net Profit after tax+ Non-cash operating expenses (depreciat ion and	Debt service (Interest + Principal Repayments of long term borrowings)	-4.82	33.68	-114.30	Ratio has decrease d due to increase in debt.
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	-5.42	-9.41	42.45	Ratio has decrease d due to increase in loss.
Inventory turnover ratio	from Operation	Average Inventory	3.50	3.46	1.27	-

						Ratio has
Trade	Revenue					increased
Receivables		Average	4 < 50	E 04	400.05	due to
turnover	Operation	Receivables	16.73	5.91	183.05	decrease
ratio	s					in sales
						and
						increase
						Ratio has
Trade	Purchase					decrease
payables	of goods	Average				d due to
turnover	and other	Trade	1.63	3.77	-56.75	decrease
ratio	expenses	Payables				in
	1					purchase
						and
						Ratio has
Net capital	Revenue from Operation	Average Working Capital	-8.12	9.64	-184.22	decrease
turnover						d due to
ratio						increase
						in
						working
						Ratio has
Net profit	Net	Revenue				decrease
ratio	Profits after taxes	from	-0.88	-5.51	84.10	d due to
		Operations				increase
						in loss.
Return on		Capital				
Capital	EBIT	Employed	-0.73	-0.62	-18.18	-
employed	income	(Total				
Return on	Generate	Time				
	d from	Weighted				
	Investme	Avg.				

- (b) Title deed of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the leesee of and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the leesee) are held in the name of the Company except Land purchased by the company through Sale deed executed in the name of company on 10-03-2016 situated at H-1-601 B Rd. no. 6 VKI Area, Jaipur value Rs. 48,22,450.00 for which lease deed has not been prepared till now.
- (c) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limit in excess of Rs. 5 Crore from Bank/ Financila Institution on the basis of security of current assets, the company has submitted the statement of stock and book debts which are in agreement with books of accounts, there is no material discrepancies.
- (d) There are no investment in properties.
- (e) There are no Capital Work in Progress and Intengible assets under development.
- (f) The Company does not have any subsidiary hence clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the
- (g) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year
- (h) The Company has not revalued its intangible assets during the year.

- (i) The company has not made Loan and advances s in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties
- (j) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or
- (k) The Group is not declared a wilfull defaulter by any Bank or Financial institution or any other lender
- (l) The Group has no transaction with Companies which are struck off under section 248 of the
- (m) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with the
- (n) During the year no Scheme of Arrangement has been formulated by the Group/pending with
- (o) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (p) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income
- (q) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the



NOTICE OF THIRTY EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 38th (Thirty Eighth) Annual General Meeting (hereinafter referred to as "AGM") of the members ("Members" or "Shareholders") of Mayur Leather Products Limited ("the company") will be held on Saturday, September 21, 2024 at 12.30 P.M (Indian Standard Time) IST at "FUSION RESTRO" C-28, Pankaj Singhvi Marg, Main Vidhan Sabha Road, Lalkothi, Jaipur-302005, Rajasthan to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone and Consolidate Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon; and
- 2. To appoint a director in place of Ms. Amita Poddar (DIN: 00143486), who retires by rotation in terms of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment,
- 3. To approve the appointment of statutory auditor of the Company and to fix their remuneration.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139, 141 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Company's Policy on Appointment of Statutory Auditors and on the recommendation of Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company, M/s. JAIN PARAS BILALA & CO., Chartered Accountants (FRN No. 011046C), who has confirmed that they are eligible to be appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company as per Section 141 of the Act be and are hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditor of the Company to hold office for a term of five (5) consecutive financial years, from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting of the Company till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2028 subject to their continuity of fulfilment of the applicable eligibility norms each year at such remuneration (plus applicable taxes) and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses for the purpose of audit, as may be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company."







RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee be and are hereby authorized to decide and finalise the terms and conditions of appointment, including the roles and responsibilities/scope of work and remuneration of the Joint Statutory Auditors and to do all other acts, matters, deeds and things as may be deemed necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for the matters connected therewith or incidental thereto."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. To approve the appointment of Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046) as an independent director of the company for a 5 consecutive year.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, 160 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations'), (including any statutory modification(s) and/or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), and as per the provisions of Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable laws, Ms. Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046),) who was appointed as an Additional Director (Non-executive Independent) by the board of director with effect from August 01, 2024 and who has submitted declaration that she meets the criteria of independence as mentioned in section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and is not debarred from holding the office of Director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority, who holds the said office pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 upto the date of this Annual General Meeting, be and is hereby appointed as a Director (Non-Executive Independent) not liable to retire by rotation, on the Board of the Company for her first term of 5 (five) consecutive years effective from August 01, 2024 till July 31, 2029 as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors, be and are hereby severally authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt, that may arise in giving effect to this resolution and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution".

5. To approve the appointment of Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN:09088517) as an independent director of the company for a 5 consecutive year and,

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, 160 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations'), (including any statutory modification(s) and/or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), and as per the provisions of Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable laws, Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN: 09088517) who was appointed as an Additional Director (Non-executive Independent) by the board of director with effect from July 20, 2024 and who has submitted declaration that he meets the criteria of independence as mentioned in section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and is not debarred from holding the office of Director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority, who holds the said office pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 upto the date of this Annual General Meeting, be and is hereby appointed as a Director (Non-Executive Independent) not liable to retire by rotation, on the Board of the Company for his first term of 5 (five) consecutive years effective from July 20, 2024 till July 19, 2029 as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors, be and are hereby severally authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt, that may arise in giving effect to this resolution and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution".

By Order of the Board of Directors For Mayur Leather Products Limited

Place: Jaipur

Date: August 26, 2024

Sd/-Amita Poddar Chairperson & Director DIN: 00143486

Registered Office:

50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, Jaipur, Rajasthan, India, 302005

E-mail: daamayurleather@gmail.com

Tel No.: +91-9929988801

Website: www.mayurgroups.com CIN: L19129RJ1987PLC003889

NOTES:

1. A Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting (AGM), is entitled to appoint another person as a proxy to attend and vote in the meeting on behalf of him / herself and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. The instrument appointing the proxy, in order to be effective, should be duly stamped, completed and signed and must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office not less than FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS before the meeting.

In terms of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 a person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other shareholder.

- 2. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representative(s) to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to forward a certified copy of Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting either to the Company in advance or submit the same at the venue of the General Meeting.
- 3. Appointment / Re-appointment of Directors
 At the ensuing Annual General Meeting, Mrs. Amita Poddar retire by rotation and being
 eligible, offer herself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors of the Company
 recommends this reappointment. In terms of Articles of Association of the Company, read
 with Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013,
- 4. Details as per SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/123 dated July 13, 2023 relating to the Appointment/Re-appointment of Directors / Key Managerial Personnel/Auditor of the Company as required under Companies Act according to Secretarial Standard and Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015) is attached and included in the Notice as "Annexure-A," in accordance with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. The relevant Statement made pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting, set out in the Notice, is enclosed hereto and forms part of the Notice.
- 6. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date i.e. Saturday, September 14, 2024 only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting as well as voting at the AGM through ballot paper/electronic voting.

- 7. SEBI encourages all shareholders to hold their shares in dematerialized form as this eliminates the possibility of damage/loss of physical share certificate(s) & cases of forgery and facilitates the ease and convenience of paperless trading of shares. Further, no stamp duty is payable on transfer of shares held in Demat form. It is also pertinent to mention that with effect from April 01, 2019, SEBI has prescribed that requests for effecting transfer of securities (except transmission or transposition cases) shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form with a depository. Accordingly, we request you to convert your shareholdings from physical form to demat form at the earliest, in existing demat account or new demat account to be opened with any Depository Participant..
- 8. Members who hold shares in physical form are requested to send all correspondence concerning registration of transfers, transmissions, sub-division, consolidation of shares or any other shares related matter and / or change in address or bank account, to **Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd**, C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai City, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400083, who is acting as our Registrar and Share Transfer Agent_(R&TA) of the Company. Please quote your folio number and our Company's name in all your future correspondences and in case of shares held in electronic mode, to their respective Depository Participants.
- 9. In terms of section 101 and 136 of the Act read together with the rules made thereunder and relevant provisions of the Listing Regulations, 2015, the listed companies may send the notice of annual general meeting and the annual report, including financial statements, board's report, etc. by electronic mode. The Company is accordingly forwarding soft copies of the above referred documents to all those members, who have registered their e-mail addresses with their respective DPs or with the RTA of the Company and for members who have not registered their e-mail addresses, physical copies are being sent in the permitted mode. Members may note that Annual Report for FY 2022-23 and the Notice along with proxy form and attendance slip will also be available on the Company's website at www.mayurgroups.com, website of the Stock Exchanges, i.e., BSE Ltd. www.bseindia.com and on the website of CDSL at www.cdslindia.com.
- 10. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representative(s) to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to send/ forward a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution/Authority Letter authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the AGM, along with the Proxy Form/ Attendance Slip, either to the Company in advance or submit the same at the venue of the General Meeting
- 11. Members attending the AGM in-person shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under section 103 of the Act.
- 12. Route Map showing Directions to reach to the venue of the Meeting is given at the end of this Notice.

13. M/s Madhukar Garg & Company (FRN 000866C), Jaipur, were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company to fill a casual vacancy by the members of the company by way of ordinary resolution passed through Postal Ballot on 6th May, 2023, with the term extending until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2022-23. As they have expressed their unwillingness to continue or be re-appointed as Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2023-24 due to preoccupation with other assignments and commitments, on the basis of recommendation of Audit Committee, the Board of Directors approve the appointment of M/s Jain Paras Bilala & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN No. 011046C) as the Statutory Auditor of the Company for a period of 5 (five) consecutive years effective from the conclusion of 38th AGM up to the conclusion of 42nd AGM of the Company (to be held in calendar year 2028), subject to the approval of shareholders in the upcoming AGM of the Company. The Company has received the consent of M/s Jain Paras Bilala & Co. for this appointment.

14. Members' holding shares in Multiple Folios

Members holding shares in multiple folios in physical mode are requested to apply for consolidation to the Company or its R&TA along with relevant Share Certificates. In case of Joint Holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.

15. Non-Resident Members:

Non Resident Indian Members are requested to inform Registrar and Transfer Agents, immediately of:

- a. Change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement.
- b. Particulars of their bank account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number, IFSC Code, MICR No. and address of the bank, if not furnished earlier, to enable Corporation to remit dividend to the said Bank Account directly.

16. Nomination:

Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, Members/Beneficial Owners are entitled to make nomination in respect of Shares held by them in Form No. SH-13. Holders of shares in single name and physical form are advised to make nomination in respect of their holding in the Company by submitting duly completed form No SH-13 with the Company and to their respective depository in case of shares held in electronic form. Joint Holders can also use nomination facility for shares held by them.

17. The notice of AGM is being sent to those members / beneficial owners whose name is appearing in the register of members /list of beneficiaries received from the depositories as on Friday, August 23, 2024 ("cut-off date").

18. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. **August 23, 2024**, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.

However, if you are already registered with CDSL for remote e-Voting then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/ Password" option available on www.evotingindia.com.

19. INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

The Company has been maintaining, inter alia, the following statutory registers at its registered office, which are open for inspection by the members in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act, on all working days during business hours and at the time of AGM of the Company at the venue of the Meeting, except holidays up to the date of the AGM:

- i. Register of contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested under section 189 of the Act. The said Register shall also be produced at the commencement of the AGM of the Company and shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting to any person having the right to attend the meeting.
- ii. Register of directors and key managerial personnel and their shareholding under section 170 of the Act. The said Register shall be kept open for inspection at the AGM of the Company and shall be made accessible to any person attending the AGM.
- iii. Relevant documents referred to in this Notice and the explanatory statement shall be open for inspection by the members at the registered office of the Company.
- 20. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules framed thereunder, the Company may send notice of AGM, Director's report, Auditor's report, Audited Financial Statements and other documents through electronic mode. Further, pursuant to the first provisions to the Rule 18 of the Companies (Management & Administration) Amendment Rules 2015, the Company shall provide an advance opportunity to the members to register their e-mail address and changes therein. In view of the same, Members are requested to kindly update their e-mail address with depository participants in case of holding shares in demat form. If holding shares in physical form, Members are requested to inform their e-mail ID to the Company or the RTA.

SEBI, has mandated that the listed companies shall henceforth issue the securities in dematerialized form only, while processing service requests such as issue of duplicate share certificates, transmission, transposition, etc. Accordingly, members who still hold share certificates in physical form are advised to dematerialize their holdings.

21. Admission Slip

Members/ Proxies and authorized representatives attending the meeting should bring the attendance slip, duly filled, for handing over at the venue of the meeting. Proxies are requested to bring their identity proof at the meeting for the purpose of identification.

Please note that for security reasons, no article/baggage will be allowed at the venue of the meeting.

- 22. Members who hold shares in dematerialized form are requested to write their Client ID and DP ID Numbers and those who hold shares in a physical form are requested to write their Folio Number in the Attendance Slip for attending the meeting.
- 23. Shareholders seeking any information and having any query with regard to accounts are requested to write to the company in advance so as to enable the Management to keep the information ready at daamayurleather@gmail.com.
- 24. The company whole-heartedly welcomes members/proxies at the annual general meeting of the company. The members/ proxies may please note that no gifts/gift coupons will be distributed at the annual general meeting.
- 25. Pursuant to SEBI circular dated April 20, 2018, the Company is required to update the PAN and Bank details of shareholders holding shares in physical form, in case their folios do not have or are having incomplete details with regard to PAN and Bank particulars. Accordingly, the Company has sent reminder letters to such shareholders, requesting them to furnish their PAN and Bank details to the Company for updation. Shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to update the same along with requisite supporting documents.

26. IEPF RELATED INFORMATION:

In terms of section 124(5) of the Act, dividend amount for the year ended 31 March 2016 remaining unclaimed for a period of seven years shall become due for transfer in May/November 2023 to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government.

Further, in terms of section 124(6) of the Act, in case of such shareholders whose dividends are unpaid for a continuous period of seven years, the corresponding shares shall be transferred to the IEPF demat account.

Members who have not claimed dividends in respect of the financial years from 2015-16 onwards are requested to approach the Company/RTA for claiming the same as early as possible, to avoid transfer of the relevant shares to the IEPF's demat account.

27. e-Voting: CDSL

In compliance with the provisions of section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and the Rules framed thereunder read with Regulation 44 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings as issued by ICSI, Company is offering e-voting facility to the shareholders to enable them to cast their vote electronically on the items as mentioned in the Notice. For this purpose, the company has engaged the services of **Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL)** for providing e-voting facility to enable the shareholders to exercise their right to vote through electronic means in respect of businesses to be transacted in the AGM. Those shareholders, who do not opt to cast their vote through e-voting, may cast their vote through Ballot Paper at the AGM.

The e-voting shall commence on **Wednesday**, **September 18**, **2024** (**9.00 A.M. IST**) and **ends on Friday**, **September 20**, **2024** (**5.00 P.M. IST**). The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter and shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of **Saturday**, **September 14**, **2024** will be eligible to cast their vote electronically.

The results of AGM declared along with Scrutinizer Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.mayurgroups.com & also on the website of the CDSL at www.cdslindia.com within 2 working days from the conclusion of the Meeting and be also communicated to BSE where the shares of the company are listed.

The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their share of the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of **Saturday**, **September 14**, **2024**.

The facility for voting through ballot paper/e-Voting shall be made available at the AGM and in such case, the members attending the meeting who have not cast their vote by remote e-Voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting through ballot paper/electronic voting.

Shri Tara Chand Sharma, Practicing Company Secretary (PCS), (Membership No. FCS 5749) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the voting and remote e-Voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the general meeting, first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than two working days of the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favor or against, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.

The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.mayurgroups.com and on the website of CDSL at www.cdslindia.com after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING:

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

The voting period begins on **Wednesday**, **September 18**, **2024** (**9.00 A.M. IST**) and ends on **Friday**, **September 20**, **2024** (**5.00 P.M. IST**). During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cutoff date (record date) of <Record Date> may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1 : Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website
Depository	www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-
	Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company.
	On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
	If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.
	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page.
	The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the a Veting
	After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

Individual
Shareholders holding
securities in demat
mode with NSDL
Depository

If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL.

Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open.

You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page.

Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com.

Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp

Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL.

Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open.

You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page.

Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Individual
Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository
Participants (DP)

You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility.

After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature.

Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at: 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

Login method for Remote e-Voting for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.

The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website <u>www.evotingindia.com</u>.

Click on "Shareholders" module.

Now enter your User ID

For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,

For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID, Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.

If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.

If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding
	shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as
Bank	recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
Details	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please
OR Date	enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.
of Birth	· ·
(DOB)	

After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

Click on the EVSN for the relevant MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED on which you choose to vote.

On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.

After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.

Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.

Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.

A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.

After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.

The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.

It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favor of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; daa@mayurleather.com (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL evoting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- 1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
- 2. For Demat shareholders, please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call at toll free no. 1800 21 09911

By Order of the Board of Directors

For Mayur Leather Products Limited

Place: Jaipur

Date: August 26, 2024

Sd/-

Amita Poddar Chairperson & Director DIN: 00143486

Registered Office:

50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, Jaipur, Rajasthan, India, 302005

E-mail: daamayurleather@gmail.com

Tel No.: +91-9929988801

Website: www.mayurgroups.com CIN: L19129RJ1987PLC003889

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

FOR ITEM 04

To approve the appointment of , Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046) as an independent director of the company for a 5 consecutive year and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on July 20, 2024, after taking into account the skills, knowledge, acumen, expertise, experience of Ms. Jyoti Soni, has recommended to the Board his appointment for a first term of five years effective from August 01, 2024.

The nomination and remuneration committee has considered her skills, leadership capabilities, expertise in governance and finance, risk management and business strategy, among others, as being key requirements for this role.

In view of the above, the nomination and remuneration committee and the Board are of the view that Ms. Jyoti Soni possesses the requisite skills and capabilities, which would be of immense benefit to the Company, and hence, it is desirable to appoint her as an independent director.

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company has appointed Ms. Jyoti Soni as an Additional Director in the capacity of Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a period from August 01, 2024 to July 31, 2029, not liable to retire by rotation, subject to approval of the Members at this 38th AGM of the Company.

As an Additional Director, Ms. Jyoti Soni holds office till the date of this AGM and is eligible for being appointed as an Independent Director. She has confirmed that he is in compliance with Rules 6(1) and 6(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, with respect to the registration with the data bank of Independent Directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

Ms. Jyoti Soni has also given her declaration to the Board, inter alia, that:

- (i) She meets the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015;
- (ii) is not restrained from acting as a director by virtue of any Order passed by SEBI or any such authority; and
- (iii) is eligible to be appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act. She has also given her consent to act as an Independent Director

Relevant Details relating to appointment and continuation of Directorship of Ms. Jyoti Soni including her profile, as required by the Act, Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI are provided in the "Annexure" to the Notice.

In the opinion of the Board, Ms. Jyoti Soni is a person of integrity, possesses relevant expertise / experience and given his experience, the Board considers it desirable and in the interest of the Company to have him on the Board of the Company

Except Ms. Jyoti Soni and his relatives, none of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are interested or concerned, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice for approval by the Members

FOR ITEM 05

To approve the appointment of, Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN:09088517) as an independent director of the company for a 5 consecutive year and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on July 20, 2024, after taking into account the skills, knowledge, acumen, expertise, experience of Mr. Sharad Vyas, has recommended to the Board his appointment for a first term of five years effective from July 20, 2024.

The nomination and remuneration committee has considered his skills, leadership capabilities, expertise in governance and finance, risk management and business strategy, among others, as being key requirements for this role.

In view of the above, the nomination and remuneration committee and the Board are of the view that Mr. Sharad Vyas possesses the requisite skills and capabilities, which would be of immense benefit to the Company, and hence, it is desirable to appoint him as an independent director.

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company has appointed Mr. Sharad Vyas as an Additional Director in the capacity of Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a period from July 20, 2024 to July 19, 2029, not liable to retire by rotation, subject to approval of the Members at this 38th AGM of the Company.

As an Additional Director, Mr. Sharad Vyas holds office till the date of this AGM and is eligible for being appointed as an Independent Director. He has confirmed that he is in compliance with Rules 6(1) and 6(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, with respect to the registration with the data bank of Independent Directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

Mr. Sharad Vyas has also given his declaration to the Board, inter alia, that:

(i) he meets the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015;

(ii) is not restrained from acting as a director by virtue of any Order passed by SEBI or any such authority; and

(iii) is eligible to be appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act. She has also given her consent to act as an Independent Director

Relevant Details relating to appointment and continuation of Directorship of Mr. Sharad Vyas, including his profile, as required by the Act, Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI are provided in the "Annexure" to the Notice.

In the opinion of the Board, Mr. Sharad Vyas is a person of integrity, possesses relevant expertise / experience and given his experience, the Board considers it desirable and in the interest of the Company to have him on the Board of the Company

Except Mr. Sharad Vyas and his relatives, none of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are interested or concerned, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the Members

By Order of the Board of DirectorsFor Mayur Leather Products Limited

Place: Jaipur

Date: August 26, 2024

Sd/-Amita Poddar Chairperson & Director DIN: 00143486

Registered Office:

50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, Jaipur, Rajasthan, India, 302005

E-mail: daamayurleather@gmail.com

Tel No.: +91-9929988801

Website: www.mayurgroups.com CIN: L19129RJ1987PLC003889

Annexure to the Notice of the Annual General Meeting

Annexure A

Details of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment vide this Notice, pursuant to Regulation 36 (3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) are as follows:

Name of Director(s)	Ms. Jyoti Soni	Mr. Sharad Vyas	Ms. Amita Poddar
DIN	10710046	09088517	00143486
Age (Years)	35 Years	33 Years	71 Years
Qualifications	Company Secretary, LLB, Bachelor of Commerce, and M.Com	Company Secretary, Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) and MBA	Senior Cambridge or Graduate Equivalent
Experience (including expertise in specific functional area)/ brief Resume	Ms. Jyoti Soni is a highly accomplished professional with a rich educational background and over 9 years of diverse experience. She graduated with distinction from Rajasthan University, earning both a Bachelor's and a Master's degree in Commerce. Her academic journey also includes a notable achievement as a Law Graduate	Mr. Sharad Vyas is an esteemed Associate Member of The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) since 2019. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Rajasthan University and further pursued his academic journey with a Master's degree in Finance from Rajasthan Technical University.	Ms. Amita Poddar has been on the Board of the Company since December 01, 2002. She has over 22 years of work experience and has expertise in management, strategic planning and provides valuable insights to the company for its management and growth aspect.

from the same prestigious institution.

Throughout her career, Ms. Jyoti Soni has honed expertise in intricate areas of Company Law, Securities Law, and Corporate Governance. Her role extends beyond mere compliance to encompass strategic business advisory, where she provides invaluable insights into navigating complex regulatory landscapes. She has effectively handled a spectrum corporate legal matters, ensuring adherence to SEBI Regulations and fostering robust corporate governance practices.

Her professional journey is marked by a proactive approach and a commitment to excellence, evident in her ability sound deliver legal counsel and pragmatic solutions tailored to the specific needs of her clients.

With over 6 years of dedicated experience, Mr. Vyas has honed his specialization in Company Law, Securities Law, Business Advisory, and Corporate Legal Matters. He possesses a proven track record in handling intricate issues related to Company Law, Securities Law, and adhering **SEBI** to Regulations. Mr. Vyas is recognized for his astute understanding of regulatory frameworks and his ability to provide strategic guidance to ensure robust corporate governance practices.

His career is marked by proactive and approach a commitment to delivering highquality advisory services tailored to the specific meet needs of his clients. Mr. Vyas continues to of stay abreast evolving legal and financial landscapes, positioning himself as a trusted advisor in the realm of corporate law and finance

Expertise in specific functional areas	Corporate Law Advisor and Practising Professional	Practising Professional and legal Advisor	Expertise in Management and Strategic Planning
Date of First Appointment on the Board	01/08/2024	20/07/2024	01/12/2002
Shareholding in the Company as on March 31, 2023	Nil	Nil	6,86,100
Terms and Conditions of Appointment/ Re- Appointment	Non - Executive Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation	Non - Executive Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation	Non-Executive Non Independent Director, liable to retire by rotation
Details of Remuneration last drawn (FY 2022-23)	NA	NA	NIL
Details of proposed remuneration	Sitting fees as may be approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable provisions of law.	Sitting fees as may be approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable provisions of law	Remuneration as may be approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable provisions of law
Relationship with other Director/ Key Managerial Personnel	Not related to any Director or Key Managerial Personnel	Not related to any Director or Key Managerial Personnel	Wife of Mr. Rajendra Kumar Poddar Mother of Mr. Akhilesh Poddar

Nisserala ass - C			
Number of meetings of the Board attended during the financial year 2022-23	NA	NA	10 of 10
			26.1
Chairperson/ Members of the			Member of :- Audit Committee
Statutory Committee (s) of Board of Directors of the	NA	NA	Nomination and Remuneration Committee
Company as on date	IVA	IVA	Stakeholder Relationship Committee
Directorship of			
other Board as on March 31, 2023 excluding Directorship in Private and			
Section 8 Companies. [along with listed entities	NA	NA	Mayur Global Private Limited- Director
from which the person has resigned in the past			
three years]			
Chairperson/			
Members of the Statutory Committee (s) of Board of Directors of			
other companies as on March 31, 2023 excluding Directorship in	NA	NA	Nil
Private and Section 8 Companies [along with listed entities from			
which the person has resigned in the past three years];			



Form No. MGT-11 Proxy form

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN		: L19129RJ1987PLC003889	
Name of	the company	: MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LIMITED)
Registere	d office	: 50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, J	aipur,
		Rajasthan, India, 302005	_
Name of	the Members	:	
Registere	d Address	:	
E-mail ID)	:	
Folio No.	/Client ID	:	
DP ID		:	
I/We, be	ing the member	(s) of Mayur Leather Products Limited share	es of the above
named Co	ompany, hereby	appoint	
1. Nan	ne:		
Sig	gnature:	, or failing him	
		, or failing him	
General I September Singhvi M	Meeting of Shar er 21, 2024 of the Marg, Main Vidl lia time) and at	nd and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf eholders of Mayur Leather Products Limited e Company at "FUSION RESTRO" situated a nan Sabha Road, Lalkothi, Jaipur-302005, Raja any adjournment thereof in respect of such	to be held on nt C-28, Pankaj nsthan at 12:30
S. No.	Particulars		Affix
Ordina	ry Business		Revenue
1.	To receive, con	sider and adopt the Audited Standalone and	Stamp
		nancial Statements of the Company for the	•





financial year ended March 31, 2023, and the Reports of the

Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.



MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LTD.

SAFETY AT EVERY STEP

2.	To appoint a director in place of Ms. Amita Poddar (DIN: 00143486), who retires by rotation in terms of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.
3.	To approve the appointment of statutory auditor of the
	Company and to fix their remuneration.
Special	Business
4.	To approve the appointment of Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN:
	10710046) as an independent director of the company for a
	5 consecutive year.
5.	To approve the appointment of Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN:
	09088517) as an independent director of the company for a
	5 consecutive year.

Signed this	day of	2024.	
0	-		
Signature of Pro	xy holder(s)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.









ATTENDANCE SLIP FOR THE 38th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014

38TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD ON **SATURDAY**, **SEPTEMBER 21**, **2024 AT 12:30 P.M.** Of The Company At "**FUSION RESTRO**" situated at C-28, Pankaj Singhvi Marg, Main Vidhan Sabha Road, Lalkothi, Jaipur-302005, Rajasthan.

Name & Address of the attending	
Member(s)	
Joint Holder 1	
Joint Holder 2	
*Folio No.	
DP ID No.	
Client ID No.	
No. of Shares held	
NAME OF PROXY (IN BLOCK	
LETTERS)	
to be filled in, if the proxy attends	
instead of	
the member	

I/We, hereby record my/our presence at the 38th Annual General Meeting of the company held on **SATURDAY**, **SEPTEMBER 21**, **2024 AT 12:30 P.M.** of the Company situated at "FUSION RESTRO" situated at C-28, Pankaj Singhvi Marg, Main Vidhan Sabha Road, Lalkothi, Jaipur-302005, Rajasthan.

*Applicable in case of shares held in Physical form.	
Member's/Proxy's Name in Block Letters	Signature of Shareholder/Proxy

Notes:

- 1. Please complete the Client ID &DPID/ Registered Folio and name, sign this Attendance slip and handover at the entrance of the meeting hall.
- 2. Electronic copy of the Annual Report for FY 2022-23 and the notice of the Annual general Meeting (AGM) along with Attendance Slip and proxy Form is being sent to all the members whose email address is registered within the Depository Participant unless any member has requested for a hard copy of the same. Members receiving electronic copy and attending the AGM can print copy of this Attendance Slip.





3. Physical copy Annual Report for FY 2022-23 and the Notice of the Annual general Meeting (AGM) along with Attendance Slip and proxy Form is sent in the permitted mode(s) to all members whose email is not registered or who have requested for a hardcopy.

E-Voting particulars

EVEN (E-Voting Event Number)	USER ID	Password/PIN

Note: Please read the instructions provided in Notice of the 38th Annual General Meeting.

The e-voting period starts from 09:00 A.M. on **Wednesday, SEPTEMBER 18, 2024** and ends at 05:00 P.M. on **Friday, SEPTEMBER 20, 2024**. The voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.









FORM NO. MGT-12 POLLING PAPER

[Pursuant to section 109(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 21(1)(c) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN	L19129RJ1987PLC003889
Name of Company	Mayur Leather Products Limited
Registered Office	50 Ka 1 Jyoti Nagar, Legislative Assembly, Jaipur, Rajasthan, India, 302005

BALLOT PAPER

S. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name of the Shareholder (in block letters) (s)	
2	Name of the Joint holder (s), if any	
3	Postal address	
4	Registered folio No. / *Client ID No.	
	(*Applicable to investors holding shares in	
	dematerialized form)	
5	Class of Share	
6		
7		

I hereby exercise my vote in respect of the Ordinary/ Special resolution enumerated below by recording my assent or dissent to the said resolution in the following manner:

Item	Resolutions	No. of	I assent to	I dissent from the
No.		shares held	the	resolution
		by me	Resolution	
Ordin	Ordinary Resolution			
01	Ordinary Resolution: To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone and			
	Consolidate Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, and the Reports of the Board of Directors and			
	Auditors thereon.			









MAYUR LEATHER PRODUCTS LTD.

To appoint a director in place of 02 Ms. Amita Poddar (DIN: 00143486), who retires by rotation in terms of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment. 03 To approve the appointment of statutory auditor of the Company and to fix their remuneration. **Special Resolution** To approve the appointment of 04 Ms. Jyoti Soni (DIN: 10710046) as an independent director of the company for a 5 consecutive year. 05 To approve the appointment of Mr. Sharad Vyas (DIN: 09088517) as an independent director of the company for a 5 consecutive year.

(Signature of Sharel	nolder)	
Date:		
Place:		





ROUTE MAP:

Venue of the Meeting:- "FUSION RESTRO" C-28, Pankaj Singhvi Marg, Main Vidhan Sabha Road, Lalkothi, Jaipur-302005, Rajasthan

Landmark:- Near Vidhan Sabha

The Red Mark denotes the location of the venue of the meeting.

Route Map to the AGM Venue:

